International Relations 101—Introduction to International Relations

Dr. Douglas Becker M/W 9:30-10:50

Discussion Sections as scheduled

Where: MHP 101

dfbecker@usc.edu
Office: CPA 231C

Office Hours: M: 12:00-2:00 F: 2:00-3:00 Also by appointment

email: dfbecker@usc.edu (preferred contact method, and I promise to respond within 24 hours

except on weekends)

Overview: We are all world citizens. No matter our majors or professions, we live in a world that demands engagement, interaction, transparency, and political literacy. This course addresses the need to develop global awareness, critical analysis of political developments, and the use of social science techniques to understand events and developments around the world. We will explore the main areas of international relations, ranging from traditional security issues and the role of international organizations in peacekeeping and peacebuilding, through the international political economy, human rights, gender, and finally identity. The goals of the course are:

- 1) Building political and critical literacy about the main issues in global politics;
- 2) Introducing concepts in international relations theory, with a focus on the application of the descriptions as well as prescriptions of these theories in ongoing cases;
- 3) Developing analytic frameworks which can organization not only contemporary cases but also future cases in world politics;
- 4) Fostering research skills that emphasize a critical analysis of competing sources and develop tools to determine the veracity, logical consistency, and empirical evidence of each source and narrative;
- 5) Advancing writing skills and argumentative styles that emphasize integration of ideas and data into analysis that advance policy options

Some key norms and rules for the classroom. Please be aware of these as we progress throughout the semester:

- Share responsibility for including all voices in the conversation.
 - I want to hear from all of you this semester. These issues can be contentious—any good international relations class will have disagreements. Let's make sure everyone has a chance to speak. If you find yourself being shut out of conversations, please let me know privately and I will make adjustments.
- Listen respectfully.
 - In conversations, we tend to spend 25% listening and 75% thinking about how we want to respond. Let's reverse this! A great classroom is a dialogue. It is not simply my thoughts and you trying to memorize and reconstruct them for exams. I want to hear from all of you. And I want you to hear from one another. We need to listen respectfully but also actively and critically.
- Be open to changing your perspectives based on what you learn from others.

 Nothing is more exciting than learning something new. This allows us to evolve our perspectives and develop as scholars. I have learned something new from students every semester I've taught. I change material from semester to semester based on what I have learned. Always be prepared to change your mind.

Understand that we are bound to make mistakes

o I may have been raised Roman Catholic, but I am not infallible. That's a joke I make throughout the semester. I will make mistakes. You will too. We learn from our mistakes, but we can't be afraid to present our work and our thoughts on an issue because we might make one. When we do, we will respectfully update the information and learn from them.

Understand that your words have effects on others.

Respect is based on the understanding that words matter. Freedom of speech means we can express ourselves freely. But it does not mean we don't consider the effects these words have on others in the classroom. The classroom should never chill free expression and speech. But we all know there are different ways to express ourselves and we need to respect each other with our commentaries.

Understand that others will come to these discussions with different experiences from yours.

The best thing about a campus like USC is the rich diversity of the student body. We have students from all over the world. And I think I learned as much as an undergraduate from the conversations I had with my classmates than even from class work. Toleration of different experiences is boring. Revel in them! Learn from one another. And be aware of them.

• Make an effort to get to know each other.

o I like a class that's loud and boisterous before I come in. Spend some times getting to know each other. The real virtue of being back in person are the people we will meet, the social interactions, the long conversations, and learning from one another. Think of the big class as a chance to get to know a lot more people. And many of you are new to the university experience. I don't want to hear that you are having trouble meeting new people. This class is a great place to meet everyone!

Understand that there are different approaches to solving problems.

This is what we mean by interdisciplinary. We do more than just study different material. We also approach issues differently. In particular, some of us have a background in business. Most have a background in social sciences. But it may be international relations, or it may be economics. Some of us study the humanities. But it is truly exciting to see the different ways we solve problems and wrestle with material.

