

### Social Work 610

# Section # 60441D Social Work Practice with Children and Families Across Settings

#### 3 Units

### Spring 2023

Instructor	Dorian Traube
Email	traube@usc.edu
Telephone	213-740-1989
Office	MRF 330
Office Hours	Fridays 11-12
Course Day(s)	Friday
Course Time(s)	8:00am-11:50am
Course Location(s)	

### Course Pre-requisites, Co-requisites, and Concurrent Enrollment

Social Work Practice with Children and Families Across Settings is an introductory course in the Department of Children, Youth and Families. Students will have successfully completed the foundation semester before enrolling in this course.

### **Catalogue Description**

Theory and principles underlying social work in host settings and nonspecialty sector settings with a primary emphasis on working with children, youth, and families.

### **Course Description**

Children and families receiving social work services often navigate multiple service sectors. In some settings, social work is the primary focus of the agency (e.g., child welfare, mental health, youth empowerment programs). In other settings, social workers operate in a "host setting" where social work is not the primary function or profession; in these settings, administrators may not be particularly familiar with social work values and ethical standards (e.g., correctional facilities, the military, hospitals, and schools). Moving across service sectors presents unique challenges for children, families, and social workers. Often children and families do not know how to achieve their goals within the confines of various service sectors or they "fall through the cracks" when trying to move between service sectors. Social workers' efforts can be ineffectual if they do not understand how to collaborate with other family serving sectors or when they change employment from one sector to another. In this course, students will explore various settings where children and families commonly receive social work services in order to understand the objective of the setting, the organization of the setting, the role of the social worker in the setting, and the common methods of working with children and families in the setting. Upon completion of this course students will have knowledge to enhance their facility in working within varied children



and family serving settings. Students will also have developed knowledge to assist families in navigating multiple service sectors.

# **Course Objectives**

The Social Work Practice with Children and Families Across Settings course (SOWK 610) will:

- 1. Introduce students to the mission, organizational structure, and role of the social worker in service sectors where children and families most often receive social work services.
- 2. Demonstrate the generalist skills that social workers can use across multiple service sectors.
- 3. Provide students with in-depth knowledge of the unique skills required in specific service settings.
- 4. Provide the foundation for students to be able to work in multiple settings serving children and family.
- 5. Introduce students to theories of interagency collaboration and develop collaborative skills when working across service settings.

### COURSE FORMAT / INSTRUCTIONAL METHODS

The format of the course will consist of didactic instruction and experiential exercises. These exercises may include the use of videotapes, role-play, or structured small group exercises. Material from the field will be used to illustrate class content and to provide integration between class and field. Confidentiality of material shared in class will be maintained. As class discussion is an integral part of the learning process, students are expected to come to class ready to discuss required reading and its application to theory and practice.

## **Student Learning Outcomes**

The following table lists the nine social work core competencies as defined by the Council on Social Work Education's 2015 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards:

Social Work Core Competencies				
1	Demonstrate ethical and professional behavior*			
2	Engage in diversity and difference in practice			
3	Advance human rights and social, economic, and environmental justice			
4	Engage in practice-informed research and research-informed practice			
5	Engage in policy practice			
6	Engage with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities*			
7	Assess individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities			
8	Intervene with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities			
9	Evaluate practice with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities			

<sup>\*</sup> Highlighted in this course

See **Appendix A** for an expanded table, which details the competencies and dimensions of competence highlighted in this course. The table also shows the course objective(s), behaviors/indicators of competence, and course content and assignments related to each competency highlighted in the course.



### COURSE ASSIGNMENTS, DUE DATES, AND GRADING

Assignment	Due Date	% of Final Grade
Assignment 1: Organizational Analysis of Host Setting		
	Unit 5	25%
Assignment 2: Collaborative Plan Presentation	TBA	30%
Assignment 3: Case Analysis and Transferable Skills Roundtable	Unit 13-15	35%
Class Participation	Ongoing	10%

Each of the major assignments is described below.

### **Assignment 1**

This assignment focuses on examining the mission, organizational structure, and service delivery in a host setting where children and families are served.

### **Due: Unit 5 at 11:59PM (PST)**

This assignment relates to Student Learning Outcomes 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

### **Assignment 2**

Based on interagency collaboration theory, students will develop and present a collaborative plan for two service sectors in order to better serve children and families.

# Due: TBA - You will sign up in class

This assignment relates to Student Learning Outcomes 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

# **Assignment 3**

In this assignment students will apply and demonstrate professional and generalist social work skills to a case vignette in a mock multidisciplinary team meeting that social workers can use across service sectors where children, youth, and families are served.

# **Due: Unit 13-15**

This assignment relates to Student Learning Outcomes 1, 2, 6, 7, 8, and 9.

### Class Participation (10% of Course Grade)

It is expected that students will attend class regularly, participate in the class discussions, and submit work promptly. Failure to meet these expectations may result in reduction in grades.

Your involvement in this class is considered essential to your growth as a practitioner. You will be asked to discuss the material assigned, participate in role-playing, exercises, etc. Knowing the "right" answers is not nearly as important as being willing to risk, explore your ideas, and be open to new information and ideas. Your presence in class along with preparation by having completed the asynchronous material, read required readings, considered the assignments, and participation in discussion, is essential.



