

AME 441aL SENIOR PROJECTS LABORATORY
FALL 2022

Laboratories: T 10:00 – 11:50	W 10:00 – 11:50	Th 9:00 – 10:50	Th 12:00 – 1:50
BHE 310	BHE 310	BHE 310	BHE 310

Lectures: M 12:00 – 1:50	M 12:00 – 1:50	M 12:00 – 1:50	M 12:00 – 1:50
THH 114	GFS 118	THH 208	KDC 240

Professors: Dr. R. Antypas	Dr. S. Byahut	Dr. A. Potnuru	Dr. Y. Staelens
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Office Hours: See Piazza for Faculty and TA Lab Times and Office Hours

Laboratory Technicians:	Jeffrey Vargas	Rodney Yates	Usiel Ulloa
BHE 310, (213) 740-4304	vargasje@usc.edu	rodneyya@usc.edu	uulloa@usc.edu

Teaching Assistants: TBD

Recommended Texts (not required):

Beckwith, T.G. & R.D. Marangoni. *Mechanical Measurements*, 6th ed., Addison Wesley.

Holman, J.P. *Experimental Methods for Engineers*, 7th ed., McGraw Hill.

Figliola & Beasley, *Theory and Design for Mechanical Measurements*, Wiley.

Important note to all students registered for AME 441aL:

This semester we have approximately 140 students registered for the course divided into four lecture sessions and four lab sessions. Note, that the arrangement of AME 441aL lecture and laboratory sections is different from most other courses. The goal of this arrangement is to increase contact hours between students and instructors and encourage students to make use of the BHE labs throughout the normal lab operating hours (M-Th 9a-5p, and F 9a–3p).

During the semester, your group will be focused on a group project of your own design. The first deliverable will be the submission of a Literature Review on the **first day of lecture**, Monday August 22nd. It is expected that students will arrange themselves into groups of **four** students before the semester starts. Use the course discussion board if you are looking for teammates.

Students may register for **any** lecture section. Attendance during the lecture section is required and will be used to discuss course material, introduce, and review concepts, and for oral presentations. The lecture section will also be used for student/instructor conferences on a weekly basis. Note that all lecture sections are held at the same time (12:00 – 1:50pm) on Mondays. As senior projects are typically divided amongst instructors based on areas of expertise, this ensures that every group will be able to conference with their project advisor.

Project groups can register for any lab section but need to make sure that all members can be present in the lab at the **SAME** time during the week. The lab section is a set time during which you and your group are *guaranteed* to be available and can work together in the BHE labs where attendance is also required. Throughout the week instructors will schedule set lab hours similar to office hours.

In contrast to years past, you are only required to register for 2 hours of lab. This change was made to create more flexible registration options in your senior year. **HOWEVER**, substantially more laboratory time will be required for you to successfully complete your projects. In fact, previous years required registration for 6 hours of lab and this was often still not enough. It is expected that project groups take advantage of all the lab hours offered. A reasonable estimate is 8 or more hours per week of lab time (per student, when things are going well), so budget your time accordingly. It will be *your* responsibility to work with your group and establish regular work times prior to the semester.

Senior Projects in Aerospace and Mechanical Engineering Fall 2022

* all dates are subject to change *

I. Introduction

The aim of this course is to complete an original project of your own creation which you will shepherd through the entire engineering process. The semester starts with planning and design, and ends with experimental validation. This course gives students the responsibilities associated with an industrial research project while keeping them within a teaching environment. Students will experience similar problems and challenges that will be faced upon graduation and develop a more thorough understanding of the steps involved to complete an actual engineering project. An emphasis on novel work means that one's ingenuity and initiative are a major factor in success.

Students work in groups of **four** on a project of their choice for the entire semester. Topics for these projects are ideally provided by the students themselves. However, projects can be selected from a number of ideas suggested by the faculty. **Think about where you want to be next year and make this project the centerpiece of your academic and budding professional portfolio.** A well-executed senior project is an excellent interview topic!

The extent of the subjects covered is quite broad. Project topics have ranged from traditional areas such as fluid dynamics, structural mechanics, heat transfer, and dynamic control, to less-traditional studies on fishing line motion, plant growth in varying pressure environments, structural fire behavior, etc. The primary requirement in the selection of a topic is that the student must have a strong personal interest. More pragmatically, the project needs to be scoped to fit in a 15-week semester.

We also encourage students to directly contact any of the faculty listed in Appendix G and Appendix H at the end of this handout for ideas in their respective fields of interest and expertise.

The AME 441 schedule compresses an entire design project into a single semester. So, we need to hit the ground running! You will have an assignment due the **first day of lecture (12pm Monday, August 22nd)**. Prior to beginning the semester, you need to form your team, select your project, and conduct a **literature review**. The requirements for this can be found in Appendix A. This will enable you to begin the semester with educated discussions on your topic.