The assignments for the class are

4 Quizzes: 5% each (20 % total) 3 3-5 page papers 15% each (45% total)

Final: 25% Participation: 10%

There are 4 quizzes scheduled throughout the semester. These are objective quizzes that test whether you are keeping up with the reading, attending classes and taking notes, and generally understand the material. They will be multiple choice or short answer exams and should take roughly 20 minutes at the start of classes. If accommodation is required for the quizzes, you need to make arrangements to take the quiz PRIOR to class at OSAS or potentially with the TA. The 3 paper topics will deal with the two

existential crises the world faces: nuclear proliferation and climate change. The third will explore the future of US/Chinese competition and the likelihood this could become violent or remain non-violent. The third will rely heavily on IR theory introduced in class. Participation requires attendance, and we will use the Qwikly function in Blackboard with a daily code to enter. The code will be open for 15 minutes at the start of each class. But discussion section participation will comprise the majority of this grade. In short, you can't participate if you are not present. But merely being present will not get you the points. Finally the final is comprehensive, and will include both an objective section and an essay component, requiring a bluebook. **The penalty for late work is 5 points a day.** When work is turned in late, you may email me a copy only to establish when it was completed. I do not accept emailed copies of papers, but only hard copies. The only excuses accepted are University sanctioned excuses and must be documented. Also, this course will follow all of the guidelines for reasonable accommodations laid out in the University Handbook.

Grading Scale

Course final grades will be determined using the following scale

- A 93-100
- A- 90-92
- B+ 87-89
- B 83-86
- A- 80-82
- C+ 77-79
- C 73-76
- C- 70-72
- D+ 67-69
- D 63-66
- D- 60-62
- F 59 and below

Grading and Correction of Grades

Excerpts for this section have been taken from the University Grading Handbook, located at http://www.usc.edu/dept/ARR/grades/gradinghandbook/gradingpolicies.html

Please see the link for the course before the semester ends. All missing grades must be resolved by the instructor through the Correction of Grade Process. One calendar year is allowed to resolve a MG. If an MG is not resolved [within] one year the grade is changed to [Unofficial Withdrawal] UW and will be calculated into the grade point average a zero grade points.

A grade of Incomplete (IN) "is assigned when work is not completed because of documented illness or other 'emergency' occurring after the twelfth week of the semester (or 12th week equivalency for any course scheduled for less than 15 weeks)." for more details on grading concerns.

A grade of Missing Grade (MG) "should only be assigned in unique or unusual situations... for those cases in which a student does not complete work

The Organization of the class is as follows:

- 1. Introduction and the History of Global Politics
- 2. Realism: the role of power and sovereignty in international relations
- 3. Liberalism: Democracy, Organizations and the Evolution of Cooperation
- 4. Constructivism: The role of Identity in Politics and Critiquing our Definitions
- 5. The Environment and Global Politics: Re-introducing the planet to the nations
- 6. Gender and International Relations: Hey where are the women?
- 7. Colonization and Post-Colonialism: Self Determination as a Norm
- 8. Poverty: Casting our eyes on those left behind
- 9. Crisis and Global Order: Globalization as Threat or Opportunity?

The books for the class are as follows:

Richard Haass. <u>The World: A Brief Introduction</u>. Penguin Books, 2021 (Paperback) ISBN: 978-0399562419

Jennifer Sterling Folker. <u>Making Sense of International Relations Theory</u>. 2nd Edition Lynne Reinner, 2013. ISBN: 978-1588268228

Plus extensive readings posted to Blackboard on issues and topics

Part 1: Introduction and the History of Global Politics

8/21: Introduction and how History Influences International Relations

No reading for the first class

Part 2: Realism: the role of power and sovereignty in international relations

8/23: Realism explained

Sterling-Folker, pgs 15-65, 351-355

Haass, The World, pgs 251-263, 280-287

Week 1 discussion sections: the 5 Historical Events and how we view International Relations

Haass, pgs 3-57

8/28: Nuclear proliferation and nuclear disarmament: NPT vs TPNW

Vipin Narang, <u>Seeking the Bomb: Strategies for Nuclear Proliferation</u>. Chapter 2, pgs 15-52. **Blackboard**

Harald Muller, "The Nuclear Non-Proliferation Treaty in Jeopardy? Internal Divisions and the Impact of World Politics." **Blackboard**

John Borrie, Michael Spies & Wilfred Wan "Obstacles to understanding the emergence and significance of the treaty on the prohibition of nuclear weapons" **Blackboard**

Haass, pgs 173-182

Paper #1 assignment handed out

8/30: Russia/Ukraine

Jade McGlynn, Russia's War, pgs 1-43 Blackboard

Douglas Becker, "The Rationality and Emotion of Russian Historical Memory: The Case of Crimea." **Blackboard**