### Class grades will be based on the following:

Grade Points		Letter	Grades
3.85 - 4.00	A	93 - 100	A
3.60 - 3.84	A-	90 - 92	A-
3.25 - 3.59	B+	87 – 89	B+
2.90 - 3.24	В	83 - 86	В
2.60 - 2.89	B-	80 - 82	B-
2.25 - 2.59	C+	77 – 79	C+
1.90 - 2.24	С	73 – 76	С
		70 - 72	C-

See Appendix B for additional details regarding the definitions of grades and standards established by faculty of the School.

### **Attendance and Participation**

Students' active and substantive involvement in the class is considered essential to their growth as practitioners. Consistent attendance, preparation for and participation in class discussions and activities, timely completion of coursework and assignments, and personal conduct that fosters a respectful, collegial, and professional learning environment are expected. Having more than 2 unexcused absences in class may result in the lowering of the grade. For VAC and remote/hybrid Ground courses, substantive participation includes maintaining an active screen in live sessions and completing all asynchronous content and activities prior to the scheduled live class discussion. Failure to complete 2 or more asynchronous units before the live class, without prior instructor permission, also may result in a lowered grade.

### Class participation will be assessed according to the following criteria:

- "A" grade range: Very Good to Outstanding Participation: Contributions in class reflect thorough preparation, and participation is substantial. Ideas offered are always substantive. Regularly provides one or more major insights and comments that provoke deeper thought. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of discussion and class activities would be diminished markedly.
- "B" grade range: Good Participation: Contributions in class reflect solid preparation. Ideas offered are usually substantive, and participation is regular. Provides generally useful insights and some comments that provoke thought. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of discussion would be diminished somewhat.
- <u>"C+" or "C": Adequate Participation:</u> Contributions in class reflect some preparation. Ideas offered are somewhat substantive. Provides some insights, but seldom offers comments that provoke deeper thought. Participation is somewhat regular. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of discussion would be diminished slightly. Please note: The minimum passing grade at the graduate level is "C".
- <u>"C-" or "D": Inadequate Participation:</u> Says little in class and does not adequately participate in activities or present insights or ideas. Does not appear to be engaged. Submits late work. If this person were not a member of the class, the quality of discussion would not be affected.
- <u>"F": Nonparticipant/Unsatisfactory Participation:</u> Misses class. When present, contributions in class, if any, reflect inadequate preparation. Ideas offered are seldom substantive, and behavior may be inappropriate and/or disrespectful. Unable to work effectively on in-class assignments/activities and detracts from the learning process. Regularly misses assignment deadlines, if work is submitted at all.



### REQUIRED AND SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS AND RESOURCES

### **Required Textbooks**

Rosenberg, J. (2009). Working in social work: The real world guide to practice settings. New York, NY: Routledge.

Note: The Rosenberg text is available for free as an e-book via the link below. To get the full-text, click on the EBSCOhost e-book link.

http://bit.ly/workinginsw

#### Course Reader

All additional required readings that are not in the above required texts are available online through electronic reserve (ARES) under instructor name Dorian Traube. The textbooks have also been placed on reserve at Leavey Library.

# Notes:

- Additional required and recommended readings may be assigned by the instructor throughout the course.
- See Appendix C for recommended instructional materials and resources

### **Course Overview (Summer)**

Unit/Week #	Date	Topics	Asynchronous Content	Assignments
Unit 1		Unit 1: Overview of Social Work Practice With Children and Families Across Settings: A Generalist Social Work Model	<ul> <li>Specialty sector settings and host settings</li> <li>Interagency collaboration theory</li> <li>Challenges for families navigating service sectors</li> <li>Challenges and opportunities for social workers collaborating across service sectors</li> </ul>	
Unit 2		Unit 2: Overview of Organizations: Nature and Characteristics	<ul><li>Structure</li><li>Communication</li><li>Culture</li></ul>	
Unit 3		Social Work With Children and Families in Early Intervention Programs	<ul> <li>Child care and universal preschool</li> <li>Early intervention</li> <li>Regional centers</li> </ul>	
Unit 4		Social Work With Children and	Brief treatment with families	



Unit 5	Families in Health Settings  Social Work With	<ul> <li>Consent and decision-making</li> <li>Caregiver stress and support</li> <li>Grief and bereavement</li> <li>Family factors in the treatment of</li> </ul>	Assignment 1
	Children and Families in Mental Health Settings	<ul> <li>mental illness</li> <li>Mental health care through multiple sectors of care</li> <li>Stigma in mental health care for children and families</li> </ul>	Due
Unit 6	Social Work With Children and Families in Public Child Welfare	<ul> <li>Social work roots in child welfare</li> <li>Federal, state, and local roles in public child welfare</li> <li>Out-of-home placement</li> <li>Family maintenance and support</li> </ul>	
Unit 7	Social Work With Children and Families in Schools	<ul> <li>Understanding school districts</li> <li>Roles of superintendents and school boards</li> <li>Private schools and charter schools</li> </ul>	
Unit 8	Social Work With Children and Families in Youth Empowerment Programs	<ul> <li>Diversion programs</li> <li>Boys and Girls Club models</li> <li>Youth empowerment programs</li> </ul>	
Unit 9	Unit 9: Juvenile Justice Programs	<ul> <li>Federal, state, and local roles in juvenile and criminal justice</li> <li>Roles of community-based partners</li> <li>Restorative justice</li> <li>Cradle-to-prison pipeline</li> </ul>	
Unit 10	Social Work With Children and Families Who Experience Homelessness	<ul> <li>Housing and food insecurity</li> <li>Systems overlap with criminal justice, substance use, and child welfare</li> <li>Supported housing</li> <li>Case management and services coordination</li> </ul>	
Unit 11	Social Work With Children and Families in Military Settings	<ul> <li>Military culture and organizations</li> <li>Support for military families</li> <li>Identification of military families in nondomain settings</li> </ul>	
Unit 12	Social Work With Children and Families Who Experience	<ul><li>Roles of community-based agencies</li><li>Domestic violence</li><li>Dating violence</li></ul>	