The next deliverable is the **project proposal**. Before work can begin on any project, acceptance of this formal, written proposal is required. The proposal is due **Friday, September 2nd before 5pm**. The proposal will be promptly returned with feedback so work may begin. If a project is not approved, required changes must be made promptly before re-submitting the proposal. Work on the project cannot begin until project approval has been given. The required format for this can be found in Appendix B: Suggested Proposal Format

Two written progress reports will be due during the semester (Friday Sept. 30th and Friday Oct. 28th by 5pm). These will be graded on technical content and progress made, as well as quality, clarity, and professionalism. See Appendix C for format requirements as well as the progress milestones required. Each group will give one formal **oral presentation** on their work to the rest of the class; presentations will take place during the lecture section starting mid- to late-semester.

Each student group will be required to present a poster of their project to faculty and invited guests from industry. This **poster session** is tentatively scheduled for Friday, December 2nd and is a great opportunity

to show everyone else the amazing things you've accomplished in AME 441! It is also great preparation for the Viterbi Senior Design expo which is held in the Spring. Details are given in Appendix E.

Finally, one **Final Report** of publishable quality will be required by each *group* at the end of the semester; this report is due **Wednesday, December 7th before 9am**. Students will be evaluated on the quality and content of their reports and presentations as well as their performance throughout the semester; this includes cleanliness of work areas, adherence to lab safety protocol, and attendance/participation in scheduled meetings.

Document Submission

TurnItIn will be used for submitting all assignments. This includes the Literature Review, Proposal, Progress Reports, and Final Report. Look in \\Blackboard\Assignments\ for document submission links. **Peer Evaluations** will be submitted online via a Google Form.



INCLUDE YOUR GROUP #, DATE, TITLE AND NAMES OF THE AUTHORS ON ALL ASSIGNMENTS

File naming convention: name all files submitted through TurnItIn starting with your two-digit group number (G##). For example:

- G42_literature_review.pdf
- G42_proposal.pdf
- G42_progress_report_1.pdf
- G42_progress_report_2.pdf
- G42_final_report.pdf

II. AME Lab Procedures and Protocol

Safety and Space Management

- **CLOSED-TOE SHOES, LONG PANTS AND APPROPRIATE SHIRTS ARE REQUIRED IN THE LAB AT ALL TIMES. NO EXCEPTIONS!** Shoes need to provide protection; hence, “Toms”, boat shoes, flats, slippers, etc. do not qualify. Pants need to be pants NO EXPOSED ANKLES. Shirts need to cover shoulders and mid-sections.
- Safety precautions (gloves, eye protection, hair ties, etc.) are mandatory. Ask a staff member if you are unsure of any safety precautions you should be taking when working in the lab.
- According to University rules, students are not allowed in the lab without supervision. Therefore, all lab work can only be performed during lab times when teaching and lab staff are present.
- Store your personal belongings out of walking paths; *e.g.*, under work tables. It is important to keep a clear and safe walkway through the laboratory.
- Keep the lab clean. **No food or drinks** in the lab areas. You are welcome to have food or drinks in the hallway, near the stairs, or in the BHE 301 presentation room (outside of AME 341 lab hours).
- **Return all lab equipment to its original location** after use (cables, beakers, drill bits, etc.).
- There is a small engineering library in BHE 301. These resources are to be shared and **are not to leave BHE.**

Supply Room and Device Access

- Access to the BHE 301 Supply Room is restricted to staff. Most tools and equipment are provided for student access in BHE 310.
- Any/all resources and devices that leave the Supply Room **must** be approved, checked out, and signed for by an AME 441 staff member.
- Please promptly report any/all broken or non-functioning equipment and devices to the staff. This is *extremely* important and will save everyone time and trouble in the future!
- When requesting equipment, students must be prepared to give all the pertinent characteristics they require so that the staff can act on the requisition effectively.
- On some occasions, it becomes necessary to share equipment with other groups. Under these circumstances all parties involved are expected to be considerate and cooperative.
- **When requesting to have parts fabricated/machined, ensure that your designs are complete** – design by trial and error will not be permitted. Be prepared to thoroughly present and explain your design in order to facilitate the approval and scheduling of part fabrication/machining. See manufacturing notes in Section IV.

Computer/Printing Rules

- Do **not** customize any computer workstations. This includes modifying the desktop, any/all computer settings, or installing any software without staff approval.
- Files saved to a **\JStude** directory will be safe for the semester. *All other locations will be deleted!*
- Remember to save your work to the computer’s hard drive before moving it to a USB key or portable storage device. This serves as a backup.
- Usage of the printers in the AME Lab are for AME 441 documents only. No exceptions.

III. Facilities

The AME Lab in BHE has served *decades* of AME 441 classes and is well stocked with most of the tools needed to support a successful project. The lab will provide PC's, data acquisition devices and software for design, data capture, and analysis. Common instrumentation is also available including digital image and video recorders, various pressure transducers, low power lasers, thermocouples, etc. So that your group can see what is available, an inventory log will be posted to the course website. Additional information such as vendors and cost are also provided, which might prove useful to your team when writing the proposal. If the required instrumentation is not readily available in the lab, it can often be procured from other departments on a loan basis (*e.g.*, a micropipette could be borrowed from the chemistry department).