Haass, pgs 59-81

Week 2 discussion sections: Realism and Russia v West

No readings for the sections, but make sure you are familiar with the Russian invasion of Ukraine

9/4: Labor Day

9/6: Hard Power/Soft Power: Saudi Sports Washing
Gris et al "Sports Mega-Events and the Concept of Soft Power." Blackboard

Aaron Ettinger "Saudi Arabia, sports diplomacy and authoritarian capitalism in world politics, International Journal of Sport Policy and Politics." **Blackboard**

Gris et al "Qatar's Global Sports Strategy: Soft Power and the 2022 World Cup." Blackboard

Paper 1 due

Week 3 discussion sections: What is Soft Power? NOTE: The Monday discussion section will make arrangements for this material

Nye, "Soft Power" and "The Limits of Soft Power" in <u>Soft Power and Great Power Competition</u>, **Blackboard**

Part 3: Liberalism: Democracy, Organizations and the Evolution of Cooperation

9/11: Liberalism explained

Sterling-Folker, pgs 67-126

Haass, 296-304

Quiz 1 at start of class

9/13: International Organizations and African coups

Danesh Sarooshi, The United Nations Collective Security System and the Establishment of Peace **Blackboard**

Emanuele Cimiotta 'Triangular' Relationships between the United Nations and African Regional and Sub-regional Organizations in Maintaining Peace **Blackboard**

Ndubuisi Christian Ani (2021) Coup or Not Coup: The African Union and the Dilemma of "Popular Uprisings" in Africa, **Blackboard**

Haass, 131-142, 296-304

Week 4 discussion sections: Liberalism: What does the UN do? The six organs of the UN.

Haass, 264-279

9/18: International law and treaties: Will the Moon and Antarctica Remain Undeveloped?

Nong Hong. Weighing the Sources of International Law The Arctic, Antarctica and the South China Sea" **Blackboard**

Mette Eilstrup-Sangiovanni and J.C. Sharman. Enforcers beyond Borders: Transnational NGOs and the Enforcement of International Law. **Blackboard**

Naman Khatwani Common Heritage of Mankind for Outer Space, Astropolitics, 17:2, 89-103, **Blackboard**

9/20: Economic interdependence: US China Trade War and the Potential for conflict

Jan Wouters and Jed Odermatt "Comparing the 'Four Pillars' of Global Economic Governance: A Critical Analysis of the Institutional Design of the FSB, IMF, World Bank, and WTO **Blackboard**

Guoyong Liang and Haoyaun Ding $\,\underline{\text{US China Trade War}}\,\,$ Chapter 2 and 4 $\,$ Blackboard

Haass, 215-239

Week 5 discussion sections: Computer Chips and the economy

Chris Miller, Chip War "Introduction" "Taiwan Dilemma" "Conclusion" Blackboard

9/25: The democratic peace theory—why did democracy not bring peace in Yugoslavia and Palestine?

John MacMillan. "Whose Democracy; Which Peace? Contextualizing the Democratic Peace" **Blackboard**

Mandy Turner. "Building Democracy in Palestine: Liberal Peace Theory and the Election of Hamas" **Blackboard**

Miljenko Antić and Jadranka Vlahovec "Democratic War": Democratic Peace Theory and the War in Former Yugoslavia **Blackboard**

Haass, 288-295

9/27: Democratic Backsliding cases—Hungary, Poland and Israel

Valeriya Mechkova, Anna Lührmann, and Staffan I. Lindberg "How Much Democratic Backsliding?" Journal of Democracy 2017 **Blackboard**

Michael Bernhard Democratic Backsliding in Poland and Hungary Blackboard

Neta Oren and Dov Waxman "King Bibi" and Israeli Illiberalism: Assessing Democratic Backsliding in Israel during the Second Netanyahu Era (2009–2021) **Blackboard**

Week 6 discussion sections: Democratic Backsliding and Electoral Authoritarism—El Salvador

Manuel Meléndez-Sánchez Latin America Erupts: Millennial Authoritarianism in El Salvador Blackboard

Part 4: Constructivism: The role of Identity in Politics and Critiquing our Definitions

10/2: Constructivism explained Sterling-Folker, pgs 127-168, 299-325

Haass, 155-165

Quiz 2 at start of class

10/4: Historical Memory

Zheng Wang, "Collective Memory and National Identity" Blackboard

Douglas Becker, "Memory and Trauma as elements of identity in foreign policymaking"