Unit 13	Interpersonal Violence Social Work With Children and Families in Substance Use Treatment	<ul> <li>Agencies offering substance abuse treatment</li> <li>Mandated versus voluntary treatment</li> <li>Collaboration between child welfare and substance abuse treatment</li> </ul>	Assignment 3
Unit 14	Social Work With Children and Families Who Experience Human Trafficking	<ul> <li>Overview of human trafficking</li> <li>Commercial sexual exploitation of children (CSEC)</li> <li>Prevention and intervention strategies</li> </ul>	Assignment 3
Unit 15	International Social Work Settings	<ul> <li>Disaster relief and Nongovernmental organizations (NGOs)</li> <li>Immigration/migration/displacement</li> <li>Course review/wrap-up</li> </ul>	Assignment 3



# **Course Schedule—Detailed Description**

# Unit 1: Overview of Social Work Practice With Children and Families Across Settings: A Generalist Social Work Model – January 13, 2023

# **Topics**

- Specialty sector settings and host settings
- Interagency collaboration theory
- Challenges for families navigating service sectors
- Challenges and opportunities for social workers collaborating across service sectors

This unit relates to course objective(s) 1 and 2.

### Required Readings

- Bogo. M. (2018). The helping relationship: from theory to practice. In *Social Work Practice:* integrating concepts, processes, and skills (chap. 6, pp. 126-158). New York: Columbia University Press. ISBN 9780231186223
- Chen, B. (2010). Antecedents or processes? Determinants of perceived effectiveness of interorganizational collaborations for public service delivery. *International Public Management Journal*, 13(4), 381-407.
- Horwath, J., & Morrison, T. (2007). Collaboration, integration and change in children's services: Critical issues and key ingredients. *Child Abuse & Neglect*, *31*(1), 55-69.
- Zahner, S. J., Oliver, T. R., & Siemering, K. Q. (2014). The mobilizing action toward community
  mental health partnership study: Multisector partnerships in U.S. counties with improving health
  metrics. *Preventing Chronic Disease*, 11, 1-9.

# Unit 2: Overview of Organizations: Nature and Characteristics – January 20, 2023

### **Topics**

- Structure
- Communication
- Culture

This unit relates to course objective(s) 1, 2, and 4.

# Required Readings

- Alvesson, M., & Sveningsson, S. (2016). Organizational culture and change. In *Changing organizational culture* (2nd ed., pp. 40-56). New York, NY: Routledge.
- Hasenfeld, Y. (2010). The attributes of human service organizations. In *Human services as complex organizations* (2nd ed., pp. 9–32). Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE Publications.
- Mitchell, P. F., & Pattison, P. E. (2012). Organizational culture, intersectoral collaboration and mental health care. *Journal of Health Organization and Management*, 26(1), 32-59.



# **Unit 3: Social Work With Children and Families in Early Intervention Programs – January 27, 2023**

# **Topics**

- Child care and universal preschool
- Early intervention
- Regional centers

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

# Required Readings

- Azzi-Lessing, L. (2010) Growing Together: Expanding Roles for Social Work Practice in Early Childhood Settings, *Social Work*, 55 (3), 255–263. <a href="https://doiorg.libproxy2.usc.edu/10.1093/sw/55.3.255">https://doiorg.libproxy2.usc.edu/10.1093/sw/55.3.255</a>
- Pighini, M. J., Goelman, H., Buchanan, M., Schonert-Reichl, K., & Brynelsen, D. (2014).
   Learning from parents' stories about what works in early intervention. *International Journal of Psychology*, 49(4), 263-270.
- Ziviani, J., Darlington, Y., Feeney, R., & Head, B. (2011). From policy to practice: A program logic approach to describing the implementation of early intervention services for children with disabilities. *Evaluation and Program Planning*, 34(1), 60-68.

# **Recommended Readings**

• Villeneuve, M., Chatenoud, C., Hutchinson, N. L., Minnes, P., Perry, A., Dionne, C., & Weiss, J. (2013). The experience of parents as their children with developmental disabilities transition from early intervention to kindergarten. *Canadian Journal of Education*, 36(1), 4-43.

### Unit 4: Social Work With Children and Families in Health Settings - February 3, 2023

# **Topics**

- Brief treatment with families
- Consent and decision-making
- Caregiver stress and support
- Grief and bereavement

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

# Required Readings

Griese, B., Burns, M. R., Farro, S. A., Silvern, L., & Talmi, A. (2017). Comprehensive grief care
for children and families: Policy and practice implications. *American Journal of Orthopsychiatry*,
87(5), 540–548.



