**Social Work 591**

**Section # 67284**

**Applied Learning in Field Education I**

**3 Units**

***“The best way to find yourself is to lose yourself in the service of others.”***

***Mohandas Gandhi***

***Fall 2022***

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Instructor** | Cynthia Soria, LCSW |
| **Email** | soriacm@usc.edu |
| **Telephone** | (310) 291-9997 |
| **Office** | Virtual – by request |
| **Office Hours** | Virtual –by request |
| **Course Day(s)** | Monday & Wednesday |
| **Course Time(s)** | 6:00 pm-8:00 pm PST |
| **Course Location(s)** | Virtual – see Zoon Live Session Links in CANVAS |

**Course Pre-requisites, Co-requisites, and Concurrent Enrollment**

This course is a Generalist Practice Level Field Education course. Students are required to take this course concurrently with SOWK 523 Social Work Practice with Individuals, Families, and Groups.

**Catalogue Description**

Supervised field education where students learn and apply evidence-based interventions and clinical skills in practice labs and social work settings. Concurrent enrollment: SOWK523. Graded IP/CR/NC.

**Course Description**

This course is the generalist direct practice portion of the MSW program. It provides students the opportunity to integrate social work theory while they practice social work skills under the supervision of professional social workers. Field Education is the signature pedagogy of social work education because it serves as a bridge between academic instruction and application of skills learned in the classroom (CSWE, 2008).

This course will utilize Relational Cultural Theory (RCT) as its guiding theoretical framework for seminar discussions. Instructors will encourage students to view their assignments and field practicum experiences through this lens. RCT, as a framework, highlights the importance of relationships, neuroscience, intersectionality, and social justice. The relational component acknowledges the importance of authenticity, mutual empathy, and process in our work with clients and systems. Neuroscience focuses on the neurobiological impact of connection (Banks, 2015). The cultural component highlights the importance of intersectionality and the experiences of marginalization, racism, and power within our society (Jordan, 2009; Walker, 2019). Through a RCT lens, students will be able to evaluate their micro, mezzo, and macro interventions regarding power and privilege to align with social work's commitment to diversity, inclusion, and anti-racism. As a framework, RCT recognizes the "person in environment" and the impact of oppressive systems on our clients. Advance practice social work requires students to focus both on their interactions with clients and the need to translate social justice into action. "Now more than ever social workers must heed Bertha Capen Reynolds's call to 'maintain a dual focus on the individual in need and pain and on the socio-economic and political forces of the society which cause this misery'" (Cullen, 1980, p. 27).

This course provides students the opportunity to practice social work skills under the supervision of professional social workers and apply evidence-informed interventions in their work with individuals and/or families, groups, organizations, and communities. The Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work prepares students to enter their Field Practicum by engaging them in evidence-based intervention (EBI) trainings. Continuing support and simulated practice is provided to students through weekly “Practice Labs” with Field Faculty who serve as educators, consultants and coaches for the internship experience while emphasizing the Four C’s of Field Education at USC: 1) collaboration, 2) communication, 3) creativity, and 4) critical thinking. In these classes/labs, students will be coached and guided to develop practical skills in collaborative processes and apply elements of critical thinking to assess and analyze vignettes, role plays and classroom discussion.

For students in the MSW on campus program (OCP), agencies will provide learning opportunities and resources for an effective educational experience for students, where on the Virtual Academic Center (VAC), this is provided in the virtual learning environment. Field Instructors who are professional social workers will guide and teach students how to apply social work practice, values and ethics in a professional setting. Field Instructors also collaborate with students to create and approve learning agreements, discuss and give feedback on Reflective Learning Tools, complete and sign end-of-semester evaluations, and ensure paperwork is finished on time. Students enrolled in this course have the opportunity to implement research-influenced practices in multidisciplinary and/or virtual settings, thereby contributing to the direct application of EBIs and influencing the capacity of the social work profession to provide EBIs. Infusing USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work Field Education with EBIs provides a translational link between research and practice, and further solidifies a developing science of social work.

At semester end, the Field Faculty is responsible for assigning students a grade of Credit or No Credit.

**Course Objectives**

| **Objective #** | **Objectives** |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | Students will begin to apply Relational Cultural Theory (RCT) as a guiding framework to integrate classroom theories and concepts with reflection about direct practice experiences with marginalized communities to support both individual and societal change. |
| 2 | Students will begin to apply evidence-based interventions (EBIs) such as Motivational Interviewing, Problem-Solving Therapy (PST), and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) in internship or classroom settings from a culturally humble lens. |
| 3 | Students will learn to demonstrate culturally humble, effective communication and collaboration skills across the spectrum of social work practice, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination. |
| 4 | Students will begin to develop professional use of self and self-awareness through consultation with professional social workers, self-reflection, understanding of social work values, and creative implementation of those values in internship and classroom settings. |
| 5 | Students will meet the 1st-semester competency requirements outlined in Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the Field Practicum Learning Agreement and end of semester evaluation.  |

**Course Format / Instructional Methods**

Field Education is systematically designed, supervised, coordinated, and evaluated based on criteria by which students demonstrate the achievement of program competencies (Brooks, 2010). These competencies are articulated in the CSWE Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards (EPAS) and make up the end of semester evaluation for field education. To prepare students for successfully achieving those competencies, a variety of instructional methods are utilized.

Instructional methods in the seminar and field experiences consist of university-led trainings, field activities, and supervision from a designated Field Instructor. Field activities could include direct client interactions, observation of professional social workers, shadowing opportunities, trainings, individual field instruction, group supervision, guidance on proper documentation, crisis management responses, didactic instruction, and experiential exercises. OCP students may also develop a collaborative relationship with site-based employees, known as Preceptors, who help guide them in day-to-day operations with many of the activities listed above. For students in VAC, the virtual teaching platform will provide learning opportunities and resources for an effective educational experience for students. A combination of videos, simulated client, interactive virtual media, and written and/or oral assignments will provide students with opportunities to apply social work practice, values and ethics in various virtual practice settings.

All incoming students will be trained in Motivational Interviewing at the beginning of this course. They will also be trained in at least one additional EBI. The process of training students on EBIs may include the use of:

* Case vignettes
* Videos
* Role plays
* Structured small group exercises
* Agency-based trainings

USC Field Faculty are assigned to oversee the progress of the students in their field experiences, including consultation for students’ field assignments. The USC Field Faculty meet in-class with students in weekly Practice Labs to reinforce their developing skills, facilitate feedback and processing of field experiences, and engage students in creative exercises to improve EBI implementation.

Reflective Learning Tools are used to describe students’ client interactions, improve critical thinking skills, provide an opportunity for instructor input, and provide a formal opportunity for self-reflection. A teaching plan known as the Learning Agreement will be developed collaboratively between students and their instructors. At the end of the first semester, the end of semester evaluation will be completed for each student and a grade will be assigned by the USC Field Faculty.