Recent AME Lab purchases have focused on procuring research-grade equipment that would typically be beyond the budget of a senior project. Some examples include a [FLIR A400SC](#) thermal imager, high-speed cameras ([KronTech Chronus 1.4](#) and [GoPro Hero Black](#)), and [B&K Precision 9115](#) programmable power supplies. These devices are in limited supply and usage might need to be shared and scheduled with other groups. For a list of all devices and equipment that is available in the lab, see the Inventory Log posted under \\Blackboard\Content of our course webpage.

In addition to basic scientific equipment, the BHE labs have larger test facilities. The AME Lab has a low-turbulence, open-circuit wind tunnel in BHE 301. The test section measures 46 cm x 46 cm x 91 cm and can provide freestream velocities from 3 to 46 m/s with less than 1% variation from the mean. It is equipped with two six-component force balances: one is capable of measuring lift and drag forces up to 67 N and 35 N, respectively, and the other to 12 N. A low-speed water channel, built as a previous AME 441 project, is also available and located in room BHE 110. The test section of this water channel measures 18 cm x 20 cm x 91 cm and has a test velocity range of 5 to 15 cm/s. Flow visualization can be performed through the transparent, acrylic test section walls. Data acquisition for these facilities is possible through a multifunction DAQ device and LabVIEW.

For well-planned projects, advanced AME department facilities can also be made available for AME 441. One such facility is the water channel in RRB 107. The test section of this water channel has a cross-section of 91 cm x 14 cm, and a usable length of approximately 3.5 m. Test velocities range from 12 to 40 cm/s. Flow visualization is possible through the transparent side walls and drag force measurements can be performed using the existing force balance setup. An advanced Particle Image Velocimetry (PIV) system, capable of measuring 2-D velocity fields, may also be made available for well-designed projects which require this capability. Due to the limited availability, operational complexity and safety requirements of the PIV system, students who intend to use this system are required to discuss their project with AME 441 instructors and Dr. Luhar before including its use in their project proposal.

Groups will have access to all software available via the Viterbi Virtual Desktop Interface (VDI) including Siemens NX or SolidWorks as well as the software available on the SAL computers via a remote desktop. Additional software will be considered on a project-by-project basis.

IV. Manufacturing

All projects require some fabrication and the AME lab has multiple facilities allowing you to create custom fabricated components for your project. Note, that this is a design course, so all parts must be justified with quantitative reasoning about key design decisions.

The AME lab has a laser cutter with a 60 cm x 30 cm bed that is capable of cutting 2D shapes from acrylic, balsa wood, and thin plywood. When designing parts for AME 441, using a laser cutter should be your **FIRST** thought. Unlike other manufacturing facilities, the laser cutter can produce same day parts for your project. Think about how you can build up multiple 2D shapes into 3D structures. Also, think about your structural requirements and if cast acrylic can be a viable material.

The AME lab has the following 3D printers: Prusa [i3 MK3S+](#), Markforged [Onyx One](#), Markforged [Mark Two](#). While additive manufacturing is an exciting topic in all disciplines of engineering, it is asked that students restrict 3D print jobs to parts and designs that actually **need** to be 3D printed. The 3D printers have a long lead time during the semester and successful prints typically require multiple iterations. 3D printers are *not* a tool for lazy design. Typically, the majority of jobs submitted for additive manufacture can be produced faster and with higher quality using conventional techniques. Make sure to talk to the AME staff before you assume something can be 3D printed. All 3D printing jobs need to be scheduled through Jeffrey Vargas

Finally, the AME lab has a full machine shop enabling in-house manufacturing. Rod Yates has decades of machining experience; if you can think of it, it can likely be made. Students **must** be involved in the manufacturing of their components and training is available to enable students to craft their own parts. The AME 441 shop is not a place where you submit drawings and walk away. It is a place for you to learn how things are manufactured by being actively involved in the process. Missed manufacturing appointments will result in parts being bumped from the machining schedule and these delays will cause your project to suffer.

ALL machine shop jobs must be scheduled through Rod Yates and will be completed on a first-come first-served basis.

For all of the above facilities, manufacturing will **NOT** be scheduled until the part and assembly drawings have been approved by both “Engineering” (AME 441 Instructors) and “Manufacturing” (Jeffrey Vargas: Laser Cutter & 3D printer, Rod Yates: Machine Shop). Drawings must be submitted on paper, *in-person* and be initialed by both “Engineering” and “Manufacturing” staff for complete approval.