Blackboard

Douglas Becker, Memory Contestation and Violence: The Battle over the US Civil War Narrative and Variations of Mnemonic In/Security **Blackboard**

Week 7 discussion sections: Historical memory simulation

10/9: Mnemonic Security—Holocaust Memory in Eastern Europe

Maria Malksoo: Memory Must be Defended! Blackboard

Jelena Subotic, <u>Yellow Star Red Star</u> Chapter 1 "The Politics of Holocaust Remembrance After Communism" pgs 17-44 **Blackboard**

10/11: Post-Modernism and Critical Constructivism

Sterling-Folker, pgs 169-216

Week 8 discussion sections: China/Taiwan

Lindsay Maitland, "Why China-Taiwan Relations are so tense." Blackboard

Haass, 82-96

Part 5: The Environment and Global Politics: Re-introducing the planet to the nations

10/16: Environmentalism and global politics

Sterling-Folker, pgs 327-349

Jose Felix Pinto-Bazurco, "The Precautionary Principle." Blackboard

Pamela Chasek, Linking scientific knowledge and multilateral environmental governance **Blackboard**

Paper 2 assignment handed out

10/18: Climate Change

David Held and Charles Roger. Three Models of Global Climate Governance: From Kyoto to Paris and Beyond **Blackboard**

Eric Hirsch. ""It won't be any good to have democracy if we don't have a country": Climate change and the politics of synecdoche in the Maldives." **Blackboard**

W. Neil Adger "Loss and Damage from climate change: legacies from Glasgow and Sharm el-Sheikh" **Blackboard**

Haass, pgs 183-192

Week 9 discussion sections: How to address the climate crisis

No readings but bring your ideas for your paper

Part 6: Gender and International Relations: Hey where are the women?

10/23: Feminism and having a feminist curiosity

Sterling-Folker, pgs 263-298

Cynthia Enloe "Pink Pussy Hats vs. Patriarchy" in The Big Push: Exposing and Challenging the Persistence of Patriarchy **Blackboard**

Quiz 3 at start of class

10/25: Iran Protests and the Global #MeToo movement

Rachel Vogelstein and Meighan Stone <u>Awakening: #MeToo and the Global Fight for Women's</u> Rights, Introduction **Blackboard**

Maryam Alemzadeh, Iran Protests and Patterns of State Repression Blackboard

Azra Rashid. The Politics of Veiling and Unveiling Blackboard

Paper 2 due

Week 10 discussion sections: human trafficking and the sex trade

Ansar Waseem and Yasir Rashid Government's Brand Image Destroyer: Examining the Driving Factors behind Global Human Trafficking **Blackboard**

10/30: LGBTQ issues and the queering of international relations

Cynthia Weber. "From Queer to Queer IR." Blackboard

Kelly Kollman & Matthew Waites. "The Global Politics of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual and Transgender Human Rights: an Introduction." Blackboard

Ashley Tellis and Sruti Bala, Introduction: The Global Careers of Queerness Blackboard

11/1: Uganda, Russia and anti-gay laws

Dean Cooper-Cunningham . "Security, Sexuality, and the Gay Clown Putin meme: Queer theory and International Responses to Russian Political Homophobia **Blackboard**

Stella Nyanzi. Dismantling Reified African culture Through Localised Homosexualities. **Blackboard**

Week 11 discussion sections: Thailand and third gender

Witchanayee Ocho, "Queering Thailand: On the Emergence of New Genders and Sexual Identities." Pgs 145-160 **Blackboard**

Part 7: Colonization and Post-Colonialism: Self Determination as a Norm

11/6: Post-Colonialism

Sterling-Folker, pgs 217-261

Sanjay Seth, "Postcolonial theory and the critique of International Relations" Blackboard

Paper 3 assignment handed out

11/8: India, Pakistan, and the Partition (and Kashmir)

Rathnam Indurthy, India-Pakistan Wars and the Kashmir Crisis Blackboard

Week 12 discussion sections: Puerto Rico—independent, American state or colony?