As discussion and participation are an integral part of the learning process, students are expected to prepare for supervision and fully participate in lab and field activities. The quality of written communication and the professionalism of presentations will be assessed as part of the grade for this course. Students are expected to be in field a minimum of 16 hours per week and are expected to attend the weekly field lab throughout the semester.

Students are expected to take an active role in their experiences through the use of three core learning processes: critical self-reflection, interaction, and risk-taking. This teaching method draws on Transformative Learning Theory which asserts that students develop integrative knowledge about self and others in a dynamic, multicultural society from multiple perspectives (Lee & Greene, 2003). A primary goal is to help students understand their own and others’ cultural experiences through a process of cultural humility. Students will challenge their preconceptions and stereotypes, and to develop an attitude of openness and flexibility in cross-cultural interactions. As students explore their burgeoning professional role and identity, they will also be applying critical thinking skills to assessment, documentation, and the informed application of EBIs.

**Student Learning Outcome**

The following table lists the Social Work competencies, as defined by the Council on Social Work Education’s 2015 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards, which are the basis of the student learning outcomes in the MSW program:

|  |
| --- |
| **Social Work Competencies** |
|  | 1 | Demonstrate ethical and professional behavior \* |
|  | 2 | Engage in diversity and difference in practice \* |
|  | 3 | Advance human rights and social, economic, and environmental justice \* |
|  | 4 | Engage in practice-informed research and research-informed practice \* |
|  | 5 | Engage in policy practice \* |
|  | 6 | Engage with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities \* |
|  | 7 | Assess individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities \* |
|  | 8 | Intervene with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities \* |
|  | 9 | Evaluate practice with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities \* |

*\* Highlighted in this course*

See **Appendix A** for an expanded table, which details the competencies and dimensions of competence highlighted in this course. The table also shows the course objective(s), behaviors/indicators of competence, and course content and assignments related to each competency highlighted in the course.

**Course Assignments, Due Dates, and Grading**

**All assignments must be completed to receive Credit for this course and are described below.**

| **Assignment** | **Due Date** | **Grading** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **SEMINAR-BASED ASSIGNMENTS** |
| **Assignment 1**Evidence Based Intervention Trainings  | Multiple Units | Credit/No Credit (CR/NC)*Students must complete all EBI related training and materials.* |
| **Assignment 2** Seminar Participation and Self-Evaluation (2) | Units 1-15Mid-semester evaluation due Unit 8; End of semester evaluation due Unit 15 | CR/NC*Student will complete a self-evaluation relating to participation in seminar consultation at* ***mid-semester and end of semester*** *for Credit* |
| **FIELD-BASED ASSIGNMENTS** |
| **Assignment 3**Reflective Learning Tools (RLTs) – 4 total | 2 RLTs completed by Unit 8; remaining 2 due by Unit 15 | CR/NC*All* ***4 RLTs required*** *for Credit* |
| **Assignment 4**Completion of Learning Agreement | Learning Agreement due by Unit 5 | CR/NC ***Completed Learning Agreement*** *required for Credit* |
| **Assignment 5** Development of Competencies reflected via Final Evaluation  | Development of Competencies as evidenced in Evaluation due by Unit 15 | CR/NC ***Completed Competency Evaluation*** *required for Credit* |
| **Assignment 6**Completion of Field Hours | Unit 15 (min of 50% due by Unit 8, 100% due by Unit 15) | CR/NC ***minimum number of hours*** *indicated in the field calendar**must be completed for Credit* |

**Assignment 1: Evidence-Based Intervention (EBI) Trainings**

Students will be trained in Motivational Interviewing, Problem Solving Therapy and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy. These trainings will be completed during the foundation semester and will equip students to apply EBIs in their field activities.

**Due:** Students must complete EBIs training. OCP students maybe required to present proof of attendance to Field Faculty.

*This assignment relates to student learning outcomes 1, 2, 3, & 5*

**Assignment 2: Seminar Participation and Self-Evaluation (2)**

Class participation should consist of thoughtful, respectful, and meaningful contributions based on relevant field experience or instructional themes of the week, required readings, and assignments prior to class. Class participation is defined by being actively engaged in your learning, demonstrated by participating in class discussions, corresponding with the instructor and classmates, asking questions, sharing thoughts/feelings/experiences, and other curiosities as related to how to apply these concepts to your professional field education settings. Students will be provided a self-evaluation and end-of-semester evaluation to reflect on their seminar participation.

**Due**: Consultation occurs Units 1-15; Mid-semester evaluation due Unit 8; End of semester evaluation due Unit 15

This assignment relates to learning objectives 1, 2, 3, & 4

**Assignment 3: Reflective Learning Tools**

Four RLTs are due continuously to the Field Instructor (VAC this is your course instructor) and as identified in the Learning Agreement. Students will come to class prepared to share their field experiences and provide feedback using the Relational Cultural Theory (RCT) model and the application of the required readings. In addition, students will utilize the content of their RLTs in sharing their reflections on their fieldwork.

**Due**: Two of RLTs completed by Unit 8; remaining two due by Unit 15. All four RLTs must be completed and reviewed by Field Instructor to receive Credit for this assignment and for successful completion of this course (no partial credit).

This assignment relates to course objectives 1, 2, & 4

**Assignment 4: Completion of Learning Agreement**

* Complete Learning Agreement with field practicum goals.
* Ensure that the completed Learning Agreement is signed by the Intern, Field Instructor, and Field Liaison.

**Due:** Learning Agreement due by Unit 5. The Learning Agreement must be completed for successful completion of this course and to receive credit for this assignment (no partial credit).

*This assignment relates to learning objectives 1, 2, & 4*

**Assignment 5:** Development of Competencies reflected via Final Evaluation

* Demonstrate first-semester generalist skills in the CSWE Competencies as listed in the end-of-semester evaluation.
* Complete a self-assessment by rating themselves on the end-of-semester evaluation.
* Review and discuss the end-of-semester evaluation completed by the Field Instructor, who makes the grade recommendation. If satisfied that the content accurately reflects progress, student and Field Instructor sign as instructed.
* Ensure that the completed evaluation is received and signed by the Field Liaison.

**Due:** Development of Competencies as evidenced in a final Evaluation is due by Unit 15. The Evaluation must be finished for successful completion of this course and to receive credit for this assignment (no partial credit).

*This assignment relates to learning objectives 1, 2, & 4*

**Assignment 6: Completion of Field Hours**

* Complete the required number of field placement hours as identified in the Field Manual and field calendar.

**Due:** See field calendar. Minimum of 50% of hours completed by Unit 8, 100% of hours completed by Unit 15. All required hours must be completed for successful completion of this course and to receive credit for this assignment (no partial credit).

*This assignment relates to learning objectives 1, 2, & 4*

**Additional Information about Field:**

*If there are unresolved field-related issues, discuss with your Field Instructor and, if needed, contact your Field Liaison.*

All University Holidays are sanctioned time off. If a University Holiday falls on one of the student’s regularly scheduled days at the agency, students do not have to make-up for the hours. Students are required to make up any field hours missed due to agency holidays that fall on their scheduled placement day and are not University Holidays. Students should consult with their Field Instructor and/or Preceptor to ensure their absence would not adversely affect the agency and/or client care.