Drawings must be professional quality, submitted as a set (e.g. parts and assembly they belong to), computer generated using the provided templates and have at a minimum:

- 3-View
- Dimensions
- Necessary tolerances
- Part material
- Signature block for approvals
- Accompanying assembly drawing

Additional manufacturing facilities are available include the Baum Maker Space and the USC machine shop in KAP B-1B (M-F, 6:30 AM – 2:30 PM). If these facilities are used, it is the responsibility of the student to submit and schedule parts. The approval process for manufacturing at these facilities is similar to what is required at the BHE facilities

V. Budget

Each *student* is allotted approximately \$100 for the purchase of expendable materials. While this appears to be a small amount, nearly all of the required components for successful projects are already available in the AME Lab. Typically, project groups will only need to charge 1 or 2 items to their project budget and the *majority* of groups do not exceed their allotment. The total amount of funding for a project will be based on the budget submitted with the proposal and may exceed the specified amount if it is deemed necessary for the project's success. Should you need to make a purchase, follow the guidelines below:

Prior to making any purchase, approval is required by your instructor. The detailed procedure for making purchases from online retailers will be discussed during the first week of class. In general, you will prepare an order, print the detailed summary but **do not** submit the order confirmation. Bring the printout to your instructor for a signature and give the order summary to the TA in charge of placing the orders.

If your project can utilize reusable hardware kept in a standard configuration, which can be used for later AME 441 semesters, this hardware will not be considered “consumable” and will **not** be charged against your group’s project budget. Examples include 80/20 channel, diagnostic equipment, tooling, etc. Care must be taken to ensure reusability at the end of the semester and instructor approval is required before orders can qualify for this *reusable exemption*.

Students may make smaller purchases and be reimbursed upon presentation of an original receipt. **Pre-approval is required from an AME 441 instructor prior to making small purchases.** Items from the Engineering Machine Shop (KAP Basement), Electronic Store (OHE 246), and Chemistry Store (SGM 105) can only be obtained on an Internal Requisition; student purchases from these places cannot be reimbursed.

No reimbursements will be made if the above procedures are neglected. No exceptions.

VI. Grading

Grades are based on both individual and group performance. Descriptions for all deliverables and a sample grade sheet for the oral presentations are provided in Appendix A through Appendix F. All assignments are expected to be of professional quality. Everyone has completed AME 341 and those standards should be followed.

Students will also be graded on their individual performance. To facilitate this, and provide guidance on each group's project, conferences with one or more instructors will be held weekly. During these conferences, current work and problems are to be discussed and evaluated. The instructors should be notified immediately of any difficulties in the project, as delays will have an adverse effect on performance assessments. **It is essential that these projects are worked on continuously; waiting until the last few weeks will surely be detrimental to your grade.** Successful projects are the result of a sustained effort that begins on week one.

Part of the laboratory performance grade will also be adherence to safety guidelines. Each safety violation will result in a 3-point reduction in your lab performance grade. This is a serious penalty for a serious issue. There is no such thing as a “quick cut” or “quick job”; that is how you quickly lose an eye!

All students are required to attend the oral presentations during their registered lecture section. Attendance will be recorded. A 10% penalty will be applied to your oral presentation score for each additional absence. Arriving late or leaving early counts as an absence.

Each group is required to keep a laboratory notebook as described in Section VII. This is to be turned in with the final report at the end of the semester. This year added emphasis has been put on the maintenance of this laboratory notebook – incomplete and untidy entries will result in a 5% penalty, applied to your final grade. The notes, thoughts and sketches contained in the notebook should be informative and useful. Write in this notebook as if you were planning on giving it to another 441 group next year. They should be able to continue your project based solely on the information contained within. A lab notebook *can* be a well kept and formatted digital document. Simply submitting your groups google doc folder doesn't count.

All students must complete mandatory lab safety training and workshop within the first two weeks of labs. **Lab work on your project will NOT be permitted until this training has been completed.** Failure to complete the training within the announced time frame will result in a 5% penalty on your final grade.

The grade distribution for the course is detailed in Table 1. This distribution is subject to change. Also note that overall performance in this class is cumulative. It is difficult to write a high-quality Final Report if your project doesn't begin with a high-quality proposal.

Table 1. Final Grade Weight Distribution (%)

Literature Review & Proposal	10
Progress Reports	15
Oral Presentation	15
Poster Presentation	10
Lab Performance	15
Final Report	35
TOTAL	100

VII. Deliverables

INCLUDE YOUR GROUP #, DATE, TITLE AND NAMES OF THE AUTHORS ON ALL ASSIGNMENTS

Table 2: Schedule of Deliverables

Literature Review	M August 22 nd , 12pm
Project Proposal	F September 2 nd , 5pm
Progress Report 1	F September 30 th , 5pm
Progress Report 2	F October 28 th , 5pm
Oral Presentations	M October-November, 12-1:50pm
Poster Presentation	F December 2 nd , TBD
Laboratory Notebook	W December 7th, 9 am
Final Report	W December 7th, 9 am

➤ **The first deliverable is the Literature Review.** This is due on the **FIRST DAY OF LECTURE**. Only one document per group is required. This document should be 3-4 pages in length and include your team members, your project idea and a summary of research which has led you to your topic. More details are given in Appendix A.

➤ **The second deliverable is the Project Proposal.** At a minimum, the proposal should follow the guidelines provided in Appendix B. Only one document per group is required. Proposals are due **Friday, September 2nd by 5pm**. It is recommended that you discuss any ideas and/or approaches with your instructors, TA's and lab staff before and during this process. Remember, work may not begin until the project has been approved.