Daniel Immerwahr. "The Greater United States:Territory and Empire in US History." Blackboard

Amilcar Antonio Barreto "American Identity, Congress, and the Puerto Rico Statehood Debate." Studies in Ethnicity and Nationalism. **Blackboard**

Part 8: Poverty: Casting our eyes on those left behind

11/13: Global poverty

Benjamin Curtis and Serena Cosgrove "Building a framework for understanding poverty"

Blackboard

Majda Bne Saad "The World Food System: Challenges and Options" in The Global Hunger Crisis: Tackling Food Insecurity in Developing Countries **Blackboard**

Haass, 97-110, 143-154, 240-250

Quiz 4 at start of class

11/15: The Refugee Crisis: Poverty, Statelessness, and Reaction

Jeff Cris "UNHCR at 70 An Uncertain Future for the International Refugee Regime" Blackboard

Ruth Ellen Wasem. "More than a Wall: The Rise and Fall of US Asylum and Refugee Policy" **Blackboard**

Ranjoo Seodu Herr. "Liberal nationalism and Central American refugees: What is America's national responsibility?" **Blackboard**

Haass, 193-200

Week 13: the SDGs and global development sdgs.un.org/goals

Part 9: Crisis and Global Order: Globalization as Threat or Opportunity?

11/20: Cyber Security and Globalization

E. Dilipraj, Cyber Enigma, Chapters 1-2 Blackboard

P.W. Singer, "#LikeWar, 181-257 Blackboard

Haass 201-207

11/22: Thanksgiving break

Week 14 discussion sections: No sections, Thanksgiving Break

11/27: Global War on Terror

Rebecca Sanders (Im)plausible legality: the rationalisation of human rights abuses in the American 'Global War on Terror' **Blackboard**

Gregory Johnson, "60 Words and a War Without End" Blackboard

Jenna Pitchford, "The "Global War on Terror," Identity, and Changing Perceptions: Iraqi Responses to America's War in Iraq" **Blackboard**

Haass, 111-130, 166-172

Paper 3 due

11/29: COVID, pandemics, and public health

Martin Broberg "A Critical Appraisal of the World Health Organization's International Health Regulations (2005) in Times of Pandemic: It Is Time for Revision **Blackboard**

Katerini Tagmatarchi Storeng, Antoine de Bengy Puyvallee and Felix Stein. "COVAX and the rise of the 'super public private partnership' for global health" **Blackboard**

Haass, 208-214

Week 15 discussion sections: What are the greatest threats to the planet?

No reading, just recap semester and talk about what issues matter most

Final Exam Review Session: Monday, Dec 4, 9:30-11:00 (this is voluntary)

Final Exam: Monday, December 11, 11-am – 1 pm

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Academic Integrity

The University of Southern California is foremost a learning community committed to fostering successful scholars and researchers dedicated to the pursuit of knowledge and the transmission of ideas. Academic misconduct is in contrast to the university's mission to educate students through a broad array of first-rank academic, professional, and extracurricular programs and includes any act of dishonesty in the submission of academic work (either in draft or final form).

This course will follow the expectations for academic integrity as stated in the <u>USC Student</u> <u>Handbook</u>. All students are expected to submit assignments that are original work and prepared

specifically for the course/section in this academic term. You may not submit work written by others or "recycle" work prepared for other courses without obtaining written permission from the instructor(s). Students suspected of engaging in academic misconduct will be reported to the Office of Academic Integrity.

Other violations of academic misconduct include, but are not limited to, cheating, plagiarism, fabrication (e.g., falsifying data), knowingly assisting others in acts of academic dishonesty, and any act that gains or is intended to gain an unfair academic advantage.

The impact of academic dishonesty is far-reaching and is considered a serious offense against the university and could result in outcomes such as failure on the assignment, failure in the course, suspension, or even expulsion from the university. These outcomes are based on the severity of the violation, but recognize that the best outcome you can expect from academic dishonesty is a failure of that graded assignment. This is a big deal. Please come talk with me with concerns, questions, or clarifications.

For more information about academic integrity see the <u>student handbook</u> or the <u>Office of Academic Integrity's website</u> and university policies on <u>Research and Scholarship Misconduct</u>.

And the Policy on the use of AI (welcome to 2023!)

Since creating, analytical, and critical thinking skills are part of the learning outcomes of this course, all assignments should be prepared by the student working individually or in groups. Students may not have another person or entity complete any substantive portion of the assignment. Developing strong competencies in these areas will prepare you for a competitive workplace. Therefore, using Algenerated tools is prohibited in this course, will be identified as plagiarism, and will be reported to the Office of Academic Integrity.