Students are allowed eight hours each semester to take time off for religious holidays or illness which must be discussed in advance and arranged with the Field Instructor/Preceptor. This time counts in the Field Internship hours and the student does not have to make-up this time. Make-up hours for additional time missed must be discussed with and approved by the Field Instructor/Preceptor.

*If agreed upon prior to the start of the field placement, some students may be expected to complete additional field hours and/or other requirements in order to fulfil their professional commitment to the agency. The On Campus Program (OCP) Field Calendar is available at:* [*https://dworakpeck.usc.edu/msw-on-campus/field-education/students-forms*](https://dworakpeck.usc.edu/msw-on-campus/field-education/students-forms)*. VAC students will find the VFP Field Calendar in the Toolbox located on the Digital Learning Platform.* *Please note the calendars are different for OCP and VAC.*

*On-Campus Programs (OCP)*: All field forms and information, including the calendar, can be found here:

<https://dworakpeck.usc.edu/academics/msw-on-campus/field-education/students-forms>

*Virtual Academic Center (VAC):* All field forms and information, including the calendar, can be found in your Toolbox and the Field Manual here: <https://msw.usc.edu/academic/field-experience/>

This course is Credit/No Credit. Class grades will be based on the following:

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Assignment Grades** | **Final Grades** |
| Credit | 83% or above | Credit | 83% or above |
| No Credit | 82% or below | No Credit | 82% or below |

See **Appendix B** for additional details regarding the definitions of grades and standards established by the faculty of the School.

**Attendance and Participation**

Students' active involvement in the class is essential to their growth as practitioners. Consistent attendance, preparation for and participation in class discussions and activities, timely completion of coursework and assignments, and personal conduct that fosters a respectful, collegial, and professional learning environment are expected. Students are expected to attend every class and remain in class for the duration of the session. Failure to attend class or arriving late may impact your ability to achieve course objectives, which could affect your course grade. Students are expected to notify the instructor by telephone or email of any anticipated absence or reason for tardiness. University of Southern California policy permits students to be excused from class without penalty for the observance of religious holy days. This policy also covers scheduled final examinations that conflict with students’ observance of a holy day. Students must make arrangements in advance to complete class work that will be missed or to reschedule an examination due to observance of a religious holiday. Having more than 2 *unexcused* absences in class may impact your grade. Students earn field hours through attendance in field seminar.  Substantive participation in remote/hybrid VAC and Ground courses, includes maintaining an active screen in live sessions and completing all asynchronous content and activities prior to the scheduled live class discussion. Failure to complete 2 or more asynchronous units in the VAC before the live class, without prior instructor permission, also may result in a lowered grade.

**Class participation will be assessed according to the following criteria\*:**

\*See assignment 2 for criteria related to participation in field seminar.

**Additional Expectations and Guidelines**

Students are expected to contribute to the development of a positive learning environment and demonstrate their learning through written and oral assignments and active class participation**.**

**Expectations**

1. Students are expected to complete all written and other assignments on time.
2. Students are encouraged to share readings gleaned from their field placement, as well as from other class assignments.
3. Students are expected to respect the confidentiality of clients: Use pseudonyms when discussing specific cases, and respect and maintain confidentiality regarding class discussions that may reveal personal information about other students in the class.
4. Active participation is required of all students and will be considered in your final evaluation.
5. Problem solving, identification of issues of concern, and learning needs should evolve from the group.
6. Periodic evaluation of the course experience will be conducted. Students will be asked to complete a written evaluation at the end of the semester.

**Guidelines**

Much of the course content will center on critical issues that may be controversial. The following guidelines have been adopted. It is hoped that these guidelines will create an environment in which we can learn from one another and enrich our experience in the field course.

1. Every person participating in the program is of equal worth and value.
2. All opinions are important. We will agree to disagree. ,
3. We do not generalize. Please speak from your perspective using I-statements such as "I think…," "I believe…," "It's been my experience that…," etc.
4. Actively listen to gain understanding. We will be speaking from our personal experiences. It is important to recognize that we will be talking about what is true for us.
5. We respect the confidentiality of our classmates. Information that is shared during class stays in class.
6. Be aware of your level of participation in the group and act accordingly. If you tend to be quiet in group situations, please work at increasing your contribution. We're here to learn from one another. On the other hand, avoid monopolizing discussion by talking too much, too long, or too loudly.
7. This course's content is shared by each member's contributions to the class discussion. Learn the balance to either step up or step back to allow diverse voices to be heard.
8. Diversity is our strength! The class setting is a sacred place, and all persons and their perspectives are welcome.

**Required Instructional Materials and Resources**

NASW Code of Ethics. (n.d.). Retrieved from: <https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English>

2021 Amendments to the NASW Code of Ethics: Self-Care and Cultural Competence <https://www.socialworkers.org/LinkClick.aspx?fileticket=UyXb_VQ35QA%3d&portalid=0>

USC Suzanne-Dworak-Peck School of Social Work Field Manual. Retrieved from:<https://dworakpeck.usc.edu/academics/msw-on-campus/field-education/students-forms>

VAC Field Calendar retrieved from Digital Learning Platform Toolbox.

*OCP Students: USC Suzanne-Dworak-Peck School of Social Work Field Manual & Field Calendar.* Retrieved from <https://dworakpeck.usc.edu/msw-on-campus/field-education/students-forms>

*Required readings are available online through electronic reserve (ARES) listed under* ***Professor Jennifer Parga.***

**Recommended Textbooks**

Garthwait, C. L. (2017). *The social work practicum: A guide and workbook for students* (7th ed.). Pearson Education.

**OR**

Garthwait, C. L. (2017). *The social work practicum: A guide and workbook for students* ***eText***(7th ed.). Pearson Education. (*Can be purchased directly through Pearson Publishing on-line)*

***Note:*** Additional required and recommended readings may be assigned by the instructor throughout the course.

* See **Appendix C** for recommended instructional materials and resources

**Course Schedule—Detailed Description**

**Guidelines for SOWK 591: Applied Learning in Field Education 1**

The USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work places MSW students in thousands of internships nationally and internationally in a variety of different settings: health, mental health, public child welfare, schools, in-person or virtual, etc. This syllabus serves as a general set of expectations for our students and their instructors. However, given the challenges of standardizing direct social work practice, a variety of experiences within these guidelines is expected. Therefore, all stakeholders involved in field education activities should view this document as best practice guidelines.

| **Module One (Units 1-5): Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client Engagement** |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics**  |
| * + - Orientation to Field Education
		- Group and/or Individual Field Instruction
		- Motivational Interviewing instruction and modeling
		- EBI Instruction/Practice (e.g. Motivational Interviewing)
		- Introduction to Relational Cultural Theory
		- Ethical Practice
		- Tools for Client Engagement and Assessment
		- Empathic Communication
		- Field Documentation
		- Creating and Submitting Reflective Learning Tools
		- Professional Development and Consultation
		- Self-Care
		- Using Effective Communication and Collaboration Skills
		- Defining the Social Work Profession
		- Introduction to NASW Code of Ethics & CSWE Core Competencies
		- Personal Risk/Safety Considerations
		- Experiences from Field
 |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1,2, 3, 4, & 5.