- Mattessich, P. W., & Rausch, E. J. (2014). Cross-sector collaboration to improve community health: A view of the current landscape. *Health Affairs*, 33(11), 1968-1974.
- Rosenberg, J. (2009). Social work in health care. In *Working in social work: The real world guide to practice settings* (chap. 6, pp. 79-96). New York, NY: Routledge

### **Recommended Readings:**

• Fenstermacher, J. L. (2010). Social work in a pediatric hospital: Managing a medically complex patient. In T. Kerson, J. McCoyd, & Associates (Eds.), *Social work in health settings: Practice in context* (3rd ed., pp. 108-118). New York, NY: Routledge.

### Unit 5: Social Work With Children and Families in Mental Health Settings – February 10, 2023

# **Topics**

- Family factors in the treatment of mental illness
- Mental health care through multiple sectors of care
- Stigma in mental health care for children and families

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

# Required Readings

- Drake, K. L., & Ginsburg, G. S. (2012). Family factors in the development, treatment, and prevention of childhood anxiety disorder. *Clinical Child and Family Psychology Review*, 15, 144-162.
- Painter, K., Allen, J. S., & Perry, B. (2011). Families' experiences in wraparound: A qualitative study conceived and conducted by families through a professional–family collaboration. *Journal of Emotional and Behavioral Disorders*, 19(3), 156-168.
- Rosenberg, J. (2009). Social work and mental illness. In *Working in social work: The real world guide to practice settings* (chap. 9, pp. 129-142). New York, NY: Routledge.

### Unit 6: Social Work With Children and Families in Public Child Welfare-February 17, 2023

# **Topics**

- Social work roots in child welfare
- Federal, state, and local roles in public child welfare
- Out-of-home placement
- Family maintenance and support

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.



### Required Readings

- Crosson-Tower, C. (2013). Intervention: Reporting, investigating, and case management. In
   *Understanding child abuse and neglect* (9th ed., pp. 24-46). Needham Heights, MA: Allyn &
   Bacon.
- Duarte, C. S., & Summers, A. (2013). A three-pronged approach to addressing racial disproportionality and disparities in child welfare: The Santa Clara County example of leadership, collaboration and data-driven decisions. *Child and Adolescent Social Work Journal*, 30(1), 1-19.
- Estefan, L. F., Coulter, M. L., VandeWeerd, C. L., Armstrong, M., & Gorski, P. (2012). Receiving mandated therapeutic services: Experiences of parents involved in the child welfare system. *Children and Youth Services Review*, 34(12), 2353-2360.
- Bunger, A.C., Collins-Camargo, C., McBeath, B., Chuang, E., Pérez-Jolles, M., Wells, R. (2014)
   Collaboration, competition, and co-opetition: Interorganizational dynamics between private child welfare agencies and child serving sectors. *Children and Youth Services Review*, 38, 113–122.

# Unit 7: Social Work With Children and Families in Schools – February 24, 2023

# **Topics**

- Understanding school districts
- Roles of superintendents and school boards
- Private schools and charter schools

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

### Required Readings

- Allen-Meares, P. (2010). Historical development, influences, and practices. In *Social work* services in schools (SWSS) (6th ed., chap. 2, pp. 23-47). Boston, MA: Pearson Education.
- Bains, R. M., Frazen, C. W., & White-Frese, J. (2014). Engaging African American and Latino adolescent males through school-based health centers. *The Journal of School Nursing*, 1-9.
- \*\*\*Hopson, L., Franklin, C., & Harris, M. B. (2016). Social work practice in school settings. In E. Schott & E. Weiss (Eds), *Transformative social work practice* (chap. 13, pp. 163-181). Los Angeles, CA: SAGE Publications.

(\*\*\*Crossover reading with Introduction to Social Work with Children Youth and Families)

• Rosenberg, J. (2009). Social work in school. In *Working in social work: The real world guide to practice settings* (chap. 12, pp. 193-208). New York, NY: Routledge.

**Unit 8: Social Work With Children and Families in Youth Empowerment Programs – March 3, 2023** 

### **Topics**



- Diversion programs
- Boys and Girls Club models
- Youth empowerment programs

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

### Required Readings

- Ferrer-Wreder, L. (2014). Advancing child and adolescent well-being through positive youth development and prevention programs. In A. Ben-Arieh, F. Casas, I. Frønes, & J. Korbin (Eds.), *Handbook of child well-being* (pp. 3025-3041). Dordrecht, The Netherlands: Springer.
- Fredricks, J. A., Hackett, K., & Bregman, A. (2010). Participation in Boys and Girls Clubs: Motivation and stage environment fit. *Journal of Community Psychology*, 38(3), 369-385.
- Ward, S., & Parker, M. (2013). The voice of youth: Atmosphere in positive youth development program. *Physical Education and Sport Pedagogy*, 18(5), 534-548.