➤ **Two written progress reports will be due during the semester (Friday Sept. 30th and Friday Oct. 28th by 5pm).** Only one per group is required and the contents should follow the suggested guidelines presented in Appendix C. A total of two (2) progress reports will be handed in throughout the semester. These will be graded on the amount of project progress achieved, as well as clarity in technical communication.

With every progress report, **each** group member is required to submit a **Group Evaluation Form** online via a Google Form. The link will be provided on Blackboard. Responses will be kept confidential and are intended to assess the involvement of each group member and the group dynamics of each team. A 10% penalty will be given to the progress report if **ALL** members of the group do not submit the evaluation form.

➤ **Oral presentations will be given in person during the scheduled lecture sessions** starting in late October or early November. The order of presentations will be determined by lottery. Presentations will be 20 minutes long, which includes time for questions. A sample grade sheet for the oral presentation can be found in Appendix F.

- **The Senior Projects Poster Session is tentatively scheduled on last day of classes, December 2nd.** The poster session is a chance for you to share your work with the AME department, AME Alumni, and representatives from Industry. Details for this event are given in Appendix E. Groups will be required to both create and present a poster documenting their achievements during AME 441a.

- **Each group is required to maintain a laboratory notebook and/or binder.** The notebook should be a record of the design process. Raw data, calculations, construction and set-up drawings, uncertainty analysis, etc., should all be contained in this notebook. Highlight problems encountered and how they were solved. **The notebook should be kept neat and legible so that an individual assigned to take over the project at a later time can easily continue the project.** In the back of the notebook, a log of hours spent on the project for each group member should be detailed. With each entry, a brief description of what was done at particular times should be listed as well. Noting the hours logged will help to create a plan of corrective action if/when it appears that time or effort is running short. **This notebook is to be submitted with the final report and will be graded.** The notebook can be a well kept and formatted digital document. Simply submitting your group's Google Drive folder doesn't count as a notebook.

- **The Final Report is due Wednesday, December 7th before 9am.** Each group is required to submit **one final report. Late reports will be penalized (-10% per day, including the weekend).** The *suggested* format for the final report can be found in Appendix D.

INCLUDE YOUR GROUP #, DATE, TITLE AND NAMES OF THE AUTHORS ON ALL ASSIGNMENTS

VIII. Statement on Academic Conduct and Support Systems

Academic Conduct:

Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in SCampus in Part B, Section 11, “Behavior Violating University Standards” policy.usc.edu/scampus-part-b. Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable. See additional information in SCampus and university policies on scientific misconduct, policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct.

Support Systems:

Counseling and Mental Health - (213) 740-9355 – 24/7 on call, studenthealth.usc.edu/counseling

Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention.

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline - 1 (800) 273-8255 – 24/7 on call, suicidepreventionlifeline.org

Free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours/day, 7 days/wk.

Relationship and Sexual Violence Prevention Services - (213) 740-9355(WELL), studenthealth.usc.edu/sexual-assault

Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm.

Office of Equity and Diversity (OED) - (213) 740-5086 | Title IX – (213) 821-8298, equity.usc.edu, titleix.usc.edu

Information about how to get help or help someone affected by harassment or discrimination, rights of protected classes, reporting options, and additional resources for students, faculty, staff, visitors, and applicants.

Reporting Incidents of Bias or Harassment - (213) 740-5086, usc-advocate.symplicity.com/care_report

Avenue to report incidents of bias, hate crimes, and microaggressions to the Office of Equity and Diversity | Title IX for appropriate investigation, supportive measures, and response.

The Office of Disability Services and Programs - (213) 740-0776, dsp.usc.edu

Support and accommodations for students with disabilities. Services include assistance in providing readers/notetakers/interpreters, special accommodations for test taking needs, assistance with architectural barriers, assistive technology, and support for individual needs.

USC Campus Support and Intervention - (213) 821-4710, campussupport.usc.edu

Assists students and families in resolving complex personal, financial, and academic issues adversely affecting their success as a student.

Diversity at USC - (213) 740-2101, diversity.usc.edu

Information on events, programs and training, the Provost’s Diversity and Inclusion Council, Diversity Liaisons for each academic school, chronology, participation, and various resources for students.

USC Emergency - UPC: (213) 740-4321, HSC: (323) 442-1000 – 24/7, dps.usc.edu, emergency.usc.edu

Emergency assistance and avenue to report a crime. Latest updates regarding safety, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible.

USC Department of Public Safety - UPC: (213) 740-6000, HSC: (323) 442-120 – 24/7 on call, dps.usc.edu

Non-emergency assistance or information.

Appendix A: Literature Review

File name: GXX_literature_review.pdf

The Literature Review is a document that summarizes the state of current knowledge on your chosen project topic. The literature review should contain numerous *scholarly* references and present the tools you will use to formulate your project proposal. If successfully completed, having this document will facilitate constructive project discussions during the proposal writing process. In fact, this will likely end up being the majority of your proposal introduction. **To complete this assignment, you will need to have formed your project group and decided on your project topic before the beginning of the semester.**

This assignment is due on the **FIRST DAY OF LECTURE** so we can begin the semester immediately!