**Required Readings**

**Module One (Unit 1)**

Comstock, D. L., Hammer, T. R., Strentzsch, J., Cannon, K., Parsons, J., & G. II. (2008). Relational-cultural theory: A framework for bridging relational, multicultural, and social justice competencies. *Journal of Counseling and Development, 86*(3), 279–287. https://doi.org/10.1002/j.1556-6678.2008.tb00510.x

Garthwait, C. L. (2017). Purpose and expectations for practicum. In *The social work practicum a guide and workbook for students* (7th ed., pp. 1-11). Pearson Education.

Phillips, B., Brekke, J., O, A., Duke, J., Lewis, J., & Cardinal, L. (2018). *Motivational interviewing: Training manual*. [Unpublished manuscript]. School of Social Work, University of Southern California.

**Module One (Unit 2)**

Garthwait, C. L. (2017). Learning from supervision. In *The social work* *practicum a guide and workbook for students* (7th ed., pp. 28-40). Pearson Education.

Sweitzer, H. F., & King, M. A. (2013). Stages of an internship re-visited: Facilitating learning and development through engagement. *Journal of Human Services, 33*(1), 56-72.

Brown, B. (2013, December 10). *Brené Brown on empathy.* [Video]. RSA. <https://brenebrown.com/videos/rsa-short-empathy/>

**Module One (Unit 3)**

Garthwait, C. L. (2017). Social work ethics. In *The Social Work Practicum A Guide and Workbook For Students* (7h ed., pp. 136-147). Pearson Education.

Dore, I. (2019). Doing knowing ethically - where social work values meet critical realism*. Ethics and Social Welfare, 13*(4), 377–391. https://doi.org/10.1080/17496535.2019.1598458

**Module One (Unit 4)**

Burry, C. L. (2002). Working with potentially violent clients in their homes: What child welfare professionals need to know. *Clinical Supervisor, 21(1)*, 145-153.

Garthwait, C. L. (2017). Personal safety. In *The social work practicum a guide and workbook for students* (7th ed., pp. 41-50). Pearson Education.

**Module One (Unit 5)**

Oh, H., & Lee, C. POC (2016). Culture and motivational interviewing. *Patient Education and Counseling*, *99*(11), 1914–1919. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.pec.2016.06.010>

Urmanche, A. A., Oliveira, J. T., Gonçalves, M. M., Eubanks, C. F., & Muran, J. C. (2019). Ambivalence, Resistance, and Alliance Ruptures in Psychotherapy: It’s Complicated. *Psychoanalytic Psychology*, *36*(2), 139–147. <https://doi.org/10.1037/pap0000237>

*Note OCP: Field Liaison visit with the student, Field Instructor and Preceptor (if applicable) will occur between units 5-15. Students are expected to participate in educational planning, review the Learning Agreement and performance to date, and address practicum issues during this meeting.*

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Module Two - Unit 6-8: Assessment, Diagnostic Considerations & Treatment Planning** |  |
|

|  |
| --- |
| **Topics**  |
| * + - Group and/or Individual Field Instruction
		- EBI Instruction/Practice (MI, PST, and/or CBT)
		- Feedback Informed Treatment (FIT)
		- Assessing through Culturally Humble Lens
		- DSM-5
		- Selecting Appropriate Evidence-Based Interventions from Culturally Humble Lens
		- Client Intervention
		- Case Management & Community Resources
		- Field Documentation
		- Creating and Submitting Reflective Learning Tools
		- Professional Development and Consultation
		- Self-Care
		- Managing Ethical Dilemmas Using the NASW Code of Ethics
		- Risk Assessments and Introduction to Mandated Reporting
		- Experiences from Field
 |

 |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5

**Module Two (Unit 6)**

Lee, J. H. (2019). Integration of spirituality into the strengths-based social work practice: A transpersonal approach to the strengths perspective. *Journal of Sociology and Social Work*, *7*(2), 925-935. https://doi:10.15640/jssw.v7n2a4

Rawana, E., & Brownlee, K. (2009). Making the possible probable: A strength-based assessment and intervention framework for clinical work with parents, children, and adolescents. *Families in Society*, *90*(3), 255–260. <https://doi.org/10.1606/1044-3894.3900>

**Module Two (Unit 7)**

Biaggi, A., Conroy, S., Pawlby, S., & Pariante, C. M. (2015). Identifying the women at risk of antenatal anxiety and depression: A systematic review. *Journal of Affective Disorders, 191*, 62–77. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jad.2015.11.014>

Stephens, T. N. (2021). Distinguishing racism, not race, as a risk factor for child welfare involvement: Reclaiming the familial and cultural strengths in the lived experiences of child welfare-affected parents of color. *Genealogy (Basel)*, *5*(1), 11–. <https://doi.org/10.3390/genealogy5010011>

**Module Two (Unit 8)**

Marsiglia F. F., & Booth J. M. (2015). Cultural adaptation of interventions in real practice settings. *Research on Social Work Practice, 25*(4), 423-432. <http://doi.org/10.1177/1049731514535989>

Ofonedu, M. E., Belcher, H. M. E., Budhathoki, C., & Gross, D. A. (2017) Understanding barriers to initial treatment engagement among underserved families seeking mental health services. *Journal of Child and Family Studies*, *26*(3), 863-876. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10826-016-0603-6

| **Module Three - Units 9-11: Problem Solving Therapy & Self Care** |  |
| --- | --- |
|  **Topics** |
| * + - Group and/or individual Field Instruction
		- EBI Instruction/Practice (MI, PST, and/or CBT)
		- Change-Oriented Work with Clients
		- Prepare for Termination
		- Field Documentation
		- Creating and Submitting Reflective Learning Tools
		- Professional Development and Consultation
		- Self-Care
		- Exploring Culture: Cultural Object Activity
		- Managing Ethical Dilemmas Using the NASW Code of Ethics
		- Problem-Solving Therapy Exercises
		- Self-Care and Stress Management
		- Compassion Fatigue, Burnout, and Compassion Satisfaction
		- Experiences from Field
 |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5.