### Unit 9: Social Work With Children and Families in Juvenile Justice – March 10, 2023

# **Topics**

- Federal, state, and local roles in juvenile and criminal justice
- Roles of community-based partners
- Restorative justice
- Cradle-to-prison pipeline

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

### Required Readings

- Kapp, S. A., Petr, C. G., Robbins, M. L., & Choi, J. J. (2013). Collaboration between community mental health and juvenile justice systems: Barriers and facilitators. *Child and Adolescent Social Work Journal*, 30(6), 505-517.
- Montgomery, K., Knox, K., & Roberts, A. (2013). Connecting school-based practices and juvenile justice. In C. Franklin, M. Harris, & P. Allen-Meares (Eds.), *The school services sourcebook: A guide for school-based professionals*. New York, NY: Oxford University Press.
- Pennington, L. (2015). A case study approach to procedural justice: Parents' views in two juvenile delinquency courts in the United States. *British Journal of Criminology*, 55(5), 901-920.

Unit 10: Social Work with Children and Families Who Experience Homelessness – March 24, 2023

# **Topics**



- Housing and food insecurity
- Systems overlap with criminal justice, substance use, and child welfare
- Supported housing
- Case management and services coordination

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

## **Required Readings**

- Guarino, K., & Bassuk, E. (2010). Working with families experiencing homelessness. *Journal of Zero to Three: National Center for Infants, Toddlers, and Families, 30*(3), 11-20.
- Hinton, S., & Cassel, D. (2013). Exploring the lived experiences of homeless families with young children. *Early Childhood Education Journal*, 41(6), 457-463.
- Rosenberg, J. (2009). Social work with housing and homelessness. In *Working in social work: The real word guide to practice settings* (chap. 7, pp. 97-112). New York, NY: Routledge.

# Unit 11: Social Work With Children and Families in Military Settings – March 31, 2023 *Topics*

- Military culture and organizations
- Support for military families
- Identification of military families in nondomain settings

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

# **Required Readings**

- Harris, J. (2013). A brief history of U.S. military families and the role of social workers. In A. Rubin, E. Weiss, & J. Coll (Eds.), *Handbook of military social work* (pp. 301-311). Hoboken, NJ: Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Kudler, H., & Porter, C. R. I. (2013). Building communities of care for military children and families. *The Future of Children*, 23(2), 163-185.
- Lincoln, A. L., & Sweeten, K. (2011). Considerations for the effects of military deployment on children and families. *Social Work in Health Care*, 50(1), 73-84.
- Rosenberg, J. (2009). Social work with the military. In *Working in social work: The real world guide to practice settings* (chap. 10, pp. 143-156). New York, NY: Routledge.

# Unit 12: Social Work With Children and Families Who Experience Interpersonal Violence – April 7, 2023

### **Topics**

- Roles of community-based agencies
- Domestic violence
- Dating violence



This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

### Required Readings

- Langenderfer-Macgruder, L., Alven, L., Wilke, D. J., & Spinelli, C. (2019). Getting everyone on the same page: Child Welfare Workers collaboration challenges on cases involving intimate partner violence. *Journal on Family Violence*, 34 (1), 21-31.
- Coker, A. L., Clear, E. R., Garcia, L. S., Asaolu, I. O., Cook-Craig, P. G., Brancato, C. J., ...
  Fisher, B. S. (2014). Dating violence victimization and perpetration rates among high school
  students. *Violence Against Women*, 20(10), 1220-1238.
- Kulkarni, S. J., Bell, H., & Rhodes, D. M. (2012). Back to basics: Essential qualities of services for survivors of intimate partner violence. *Violence Against Women*, 18(1), 85-101.
- Zarza, M., & Adler, R. (2008). Latina Immigrant Victims of Interpersonal Violence in New Jersey: A Needs Assessment Study. *Journal of Aggression, Maltreatment & Trauma*, 16(1), 22–39. https://doi.org/10.1080/10926770801920453

# **Recommended Readings:**

Zannettino, L., & McLaren, H. (2014). Domestic violence and child protection: Towards a
collaborative approach across the two service sectors. *Child & Family Social Work, 19*(4), 421431.

# Unit 13: Social Work With Children and Families in Substance Abuse Treatment – April 14, 2023

### **Topics**

- Agencies offering substance abuse treatment
- Mandated versus voluntary treatment
- Collaboration between child welfare and substance abuse treatment

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

### Required Readings

- Einbinder, S. D. (2010). A qualitative study of exodus graduates: Family-focused residential substance abuse treatment as an option for mothers to retain or regain custody and sobriety in Los Angeles, California. *Child Welfare*, 89(4), 29-45.
- Marsh, J. C., Smith, B. D., Bruni, M., (2011) Integrated substance abuse and child welfare services for women: A progress review. *Child and Youth Services Review*, 33, (466-472). http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.childyouth.2010.06.017
- Rosenberg, J. (2009). Social work with addictions. In *Working in social work: The real world guide to practice settings* (pp. 1-14). New York, NY: Routledge.

# Unit 14: Social Work With Children and Families Who Experience Human Trafficking – April 21, 2023



### **Topics**

- Overview of human trafficking
- Commercial sexual exploitation of children (CSEC)
- Prevention and intervention strategies

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

# Required Readings

- California Department of Social Services. (2015). *Holistic needs of commercially sexually exploited children*. Sacramento, CA: Child Welfare Council Commercially Sexually Exploited Children Action Team.
- Lux, K., & Mosley, J. E. (2014). Cross-sectoral collaboration in the pursuit of social change: Addressing sex trafficking in West Bengal. *International Social Work*, *57*(6), 19-26.
- National Human Trafficking Resource Center. (2011). *Tools for educators*. Washington, DC: Polaris Project.