Suggested Format

- **Cover Page:** Includes group members, potential project title and a one paragraph abstract
- **Topic Summary** (1-2 pages): Discuss why this project is important. Why do we care about this topic? Include the state of current knowledge and what you propose to improve. You should also highlight anticipated design challenges and the technical knowledge that will be required to complete your project. Think back to the AME 441 discussion given at the end of Mech-Op – how will you answer all of the questions required to create a successful project proposal?
- **Literature Review** (2-3 pages): In this section, summarize key resources you intend to use during your project. What knowledge was gained from each reference and how will it help formulate your proposal? Don't just write a list of papers and a sentence for each; condense your research into a clear and informative *narrative*. Use figures and sketches from your cited sources to describe what has been observed previously; don't send the reader on a scavenger hunt.
- **Reference List:** References should be *scholarly* (*i.e.*, Journal articles, conference papers, books, etc. *NO INSTRUCTABLES!*) and sufficient to demonstrate a purposeful investigation of your topic. Don't stop with one or two good papers; look at what *they* referenced and take your investigation one step further. Present the references list in a professional format (*e.g.*, AIAA).

INCLUDE YOUR GROUP #, DATE, TITLE AND NAMES OF THE AUTHORS ON ALL ASSIGNMENTS

Appendix B: Suggested Proposal Format

File name: GXX_proposal.pdf

Section Title	No. of Pages
1. Introduction/Historical Background	1
2. Theory/Basic Equations	1-3
3. Experimental Setup/Procedure (including a sketch of the apparatus)	2-4
4. Cost Estimate	1
5. Timetable	1
6. Reference List	1

The objective of the proposal is to convince the reader that your project will provide useful information and can be successfully completed within the time, budget, and other given constraints. A proposal isn't meant to present sweeping, general knowledge. It is intended to be a concise document limited in scope to the specific project under development. **The proposal should be no more than 10 pages of typed single-spaced text.** Although short in length, the proposal must be thorough. The reader must be convinced that you have sufficiently researched your topic and that you have sufficient understanding to produce meaningful results. Reference previous and current work and give legitimate reasons for the goals you've chosen and the testing you'll perform. **Your project goal must be explicitly stated.**

The proposal also must present a clear picture of how you are going to conduct your experiment. Calculations and results are required which enable an intelligent preliminary design. Additionally, it is highly important, and required, that the proposal contain an estimate of your expected results. Determine what you will need to both produce and capture *meaningful* data. What facilities and equipment will you be using? How large will your device be? What are the important parameters? What kind of data will be taken? **You should have researched your topic in enough detail and performed initial calculations to be able to quantitatively answer these types of questions. Include a sketch of the proposed set-up along with calculations, graphs and figures that will help explain what you will do.**

The cost estimate must provide an accurate account for the **total** cost of your project. It should include all equipment, devices, materials, etc. that are required to perform and complete your experiment. This should be presented in a tabular format and an example is provided on Blackboard. A clear distinction must be made between the devices and materials that are currently available in the AME Lab and what needs to be purchased using your allocated AME 441 budget.

The timetable should be presented as a Gantt chart, highlighting the project milestones required for completion, the resources available, and the course deliverables due throughout the semester. The Gantt chart should contain milestones which are broken down into various sub-tasks. All tasks need to be assigned to individual group members. Ensure that this is readable so the proposed timeline can be assessed. An example is provided on Blackboard.

Write your proposal in a manner which can be easily followed by a competent engineer even if they are not a specialist in your project's field. A good rule is to define any terms or concepts that you were not familiar with before starting your literature search. As a test, have one of your classmates (not a group mate) read your proposal to see if they understand and can envision what you want to do!

Appendix C: Progress Report Format

File name: GXX_progress_report_#.pdf

Progress reports should be written in third person past tense, as with all technical communications. The task of writing the progress report for the group should be distributed evenly between the group members. These reports will be graded primarily on content; however, professional quality documents are still the expectation. Progress reports should ideally be no longer than 5 pages.

Each progress report will have associated deliverables and project milestones. Failure to meet these progress requirements will have a *severe* impact (*i.e.*, >50% deduction) on your progress report grade. These documents are the primary record of your progress through the semester.

Progress Report 1: Due F September 30th before 5pm

Project Milestones:

- Completed experimental / hardware design
- Identification of all essential project components
- Issues identified in the proposal have been resolved

Deliverables:

- Screenshots of the CAD model of your completed design with proper labeling of all the components
- Exploded assembly drawing with detailed BOM.
- Purchase Orders for enabling components that need to be ordered and are not already available in the stock room. Enabling components includes items essential for project completion such as sensors, non-stock hardware, etc. If components have been ordered already, list them along with their estimated lead time.