Required Readings:

|  |
| --- |
| **Module Three (Unit 9)** Bloomquist, K., Wood, L., Friedmeyer-Trainor, K., & Kim, H. (2016). Self-care and professional quality of life: predictive factors among MSW practitioners. *Advances in Social Work*, *16*(2), 292–311. <https://doi.org/10.18060/18760>Phillips, B., Brekke, J., & Supranovich, R. (2016). *Problem-solving therapy: Training workbook*. [Unpublished manuscript]. School of Social Work, University of Southern California.**Module Three (Unit 10)** Gockel, A., Cain, T., Malove, S., & James, S. (2013). Mindfulness as clinical training: Student perspectives on the utility of mindfulness training in fostering clinical intervention skills. *Journal of Religion and Spirituality in Social Work: Social Thought, 32*(1), 36-59.Feinberg, E., Stein, R., Diaz-Linhart Y., Egbert, L., Beardless, W., Hegel, M. T., & Silverstein, M. (2012). Adaptation of problem-solving treatment for prevention of depression among low-income, culturally diverse mothers. *Family & Community Health, 35*(1), 57-67. https://doi.org/10.1097/FCH.0b013e3182385d48 **Module Three (Unit 11)** Collins, S. (2021). Social workers and self-care: A promoted yet unexamined concept? *Practice*, *33*(2), 87–102. <https://doi.org/10.1080/09503153.2019.1709635>Potapchuk, M., & Gulati-Partee, G. (2014). Paying attention to white culture and privilege: A missing link to advancing racial equity. *The Foundation Review, 6*(1), 25–. https://doi.org/10.9707/1944-5660.1189 |
| **Module Four - Units 12-15: Social Justice and Termination** |  |
|

|  |
| --- |
| **Topics**  |
| * + - Group and/or Individual Field Instruction
		- Linking Clients’ Experiences to Social Justice Issues
		- Managing Termination with Clients
		- Field Documentation
		- Creating and Submitting Final Reflective Learning Tools
		- Completing Self-Assessment for Comprehensive Skills Evaluation
		- Reviewing, Signing and Submitting Generalist Practice Comprehensive Skills Evaluation
		- Professional Development and Consultation
		- Self-Care
		- Managing Ethical Dilemmas Using the NASW Code of Ethics
		- Exploring Topics of Culture, Social Justice, and Intersectionality through Relational Cultural Theory Lens
		- Examining Privilege
		- Termination: Self-Reflection
		- Relational Cultural Theory Framework and Successes and Challenges in Field
		- Experiences from Field
 |

 |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, 4, & 5.

**Required Readings**

**Module 4 (****Unit 12) – Culture/Intersectionality; Cultural Object Exercise**

Daftary, A.H. (2018) Intersectionality and the disparate experiences of Latinos based on the immigrant status of family members. *Social Work Research*, *42*(3),187-198.

Desai, M. Paranamana, N. Restrepo-Toro, M. O’Connell, M., Davidson, L., & Stanhope, V. (2021). Implicit organizational bias: Mental health treatment culture and norms as barriers to engaging with diversity. *The American Psychologist*, *76*(1), 78–90. <https://doi.org/10.1037/amp0000621>

Gottlieb, L. (2020, June 18). *I thought I was an antiracist therapist. Then I looked more closely.* Washington Post. <https://www.washingtonpost.com/opinions/2020/06/18/i-thought-i-was-an-antiracist-therapist-then-i-looked-more-closely/>

**Module Four (Unit 13)**

Combs, G. (2019). White privilege: What's a family therapist to do? *Journal of Marital and Family Therapy*, *45*(1), 61-75.

Bussey, S. R, Jemal, A., & Caliste, S. (2021). Transforming social work’s potential in the field: A radical framework. *Social Work Education.* *40*(1) 140-154. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02615479.2020.1723536>

McIntosh P. (1988). *White privilege: Unpacking the invisible knapsack.* National Seed Project. <https://nationalseedproject.org/Key-SEED-Texts/white-privilege-unpacking-the-invisible-knapsack>

**Module Four (Unit 14)**

Gelman, C. R., Fernandez, P., Hausman, N., Miller, S., & Weiner, M. (2007). Challenging endings: First year MSW interns’ experiences with forced termination and discussion points for supervisory guidance. *Clinical Social Work Journal, 35*(79), 79-90.

**Module Four (Unit 15)**

Felton, E. M., & Polowy, C. I. (2015). *Termination: Ending the therapeutic relationship-avoiding abandonment.* NASW NEWS. <https://naswcanews.org/termination-ending-the-therapeutic-relationship-avoiding-abandonment/>

**List of Appendices**

1. Detailed Descriptions of Social Work Core Competencies Highlighted in this Course
2. Definitions of Grades and Standards Established by Faculty of the School
3. Recommended Instructional Materials and Resources
4. Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work DEI Statement
5. Statement on Academic Conduct and Support Systems