# Unit 15: Social Work With Children and Families in International Social Work Settings – April 28, 2023

# **Topics**

- Disaster relief
- Nongovernmental organizations (NGOs)
- Immigration/migration/displacement
- Course review/wrap-up

This unit relates to course objective(s) 3, 4 and 5.

# Required Readings

- Critelli, F. M. (2015). Parenting in a new land: Specialized services for immigrant and refugee families in the USA. *Journal of International Migration and Integration*, 16(4), 871-890.
- Gautam, S. (2015). Social workers in disaster management in Nepal. *The New Social Worker*. Retrieved from <a href="http://www.socialworker.com/feature-articles/practice/social-workers-in-disaster-management-nepal/">http://www.socialworker.com/feature-articles/practice/social-workers-in-disaster-management-nepal/</a>.
- Mathbor, G. M., and Bourassa, J. A. (2012). Disaster management and humanitarian action. In K. Lyons, T. Hokenstad, M. Pawar, N. Huegler, & N. Hall (Eds.), *The SAGE handbook of international social work* (pp. 294-310). Thousand Oaks, CA: SAGE Publications.

## **List of Appendices**



- A. Detailed Descriptions of Social Work Core Competencies Highlighted in this Course
- B. Definitions of Grades and Standards Established by Faculty of the School
- C. Recommended Instructional Materials and Resources
- D. Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work DEI Statement
- E. Statement on Academic Conduct and Support Systems
- F. Support Systems and Additional Resources



**Appendix A: Detailed Description of Social Work Core Competencies Highlighted in this Course** 

		Dehavior(g)		
Competency	Objective(s)	Behavior(s)	Dimension(s)	Content
Competency 1:	1. Introduce	1a. Demonstrate	Knowledge	Units 3–15
Demonstrate	students to the	understanding of		
Ethical and	mission,	social work role		Assignment 1:
Professional	organizational	and		Organizational
Behavior	structure, and role	interdisciplinary		Analysis of Host
Social workers	of the social	team roles within		Setting
understand the	worker in service	and across family		
value base of the	sectors where	service sectors.		Assignment 2:
profession and its	children and			Collaborative Plan
ethical standards,	families most			Presentation
as well as relevant	often receive			
laws and	social work			Assignment 3:
regulations that	services.			Case Analysis and
impact children,				Transferable
youth, and	2. Demonstrate			Skills Roundtable
families at the	the generalist			
micro, mezzo, and	skills that social			
macro levels.	workers can use			
Social workers	across multiple			
employ ethical	service sectors.			
decision-making				
and critical	<b>3.</b> Provide			
thinking when	students with in-			
working with	depth knowledge			
children, youth,	of the unique			
and families.	skills required in			
	specific service			
Social workers	settings.			
understand the				
distinctions	<b>4.</b> Provide the			
between personal	foundation for			
and professional	students to be able			
values and apply	to work in			
rigorous self-	multiple settings			
reflection to	serving children			
monitor the	and family.			
influence of				
personal	5. Introduce			
experiences and	students to			
affective reactions	theories of			
as they make	interagency			
professional	collaboration and			
judgments and	develop			
decisions in their	collaborative			
work with	skills when			
children, youth,	working across			
and families.	service settings.			
Social workers				
understand social				



			School of Social Wo	
work roles and the roles of other professionals involved in the lives of children and families, and use collaboration to positively impact the lives of their clients in a variety of contexts.  Social workers specializing in work with children, youth, and families recognize the importance of lifelong learning and continual updating of knowledge and skills for effective and responsible practice. Social workers use technology ethically and responsibly in their work with children, youth,				
and families.				
Competency 6: Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities  Child and family social workers understand that engagement is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work	2. Demonstrate the generalist skills that social workers can use across multiple service sectors.  3. Provide students with in depth knowledge of the unique skills required in specific service settings.	6b. Utilize empathy, reflection, and interpersonal skills to effectively engage children, youth, and families and build collaborative relationship within and across family service sectors.	Cognitive and Affective Processes	Assignment 2: Collaborative Plan Presentation  Assignment 3: Case Analysis and Transferable Skills Roundtable



	_		
practice with, and			
on behalf of,			
diverse children,			
youth, and,			
families. They			
understand the			
importance of			
significant			
relationships and			
development from			
an ecological			
perspective with			
an understanding			
of risk and			
protective factors			
and how these			
interact within the			
larger social			
environment.			
Social workers			
utilize theories of			
human behavior			
and the social			
environment to			
facilitate			
engagement with			
their clients and			
the groups,			
organizations,			
institutions, and			
communities that			
impact them.			
Social workers			
understand and			
utilize varied			
engagement			
strategies to			
advance practice			
effectiveness with			
diverse children,			
youth, and			
families and thus			
advance social,			
economic and			
environmental			
justice within			
marginalized			
communities.			
Social workers			
understand that			
their personal	<u> </u>		



experiences and		
affective reactions		
may have an		
impact on their		
ability to		
effectively engage		
with diverse		
families and		
children. Social		
workers		
understand the		
role of		
relationship-		
building and		
interprofessional		
collaboration in		
facilitating		
engagement with		
children, youth,		
and families.		