And notes on the distribution of class material, including recordings of the class and distribution of notes:

Recording a university class without the express permission of the instructor and announcement to the class, or unless conducted pursuant to an Office of Student Accessibility Services (OSAS) accommodation. Recording can inhibit free discussion in the future, and thus infringe on the academic freedom of other students as well as the instructor. We live in an age of recording of classes for clickbait online stories. This is a free space of discussion and is intended as such to be nurturing of new ideas. You can find more on this university policy at: (Living our Unifying Values: The USC Student Handbook, page 13).

Distribution or use of notes, recordings, exams, or other intellectual property, based on university classes or lectures without the express permission of the instructor for purposes other than individual or group study. This includes but is not limited to providing materials for distribution by services publishing course materials. This restriction on unauthorized use also applies to all information, which had been distributed to students or in any way had been displayed for use in relationship to the class, whether obtained in class, via email, on the internet, or via any other media. There will be some classroom distribution, usually a Google Doc for studying purposes. But obviously selling any of this material for future use is prohibited. And don't bother keeping old exams in files for future classes. I change them every semester. (Living our Unifying Values: The USC Student Handbook, page 13).

Students and Disability Accommodations:

USC welcomes students with disabilities into all of the University's educational programs. The Office of Student Accessibility Services (OSAS) is responsible for the determination of appropriate accommodations for students who encounter disability-related barriers. Once a student has completed the OSAS process (registration, initial appointment, and submitted documentation) and accommodations are determined to be reasonable and appropriate, a Letter of Accommodation (LOA) will be available to generate for each course. The LOA must be given to each course instructor by the student and followed up with a discussion. This should be done as early in the semester as possible as accommodations are not retroactive. More information can be found at osas.usc.edu. You may contact OSAS at (213) 740-0776 or via email at osasfrontdesk@usc.edu.

Support Systems:

Counseling and Mental Health - (213) 740-9355 - 24/7 on call

Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention.

<u>988 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline</u> - 988 for both calls and text messages – 24/7 on call

The 988 Suicide and Crisis Lifeline (formerly known as the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline) provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week, across the United States. The Lifeline is comprised of a national network of over 200 local crisis centers, combining custom local care and resources with national standards and best practices. The new, shorter phone number makes it easier for people to remember and access mental health crisis services (though the previous 1 (800) 273-8255 number will continue to function indefinitely) and represents a continued commitment to those in crisis.

Relationship and Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP) - (213) 740-9355(WELL) - 24/7 on call

Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender- and power-based harm (including sexual assault, intimate partner violence, and stalking).

Office for Equity, Equal Opportunity, and Title IX (EEO-TIX) - (213) 740-5086

Information about how to get help or help someone affected by harassment or discrimination, rights of protected classes, reporting options, and additional resources for students, faculty, staff, visitors, and applicants.

Reporting Incidents of Bias or Harassment - (213) 740-5086 or (213) 821-8298

Avenue to report incidents of bias, hate crimes, and microaggressions to the Office for Equity, Equal Opportunity, and Title for appropriate investigation, supportive measures, and response.

The Office of Student Accessibility Services (OSAS) - (213) 740-0776

OSAS ensures equal access for students with disabilities through providing academic accommodations and auxiliary aids in accordance with federal laws and university policy.

USC Campus Support and Intervention - (213) 740-0411

Assists students and families in resolving complex personal, financial, and academic issues adversely affecting their success as a student.

Diversity, Equity and Inclusion - (213) 740-2101

Information on events, programs and training, the Provost's Diversity and Inclusion Council, Diversity Liaisons for each academic school, chronology, participation, and various resources for students.

USC Emergency - UPC: (213) 740-4321, HSC: (323) 442-1000 - 24/7 on call

Emergency assistance and avenue to report a crime. Latest updates regarding safety, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible.

<u>USC Department of Public Safety</u> - UPC: (213) 740-6000, HSC: (323) 442-1200 - 24/7 on call

Non-emergency assistance or information.

Office of the Ombuds - (213) 821-9556 (UPC) / (323-442-0382 (HSC)

A safe and confidential place to share your USC-related issues with a University Ombuds who will work with you to explore options or paths to manage your concern.

Occupational Therapy Faculty Practice - (323) 442-2850 or otfp@med.usc.edu

Confidential Lifestyle Redesign services for USC students to support health promoting habits and routines that enhance quality of life and academic performance.