**Appendix A: Detailed Description of Social Work Competencies Highlighted in this Course**

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 1**: **Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior**Social workers understand the value base of the profession and its ethical standards, as well as relevant laws and regulations that may impact practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels. Social workers understand frameworks of ethical decision-making and how to apply principles of critical thinking to those frameworks in practice, research, and policy arenas. Social workers recognize personal values and the distinction between personal and professional values. They also understand how their personal experiences and affective reactions influence their professional judgment and behavior. Social workers understand the profession’s history, its mission, and the roles and responsibilities of the profession. Social Workers also understand the role of other professions when engaged in inter-professional teams. Social workers recognize the importance of life-long learning and are committed to continually updating their skills to ensure they are relevant and effective. Social workers also understand emerging forms of technology and the ethical use of technology in social work practice. | **3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**4.** Develop professional use of self through consultation with professional social workers, self-reflection, understanding of social work values, and creative implementation of those values in internship settings**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | **1b.** Uses reflection and self-regulation to manage personal values and maintain professionalism in practice situations. | Values, Cognitive and Affective Processes | **Units 2-5:** Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client Engagement**Units 6-8:** Assessment, diagnostic considerations, & Treatment Planning**Units 9 -11:** Problem Solving Therapy and Self Care**Units 12-15:** Social Justice and TerminationObservation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labParticipation in ethics, risk factorand other class vignettes/exercisesField documentation Weekly supervisionCompletion of field hours |
| **3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | **1c.** Demonstrates professional demeanor in behavior; appearance; and oral, written, and electronic communication. | Values, Cognitive and Affective Processes |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 2**: **Engage Diversity and Difference in Practice**Social workers understand how diversity and difference characterize and shape the human experience and are critical to the formation of identity. The dimensions of diversity are understood as the intersectionality of multiple factors including but not limited to age, class, color, culture, disability and ability, ethnicity, gender, gender identity and expression, immigration status, marital status, political ideology, race, religion/spirituality, sex, sexual orientation, and tribal sovereign status. Social workers understand that, as a consequence of difference, a person’s life experiences may include oppression, poverty, marginalization, and alienation as well as privilege, power, and acclaim. Social workers also understand the forms and mechanisms of oppression and discrimination and recognize the extent to which a culture’s structures and values, including social, economic, political, and cultural exclusions, may oppress, marginalize, alienate, or create privilege and power. | **1.** Integrate classroom theories and concepts with direct practice in laboratory settings and/or with vulnerable communities where the effects of poverty, discrimination and oppression are pervasive in an effort to bring about both individual and societal change**4.** Develop professional use of self through consultation with professional social workers, self-reflection, understanding of social work values, and creative implementation of those values in internship settings**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Core Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | **2c.** Applies self-awareness and self-regulation to manage the influence of personal biases and values in working with diverse clients and constituencies. | Cognitive and Affective Processes | **Units 2-5:** Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client Engagement**Units 6-8:** Assessment, diagnostic considerations & Treatment Planning**Units 9 -11:** Problem Solving Therapy and Self Care**Units 12-15:** Social Justice and TerminationParticipation in ethics, risk factor and other class vignettes/exercisesObservation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labField documentation Observation of interactions with clients (either with assigned clients or via role play)Weekly Supervision |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 3: Advance Human Rights and Social, Economic, and Environmental Justice** Social workers understand that every person regardless of position in society has fundamental human rights such as freedom, safety, privacy, an adequate standard of living, health care, and education. Social workers understand the global interconnections of oppression and human rights violations, and are knowledgeable about theories of human need and social justice and strategies to promote social and economic justice and human rights. Social workers understand strategies designed to eliminate oppressive structural barriers to ensure that social goods, rights, and responsibilities are distributed equitably and that civil, political, environmental, economic, social, and cultural human rights are protected. | **1.** Integrate classroom theories and concepts with direct practice in laboratory settings and/or with vulnerable communities where the effects of poverty, discrimination and oppression are pervasive in an effort to bring about both individual and societal change**3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**4.** Develop professional use of self through consultation with professional social workers, self-reflection, understanding of social work values, and creative implementation of those values in internship settings**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Core Competencies as indicated in the Comprehensive Skills Evaluation | 3a. Applies principles of social, economic, and environmental justice to advocate for human rights within the scope of the organization’s mission.  | Values, Cognitive and Affective Processes | **Units 12-15:** Social Justice and terminationObservation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labParticipation in ethics, risk factor and other class vignettes/exercisesField documentation Weekly supervisionCompletion of field hours |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 4**: **Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-Informed Practice**Social workers understand quantitative and qualitative research methods and their respective roles in advancing a science of social work and in evaluating their practice. Social workers know the principles of logic, scientific inquiry, and culturally informed and ethical approaches to building knowledge. Social workers understand that evidence that informs practice derives from multi-disciplinary sources and multiple ways of knowing. They also understand the processes of translating research findings into effective practice. | **1.** Integrate classroom theories and concepts with direct practice in laboratory settings and/or with vulnerable communities where the effects of poverty, discrimination and oppression are pervasive in an effort to bring about both individual and societal change**2.** Develop critical thinking skills to learn, apply, and creatively adapt evidence-based interventions (EBIs) such as Motivational Interviewing and Problem-Solving Therapy (PST), and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) in internship settings**3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Core Competencies as indicated in the Comprehensive Skills Evaluation | 4a. Implements evidence-based interventions.4b. Translates and integrates research findings with professional judgment to inform and improve practice.  | Skills | **Units 2-5:** Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client Engagement**Units 9 -11:** Problem Solving Therapy and Self CareParticipation in Evidence-Based Intervention (EBI) TrainingsObservation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labField documentation Observation of interactions with clients (either with assigned clients or via role play)Weekly Supervision |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 5: Engage in Policy Practice**Social workers understand that human rights and social justice, as well as social welfare and services, are mediated by policy and its implementation at the federal, state, and local levels. Social workers understand the history and current structures of social policies and services, the role of policy in service delivery, and the role of practice in policy development. Social workers understand their role in policy development and implementation within their practice settings at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels and they actively engage in policy practice to effect change within those settings. Social workers recognize and understand the historical, social, cultural, economic, organizational, environmental, and global influences that affect social policy. They are also knowledgeable about policy formulation, analysis, implementation, and evaluation. | **1.** Integrate classroom theories and concepts with direct practice in laboratory settings and/or with vulnerable communities where the effects of poverty, discrimination and oppression are pervasive in an effort to bring about both individual and societal change**3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Core Competencies as indicated in the Comprehensive Skills Evaluation | 5a. Demonstrates an understanding of how social welfare and/or agency policy affects the delivery of and access to social services. | Knowledge | **Units 2-5:** Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client Engagement**Units 12-15:** Social Justice and TerminationObservation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labField documentation Weekly Supervision |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 6**: **Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities**Social workers understand that engagement is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers value the importance of human relationships. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge to facilitate engagement with clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand strategies to engage diverse clients and constituencies to advance practice effectiveness. Social workers understand how their personal experiences and affective reactions may impact their ability to effectively engage with diverse clients and constituencies. Social workers value principles of relationship-building and inter-professional collaboration to facilitate engagement with clients, constituencies, and other professionals as appropriate. | **1.** Integrate classroom theories and concepts with direct practice in laboratory settings and/or with vulnerable communities where the effects of poverty, discrimination and oppression are pervasive in an effort to bring about both individual and societal change**2.** Develop critical thinking skills to learn, apply, and creatively adapt evidence-based interventions (EBIs) such as Motivational Interviewing and Problem-Solving Therapy (PST), and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) in internship settings**3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | 6b. Uses knowledge of practice context to inform engagement with clients and constituencies.6d. Uses interpersonal skills to engage diverse clients and constituencies. | Knowledge and SkillsSkills | **Units 1-5:** Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client Engagement**Units 9 -11:** Problem Solving Therapy and Self CareEvaluation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labObservation of engagement skillsduring EBI trainings Observation of interactions with clients (either with assigned clients or via role play)Field documentation Weekly supervision |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 7: Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities**Social workers understand that assessment is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in the assessment of diverse clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand methods of assessment with diverse clients and constituencies to specialized practice effectiveness. Social workers recognize the implications of the larger practice context in the assessment process and value the importance of interprofessional collaboration in this process. Social workers understand how their personal experiences and affective reactions may affect their assessment and decision-making. | **2.** Develop critical thinking skills to learn, apply, and creatively adapt evidence-based interventions (EBIs) such as Motivational Interviewing and Problem-Solving Therapy (PST), and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) in internship settings**3.** Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination**5.** Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | 7a. Applies knowledge of multi-disciplinary theoretical frameworks (i.e., human behavior and the social environment, person-and-environment, among others) in assessing information from clients and constituencies. Constituencies include individuals, families, groups, organizations, and/or communities.7b. Applies critical thinking in assessing information (e.g., client strengths, needs, and challenges) from clients and constituencies  | Skills and KnowledgeCognitive and Affective Processes | Units 1-5: Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client EngagementUnits 6-8: Assessment, diagnostic considerations & Treatment PlanningUnits 9 -11: Problem Solving Therapy and Self CareEvaluation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labObservation of assessment skills during EBI trainings Observation of interactions with clients (either with assigned clients or via role play)Field documentation Weekly supervision |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 8: Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities**Social workers understand that intervention is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are knowledgeable about evidence-informed interventions to achieve the goals of clients and constituencies, including individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge to effectively intervene with clients and constituencies. Social workers understand methods of identifying, analyzing and implementing evidence-informed interventions to achieve client and constituency goals. Social workers value the importance of inter-professional teamwork and communication in interventions, recognizing that beneficial outcomes may require interdisciplinary, inter-professional, and inter-organizational collaboration. | 2. Develop critical thinking skills to learn, apply, and creatively adapt evidence-based interventions (EBIs) such as Motivational Interviewing and Problem-Solving Therapy (PST), and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) in internship settings3. Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination5. Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | 8a. Selects appropriate intervention strategies based on the assessment, research knowledge, and values and preferences of clients and constituencies. Constituencies include individuals, families, groups, organizations, and/or communities. | Skills and Knowledge | Units 1-5: Orientation to Field Education/ Motivational Interviewing and Client EngagementUnits 6-8: Assessment, diagnostic considerations & Treatment PlanningUnits 9 -11: Problem Solving Therapy and Self CareUnits 12-15: Social Justice and TerminationEvaluation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labObservation of intervention skills during EBI trainings Observation of interactions with clients (either with assigned clients or via role play)Field documentation Weekly supervision |
| **Competency** | **Objective(s)** | **Behavior(s)** | **Dimension(s)** | **Content** |
| **Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities**Social workers understand that evaluation is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities. Social workers recognize the importance of evaluating processes and outcomes to advance practice, policy, and service delivery effectiveness. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in evaluating outcomes. Social workers understand qualitative and quantitative methods for evaluating outcomes and practice effectiveness. | 1. Integrate classroom theories and concepts with direct practice in laboratory settings and/or with vulnerable communities where the effects of poverty, discrimination and oppression are pervasive in an effort to bring about both individual and societal change2. Develop critical thinking skills to learn, apply, and creatively adapt evidence-based interventions (EBIs) such as Motivational Interviewing and Problem-Solving Therapy (PST), and/or Cognitive Behavioral Therapy (CBT) in internship settings3. Enhance collaboration and communication skills across the spectrum of culturally appropriate social work services, from engagement to assessment, goal-setting, intervention, evaluation, and termination5. Increase proficiency in the required Council on Social Work Education’s (CSWE) Competencies as indicated in the end of semester Evaluation | 9b. Evaluates (e.g., monitors and critically analyses) intervention processes and outcomes. | Skills and Cognitive and Affective Processes | Units 6-8: Assessment, diagnostic considerations & Treatment PlanningUnits 9 -11: Problem Solving Therapy and Self CareEvaluation of participation and engagement in weekly practice labObservation of interactions with clients (either with assigned clients or via role play)Field documentation Weekly supervision |