# Appendix B: Definitions of Grades and Standards Established by Faculty of the School

Within the USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work, grades are determined in each class based on the following standards which have been established by the faculty of the School:

- 1. Grades of A or A- are reserved for student work which not only demonstrates very good mastery of content but which also shows that the student has undertaken a complex task, has applied critical thinking skills to the assignment, and/or has demonstrated creativity in her or his approach to the assignment. The difference between these two grades would be determined by the degree to which these skills have been demonstrated by the student.
- 2. A grade of B+ will be given to work which is judged to be very good. This grade denotes that a student has demonstrated a more-than-competent understanding of the material being tested in the assignment.
- 3. A grade of B will be given to student work which meets the basic requirements of the assignment. It denotes that the student has done adequate work on the assignment and meets basic course expectations.
- 4. A grade of B- will denote that a student's performance was less than adequate on an assignment, reflecting only moderate grasp of content and/or expectations.
- 5. A grade of C would reflect a minimal grasp of the assignments, poor organization of ideas and/or several significant areas requiring improvement.
- 6. Grades between C- and F will be applied to denote a failure to meet minimum standards, reflecting serious deficiencies in all aspects of a student's performance on the assignment.



# **Appendix C: Recommended Instructional Materials and Resources**

# Recommended Guidebook for APA Style Formatting

American Psychological Association: <a href="https://apastyle.apa.org/">https://apastyle.apa.org/</a>

Purdue Online Writing Lab:

https://owl.purdue.edu/owl/research and citation/apa style/apa style introduction.html

# Recommended Websites

Types of Social Work (NASW): https://www.socialworkers.org/News/Facts/Types-of-Social-Work



# Appendix D: Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Statement

At the USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work, we aspire to promote diversity, equity and inclusion in our courses and professional practice. We value the diverse backgrounds and perspectives that our students bring into the classroom as strengths and resources that enrich the academic and learning experience. We offer and value inclusive learning in the classroom and beyond. We integrate readings, materials and activities that are respectful of diversity in all forms, including race, ethnicity, culture, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, age, ability and disability, socioeconomic status, religion, and political perspectives. Collectively, we aspire to co-create a brave space with students and instructors to critically examine individual and collective sources of bias, prejudice, discrimination, and systematic oppression that affect the ability of people and communities to thrive. In this way, we fulfill our professional responsibility to practice the NASW Code of Ethics, abide by the CSWE Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards, and address the American Academy of Social Work and Social Welfare, Grand Challenges for Social Work.



# **Appendix E: Statement on Academic Conduct and Support Systems**

### **Attendance Policy**

Students are expected to attend every class and to remain in class for the duration of the unit. Failure to attend class or arriving late may impact your ability to achieve course objectives which could affect your course grade. Students are expected to notify the instructor by email (traube@usc.edu) of any anticipated absence or reason for tardiness.

University of Southern California policy permits students to be excused from class for the observance of religious holy days. This policy also covers scheduled final examinations which conflict with students' observance of a holy day. Students must make arrangements in advance to complete class work which will be missed, or to reschedule an examination, due to holy days observance.

Please refer to <u>SCampus</u> and to the <u>USC School of Social Work Policies and Procedures</u> for additional information on attendance policies.

### **Statement on Academic Conduct**

Plagiarism – presenting someone else's ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Recording a university class without the express permission of the instructor and an announcement to the class, as well as distributing or using recordings of university lectures or classes without the express permission of the instructor, for purposes other than individual or group study, also constitute violations of the USC Student Conduct Code.

Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism, unauthorized recording of university classes, and other forms of academic dishonesty and misconduct in SCampus, Part B, Section 11, "Behavior Violating University Standards," as well as information in SCampus and in the university policies on scientific misconduct.

### **Statement about Incompletes**

The Grade of Incomplete (IN) can be assigned only if there is work not completed because of a documented illness or some other emergency occurring after the 12th week of the semester. Students must NOT assume that the instructor will agree to the grade of IN. Removal of the grade of IN must be instituted by the student and agreed to be the instructor and reported on the official "Incomplete Completion Form."

## Policy on Late or Make-up Work

Papers are due on the day and time specified. Extensions will be granted only for extenuating circumstances. If the paper is late without permission, the grade will be affected.



### Policy on Changes to the Syllabus and/or Course Requirements

It may be necessary to make some adjustments in the syllabus during the semester in order to respond to unforeseen or extenuating circumstances. Adjustments that are made will be communicated to students both verbally and in writing.

# **Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers (Optional)**

Approved by the 1996 NASW Delegate Assembly and revised by the 2017 NASW Delegate Assembly <a href="https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English">https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English</a>

#### **Preamble**

The primary mission of the social work profession is to enhance human well-being and help meet the basic human needs of all people, with particular attention to the needs and empowerment of people who are vulnerable, oppressed, and living in poverty. A historic and defining feature of social work is the profession's focus on individual well-being in a social context and the well-being of society. Fundamental to social work is attention to the environmental forces that create, contribute to, and address problems in living.

Social workers promote social justice and social change with and on behalf of clients. "Clients" is used inclusively to refer to individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are sensitive to cultural and ethnic diversity and strive to end discrimination, oppression, poverty, and other forms of social injustice. These activities may be in the form of direct practice, community organizing, supervision, consultation, administration, advocacy, social and political action, policy development and implementation, education, and research and evaluation. Social workers seek to enhance the capacity of people to address their own needs. Social workers also seek to promote the responsiveness of organizations, communities, and other social institutions to individuals' needs and social problems. The mission of the social work profession is rooted in a set of core values. These core values, embraced by social workers throughout the profession's history, are the foundation of social work's unique purpose and perspective:

- Service
- Social justice
- Dignity and worth of the person
- Importance of human relationships
- Integrity
- Competence

This constellation of core values reflects what is unique to the social work profession. Core values, and the principles that flow from them, must be balanced within the context and complexity of the human experience.