Progress Report 2: Due F October 28th before 5pm

Project Milestones:

- Project is under construction and substantial integration has been completed
- Issues identified in Progress Report 1 have been resolved

Deliverables:

- Preliminary data and analysis. This should/could include calibration data for sensors, results from mechanical integration, results from complex manufacturing, etc. Progress should be quantitative and specific goals will be discussed on a group by group basis.
- Documented integration of project components and identification of any modifications required beyond the initial design.
- Test matrix for the remainder of the semester. What is your test plan and how will you use the remaining weeks of the semester to provide a concrete answer to your “research question”?

All progress reports should include the following:

- **Cover Page:** Project Title, Group Members, Group Number, Date Range and one paragraph project abstract
- **Progress Update:** The main contents of the progress report. Specifically detail what was accomplished during the previous three weeks. Include calculations, descriptions of designed components, drawings etc. – any and all information helpful to assessing your progress. If you have acquired data, present results and discuss their meaning. This is what you've done and should be presented in a *professional*, third person past tense format.
- **Project Setbacks:** What issues or problems were encountered? Don't just list problems – you also need to present a path forward. Include what happened, plans for mitigation and the ultimate effect on your timeline. **Note that machining, shipping and other delays do not count as project setbacks. These inevitabilities should have been considered in your project planning.**
- **Future Work:** A concise explanation of the tasks to be performed during the upcoming progress period. Identify group members who are responsible for completing these tasks.
- **Updated Gantt Chart and budget**
- **Peer Evaluation Forms:** *Each* group member is required to submit a confidential Group Evaluation through Google Forms.

Appendix D: Suggested Format for Final Report

File name: GXX_final_report.pdf

Section Title	No. of Pages
Abstract (on title page)	1
Introduction	2-4
Experimental Technique	2-4
Results	3-6
Discussion	2-3
Conclusion	1
References	1
Appendices	No more than 5

Note: No more than 20 pages of typed single-spaced text, not including appendices. Look at long-format journal articles for the tone and style required of a professional project report.

Assume the reader knows nothing about your work! The final report should stand alone with no references to your proposal or progress reports. (You may of course reference other papers or books.) The introduction should state the goal/objective, give some historical background and/or the state of the art of the subject, and any theoretical derivations pertinent to the project.

The experimental technique section should give the important details of the set-up; **a schematic must be included** as well as the procedure. Mention all the equipment used, type of data taken, how the data was processed, etc. When writing this section, keep in mind that you want to give the reader the impression that you were careful when you took your measurements and your data is reliable. Towards this end, you can mention your estimates of uncertainty without going into excessive detail. (Do not clutter the main body of your final report with lengthy derivations. For example, detailed uncertainty analysis *should* be in your lab notebook and may be included in an appendix if further explanation is required in your report.)

Additionally, do not go into a narration of all the trouble you went through to get to your final set-up! While troubleshooting does take up a *tremendous* amount of time, the process isn't necessarily "report worthy." Describe what worked and why.

Results and Discussion can be two separate sections or combined. It can even be subdivided into the different aspects of the investigation. The only requirement is that you present your results and then discuss them in a manner that can be easily followed. This is by far the most important part of your report and should be worded carefully to enhance the virtues of your work.

In the Conclusion, assess whether you have achieved your goal/reached your objective as stated in the Introduction. You may restate your important findings briefly. Also, you could suggest an alternate approach to solving the same problem or, talk about improvements to the work and applications.

An updated budget analysis should also be available as one of the appendices. It is important to determine if the project you worked on for the entire semester went over budget and if so why.

Appendix E: Poster Session

A poster session is tentatively scheduled on the last day of class, December 2nd – time/place TBD. Your group must be in attendance and will present your project to your classmates, AME undergrads, AME faculty and invited guests. Your team will be rated on the quality of the poster as well as your “sales pitch” and ability to discuss the technical merits of your project. This is your chance to show-off! What did you accomplish this semester and where will you go from here? Food will be served!

Posters are expected to be of professional quality and will be printed by the AME department. Think of your poster as a backdrop for a discussion you would have with an individual. What do you need to discuss your senior project? Posters should include group names, a project abstract, key data / results, diagrams, etc. Several past examples are available for viewing in the AME Lab. If possible, you are also encouraged to display your project and demonstrate its functionality.

Further details for both poster printing as well as creation tips will be given later in the semester.

Note: It is strongly encouraged that senior design groups participate in the KIEUL Senior Design Expo in the Spring. Everyone in AME will have a poster as well as poster session experience – why not try to win some prizes!?

Appendix F: Oral Presentation Grade Sheet

AME-441 Senior Projects Laboratory

Oral Presentation Grade Sheet

Group # _____ Date: _____

Title of Project: _____

Name(s) of Speakers: _____

Grade for each category is based on the scale shown below.