**Appendix B: Definitions of Grades and Standards Established by Faculty of the School\***

All Field courses are graded using a **Credit/No Credit** standard and within the USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work policy. Grades are determined in each class based on the following standards, which have been established by the faculty of the School: CR (Credit) Passing mark for non-letter-graded courses. Equivalent to B quality or better for graduate courses; no effect on GPA. NC (No Credit) Less than equivalent of B quality for a graduate, non-letter-graded course; no effect on GPA. IP (In Progress) Interim mark for a course exceeding one semester.

\*See assignment chart for breakdown of Seminar and field practicum requirements and grading criteria defining successful completion of this course.

**Appendix C: Recommended Instructional Materials and Resources**

**Recommended Guidebook for DSM:**

American Psychiatric Association. (2022). Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (5th ed., Text Revision). <https://doi.org/10.1176/appi.books.9780890425787>

**Recommended Guidebook for APA Style Formatting:**

American Psychological Association (2020). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (7th ed.). Author.

**Appendix D: Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work Diversity, Equity, and Inclusion Statement**

At the USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work, we aspire to promote diversity, equity and inclusion in our courses and professional practice. We value the diverse backgrounds and perspectives that our students bring into the classroom as strengths and resources that enrich the academic and learning experience. We offer and value inclusive learning in the classroom and beyond. We integrate readings, materials and activities that are respectful of diversity in all forms, including race, ethnicity, culture, gender identity and expression, sexual orientation, age, ability and disability, socioeconomic status, religion, and political perspectives. Collectively, we aspire to co-create a brave space with students and instructors to critically examine individual and collective sources of bias, prejudice, discrimination, and systematic oppression that affect the ability of people and communities to thrive. In this way, we fulfill our professional responsibility to practice the [NASW Code of Ethics](https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English), abide by the [CSWE Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards](https://www.cswe.org/getattachment/Accreditation/Accreditation-Process/2015-EPAS/2015EPAS_Web_FINAL.pdf.aspx), and address the [American Academy of Social Work and Social Welfare, Grand Challenges for Social Work.](https://grandchallengesforsocialwork.org/)

**Appendix E: University Policies and Guidelines**

**Attendance Policy**

Students are expected to attend every class and to remain in class for the duration of the unit. Failure to attend class or arriving late may impact your ability to achieve course objectives which could affect your course grade. Students are expected to notify the instructor by email (xxx@usc.edu) of any anticipated absence or reason for tardiness.

University of Southern California policy permits students to be excused from class for the observance of religious holy days. This policy also covers scheduled final examinations which conflict with students’ observance of a holy day. Students must make arrangements in advance to complete class work which will be missed, or to reschedule an examination, due to holy days observance.

Please refer to [SCampus](https://policy.usc.edu/scampus/) and to the [USC School of Social Work Policies and Procedures](https://dworakpeck.usc.edu/student-life/student-resources) for additional information on attendance policies.

**Statement on Academic Conduct**

Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Recording a university class without the express permission of the instructor and an announcement to the class, as well as distributing or using recordings of university lectures or classes without the express permission of the instructor, for purposes other than individual or group study, also constitute violations of the USC Student Conduct Code.

Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism, unauthorized recording of university classes, and other forms of academic dishonesty and misconduct in SCampus, Part B, Section 11, “Behavior Violating University Standards,” as well as information in SCampus and in the university policies on scientific misconduct.

**Students and Disability Accommodations**

USC welcomes students with disabilities into all of the University’s educational programs. The Office of Student Accessibility Services (OSAS) is responsible for the determination of appropriate accommodations for students who encounter disability-related barriers. Once a student has completed the OSAS process (registration, initial appointment, and submitted documentation) and accommodations are determined to be reasonable and appropriate, a Letter of Accommodation (LOA) will be available to generate for each course. The LOA must be given to each course instructor by the student and followed up with a discussion. This should be done as early in the semester as possible as accommodations are not retroactive. More information can be found at [osas.usc.edu](http://osas.usc.edu/). You may contact OSAS at (213) 740-0776 or via email at osasfrontdesk@usc.edu.

**Statement about Incompletes**

The Grade of Incomplete (IN) can be assigned only if there is work not completed because of a documented illness or some other emergency occurring after the 12th week of the semester. Students must NOT assume that the instructor will agree to the grade of IN. Removal of the grade of IN must be instituted by the student and agreed to be the instructor and reported on the official “Incomplete Completion Form.”