# **Academic Dishonesty Sanction Guidelines**

Some lecture slides, notes, or exercises used in this course may be the property of the textbook publisher or other third parties. All other course material, including but not limited to slides developed by the instructor(s), the syllabus, assignments, course notes, course recordings (whether audio or video) and examinations or quizzes are the property of the University or of the individual instructor who developed them. Students are free to use this material for study and learning, and for discussion with others, including those who may not be in this class, unless the instructor imposes more stringent requirements.



Republishing or redistributing this material, including uploading it to web sites or linking to it through services like iTunes, violates the rights of the copyright holder and is prohibited. There are civil and criminal penalties for copyright violation. Publishing or redistributing this material in a way that might give others an unfair advantage in this or future courses may subject you to penalties for academic misconduct.

### **Complaints**

Please direct any concerns about the course with the instructor first. If you are unable to discuss your concerns with the instructor, please contact the faculty course lead. Any concerns unresolved with the course instructor or faculty course lead may be directed to the student's advisor and/or the Chair of your program.

## **Tips for Maximizing Your Learning Experience in this Course (Optional)**

- Be mindful of getting proper nutrition, exercise, rest and sleep!
- Come to class.
- Complete required readings and assignments BEFORE coming to class.
- BEFORE coming to class, review the materials from the previous Unit AND the current Unit, AND scan the topics to be covered in the next Unit.
- Come to class prepared to ask any questions you might have.
- Participate in class discussions.
- AFTER you leave class, review the materials assigned for that Unit again, along with your notes from that Unit.
- If you don't understand something, ask questions! Ask questions in class, during office hours, and/or through email!
- Keep up with the assigned readings.



### **Appendix F: Support Systems and Additional Resources**

### **Counseling and Mental Health**

https://studenthealth.usc.edu/counseling/

Phone number (213) 740-9355

On call 24/7

Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention.

### **National Suicide Prevention Lifeline**

https://suicidepreventionlifeline.org/

Phone number 1 (800) 273-8255

On call 24/7

Free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

# Relationship and Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP)

https://studenthealth.usc.edu/sexual-assault/

Phone Number (213) 740-9355(WELL), press "0" after hours

On call 24/7

Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm.

## USC Office of Equity, Equal Opportunity, and Title IX

https://eeotix.usc.edu/

Phone number (213) 740-5086

Title IX Office (213) 821-8298

Information about how to get help or help someone affected by harassment or discrimination, rights of protected classes, reporting options, and additional resources for students, faculty, staff, visitors, and applicants.

### **Reporting Incidents of Bias or Harassment**

https://usc-advocate.symplicity.com/care\_report/index.php/pid422659?

Phone number (213) 740-5086 or (213) 821-8298

Avenue to report incidents of bias, hate crimes, and microaggressions to the Office of Equity, Equal Opportunity, and Title IX for appropriate investigation, supportive measures, and response.

## The Office of Disability Services and Programs

https://dsp.usc.edu/

Phone number (213) 740-0776

Support and accommodations for students with disabilities. Services include assistance in providing readers/notetakers/interpreters, special accommodations for test taking needs, assistance with architectural barriers, assistive technology, and support for individual needs.

# **USC Campus Support and Intervention**

https://campussupport.usc.edu/

Phone number (213) 821-4710

Assists students and families in resolving complex personal, financial, and academic issues adversely affecting their success as a student.

### **Diversity at USC**



### https://diversity.usc.edu/

Phone number (213) 740-2101

Information on events, programs and training, the Provost's Diversity and Inclusion Council, Diversity Liaisons for each academic school, chronology, participation, and various resources for students.

### **USC Emergency**

https://dps.usc.edu/

UPC phone number (213) 740-4321

HSC phone number (323) 442-1000

On call 24/7

Emergency assistance and avenue to report a crime. Latest updates regarding safety, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible.

### **USC Department of Public Safety**

https://dps.usc.edu/

UPC phone number (213) 740-6000

HSC phone number (323) 442-120

On call 24/7

Non-emergency assistance or information.

#### **Additional Resources**

Students enrolled in the Virtual Academic Center can access support services for themselves and their families by contacting Perspectives, Ltd., an independent student assistance program offering crisis services, short-term counseling, and referral 24/7. To access Perspectives, Ltd., call 800-456-6327.

# **Emergency Preparedness and Response Resources**

### **USC Earthquake Procedures:**

https://fsep.usc.edu/usc-emergency-procedures/emergency-procedures-for/during-an-earthquake/

### **USC Emergency Procedures Video:**

https://usc.edu/emergencyvideos

# **Campus Building Emergency Information Fact Sheets:**

https://fsep.usc.edu/emergency-planning/building-emergency-fact-sheets/

### **USC ShakeOut Drill**

https://fsep.usc.edu/shakeout/

### Personal Preparedness Resources, such as preparing your home, etc.

https://fsep.usc.edu/personal-preparedness/