**Policy on Late or Make-up Work**

Papers are due on the day and time specified. Extensions will be granted only for extenuating circumstances. If the paper is late without permission, the grade will be affected.

**Policy on Changes to the Syllabus and/or Course Requirements**

It may be necessary to make some adjustments in the syllabus during the semester in order to respond to unforeseen or extenuating circumstances. Adjustments that are made will be communicated to students both verbally and in writing.

**Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers**

*Approved by the 1996 NASW Delegate Assembly and revised by the 2021 NASW Delegate Assembly* [*https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English*](https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English)

**Preamble**

The primary mission of the social work profession is to enhance human well-being and help meet the basic human needs of all people, with particular attention to the needs and empowerment of people who are vulnerable, oppressed, and living in poverty. A historic and defining feature of social work is the profession's focus on individual well-being in a social context and the well-being of society. Fundamental to social work is attention to the environmental forces that create, contribute to, and address problems in living.

Social workers promote social justice and social change with and on behalf of clients. "Clients" is used inclusively to refer to individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are sensitive to cultural and ethnic diversity and strive to end discrimination, oppression, poverty, and other forms of social injustice. These activities may be in the form of direct practice, community organizing, supervision, consultation, administration, advocacy, social and political action, policy development and implementation, education, and research and evaluation. Social workers seek to enhance the capacity of people to address their own needs. Social workers also seek to promote the responsiveness of organizations, communities, and other social institutions to individuals' needs and social problems.

The mission of the social work profession is rooted in a set of core values. These core values, embraced by social workers throughout the profession's history, are the foundation of social work's unique purpose and perspective:

* Service
* Social justice
* Dignity and worth of the person
* Importance of human relationships
* Integrity
* Competence

This constellation of core values reflects what is unique to the social work profession. Core values, and the principles that flow from them, must be balanced within the context and complexity of the human experience.

**Academic Dishonesty Sanction Guidelines**

Some lecture slides, notes, or exercises used in this course may be the property of the textbook publisher or other third parties. All other course material, including but not limited to slides developed by the instructor(s), the syllabus, assignments, course notes, course recordings (whether audio or video) and examinations or quizzes are the property of the University or of the individual instructor who developed them. Students are free to use this material for study and learning, and for discussion with others, including those who may not be in this class, unless the instructor imposes more stringent requirements. Republishing or redistributing this material, including uploading it to web sites or linking to it through services like iTunes, violates the rights of the copyright holder and is prohibited. There are civil and criminal penalties for copyright violation. Publishing or redistributing this material in a way that might give others an unfair advantage in this or future courses may subject you to penalties for academic misconduct.

**Complaints**

Please direct any concerns about the course with the instructor first. If you are unable to discuss your concerns with the instructor, please contact the faculty course lead, Christina (Tina) Paddock, cpaddock@usc.edu (On Campus Program Students), Jennifer Parga, jparga@usc.edu (VAC Students). Any concerns unresolved with the course instructor or faculty course lead may be directed to the student’s advisor, the Associate Director of Field Education Dr. Suh Chen Hsiao and/or the Chair of your program.

**Tips for Maximizing Your Learning Experience in this Course**

Be mindful of getting proper nutrition, exercise, rest and sleep!

* Come to class.
* Complete required readings and assignments BEFORE coming to class.
* BEFORE coming to class, review the materials from the previous Unit AND the current Unit, AND scan the topics to be covered in the next Unit.
* Come to class prepared to ask any questions you might have.
* Participate in class discussions.
* AFTER you leave class, review the materials assigned for that Unit again, along with your notes from that Unit.
* If you don't understand something, ask questions! Ask questions in class, during office hours, and/or through email!
* Keep up with the assigned readings.

**Appendix F: Support Systems and Additional Resources**

**Counseling and Mental Health**

<https://studenthealth.usc.edu/counseling/>

Phone number (213) 740-9355

On call 24/7

Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention.

**National Suicide Prevention Lifeline**

<https://suicidepreventionlifeline.org/>

Phone number 1 (800) 273-8255

On call 24/7

Free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week.

**Relationship and Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP)**

<https://studenthealth.usc.edu/sexual-assault/>

Phone Number (213) 740-9355(WELL), press “0” after hours

On call 24/7

Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm.

**USC Office of Equity, Equal Opportunity, and Title IX**

<https://eeotix.usc.edu/>

Phone number (213) 740-5086

Title IX Office (213) 821-8298

Information about how to get help or help someone affected by harassment or discrimination, rights of protected classes, reporting options, and additional resources for students, faculty, staff, visitors, and applicants.

**Reporting Incidents of Bias or Harassment**

<https://usc-advocate.symplicity.com/care_report/index.php/pid422659>?

Phone number (213) 740-5086 or (213) 821-8298

Avenue to report incidents of bias, hate crimes, and microaggressions to the Office of Equity, Equal Opportunity, and Title IX for appropriate investigation, supportive measures, and response.

**USC Office of Student Accessibility Services**

<https://osas.usc.edu/>

Phone number (213) 740-0776

Support and accommodations for students with disabilities. Services include assistance in providing readers/note takers/interpreters, special accommodations for test taking needs, assistance with architectural barriers, assistive technology, and support for individual needs.

**USC Campus Support and Intervention**

<https://campussupport.usc.edu/>

Phone number (213) 821-4710

Assists students and families in resolving complex personal, financial, and academic issues adversely affecting their success as a student.

**Diversity at USC**

<https://diversity.usc.edu/>

Phone number (213) 740-2101

Information on events, programs and training, the Provost’s Diversity and Inclusion Council, Diversity Liaisons for each academic school, chronology, participation, and various resources for students.

**USC Emergency**

<https://dps.usc.edu/>

UPC phone number (213) 740-4321

HSC phone number (323) 442-1000

On call 24/7

Emergency assistance and avenue to report a crime. Latest updates regarding safety, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible.

**USC Department of Public Safety**

<https://dps.usc.edu/>

UPC phone number (213) 740-6000

HSC phone number (323) 442-120

On call 24/7

Non-emergency assistance or information.

**Additional Resources**

Students enrolled in the Virtual Academic Center can access support services for themselves by contacting Uwill, an independent student assistance program offering mental health and wellness solutions. The program allows students the ability to connect immediately with licensed available mental counselors based on their unique needs and preferences. To get started, follow this [link](https://urldefense.com/v3/__https%3A/app.uwill.com/register/HnemFGqrb4R1MdrCc2xapw?k=g21ouh89E41u5yJz3BmbtQ__;!!LIr3w8kk_Xxm!oQH9f5aIWh1Z7KC30ELNf4VLREw1i_7Frlxt_A-f67LKCsr4v6rzf-kO38uKbfamZu_2ON2eq8o3_g$) to the Uwill portal, create your account with your university email, and connect with a clinician.