	Grade	Comments
1. <u>Organization and Delivery</u> (Was project clearly defined? Continuous thoughts? Speech easy to understand? Visual aids: timing, sufficient number of slides, neatness, clarity, etc.)	_____ (35)	_____ _____ _____ _____
2. <u>Technical Content</u> (Scientific merit appraised? Symbols and parameters defined? Technically sound arguments? Logical methods of experimentation and evaluation? Etc.)	_____ (50)	_____ _____ _____ _____
3. <u>Overall Performance</u> (Did presentation hold audience's attention? Questions answered, etc.)	_____ (15)	_____ _____ _____ _____
<u>Total Score</u>	_____ (100)	

Appendix G: Faculty List – ASTE Department

Name	Area of Interest	Email
Prof. D. Erwin	Spacecraft propulsion, optics and optical instruments, kinetics of gases and plasmas	erwin@usc.edu
Prof. D. Barnhart	Spacecraft design, bus architecture, mission concepts and testing	barnhart@serc.usc.edu
Prof. M. Gruntman	Spacecraft and space mission design, propulsion, space physics, space sensors and instrumentation, space plasmas.	mikeg@usc.edu
Prof. A. Madni	Complex system analysis and design; complexity management; socio-technical systems; modeling and simulation; model based engineering; engineered resilient systems; integration of humans with adaptable systems; STEM education simulations/games.	azad.madni@usc.edu
Prof. J. Wang	Electric propulsion, space environment and spacecraft interactions, particle simulation algorithms for gases and plasmas, microfluidics	josephjw@usc.edu

Appendix H: Faculty List – AME Department

Name	Area of Interest	Email
Prof. I Bermejo-Moreno	Computational fluid mechanics, turbulent flows, fluid structure interaction, combustion, hypersonic propulsion, high performance computing	bermejom@usc.edu
Prof. Y. Chen	Novel additive manufacturing process and machine development for direct digital manufacturing and 3D printing; New methodologies and techniques for reliable and fast manufacturing process based on process modeling and control; Design methods and computational tools for direct digital manufacturing enabled products and applications	yongchen@usc.edu
Prof. J. Domaradzki	Computational fluid mechanics, environmental and geophysical fluid mechanics, turbulence	jad@usc.edu
Prof. F. Egolfopoulos	Aerodynamic and Kinetic Processes in Flames, High-speed air-breathing propulsion, Microgravity Combustion, Mechanisms of Combustion-Generated Pollutants, Heterogeneous Reacting Flows, Conventional and Alternative Fuels, Detailed Modeling of Reacting Flows, Laser-Based Experimental Techniques	egolfopo@usc.edu
Prof. H. Flashner	Dynamics and control of systems, control of structurally flexible systems, analysis of nonlinear systems, biomechanics	hflashne@usc.edu
Prof. S. K. Gupta	Computer Aided Design, Manufacturing Automation, and Robotics	skgupta@usc.edu
Prof. Y. Jin	Collaborative engineering, design theory and methods, knowledge-based design and manufacturing systems, intelligent agents for engineering support	yjin@usc.edu
Prof. E. Kalso	Dynamical systems, animal hydrodynamic propulsion	kalso@usc.edu
Prof. M. Luhar	Turbulence, Environmental Fluid Mechanics, Flow-Structure Interaction	luhar@usc.edu
Prof. P. Newton	Nonlinear dynamical systems, fluid mechanics, vortex dynamics, probabilistic game theory, mathematical modeling of cancer metastasis	newton@usc.edu
Prof. Q. Nguyen	Highly dynamic robotics, control of legged robots, nonlinear control, real-time optimal control, trajectory optimization, reinforcement learning of robotics	quann@usc.edu
Prof. A. Oberai	Computation and Data Driven Discovery, data- and physics-based models to solve engineering problems	aoberai@usc.edu
Prof. N. Pahlevan	Biofluid Dynamics, Fluid-Structure Interaction, 3D quantitative flow visualization, hemodynamics, Bio-inspired design, Mathematical physiology	pahlevan@usc.edu
Prof. C. Pantano-Rubino	Turbulent flows with special focus to combustion, fluid-structure interaction and numerical methods for accurate simulation of the Navier-Stokes equations in simple and complex domains	pantanor@usc.edu
Prof. P. Plucinsky	Solid mechanics, material science and mathematics, material behavior	plucinsk@usc.edu
Prof. I. Puri	Strained partially premixed counterflow flames leading to energy efficient furnaces and gas turbines; Thermal management of data centers; Thermomagnetic convection; Nanoparticle synthesis and preparations for sensors and supercapacitors; Magnetic 3D printing and biologically printing cells.	vpres@usc.edu
Prof. A. Renuka Balakrishna	solid mechanics, materials science, and mathematical modeling to investigate how microstructures evolve in materials, and how one can engineer microstructural patterns to enhance material properties.	renukaba@usc.edu
Prof. P. Ronney	Combustion, micro-scale power generation and propulsion, biophysics and biofilms, turbulence, internal combustion engines and control systems, low-gravity phenomena, radiative transfer	ronney@usc.edu
Prof. S. Sadhal	Drops and bubbles in acoustic fields, thermo-capillary flows with drops in low gravity, heat conduction in composite solids	sadhal@usc.edu
Prof. G. Shiflett	Kinematics and dynamics of mechanical systems, computer-aided design, optimal design techniques, micro-electromechanical systems	shiflett@usc.edu
Prof. G. Spedding	Geophysical fluid dynamics, animal aero- and hydrodynamics, turbulence	geoff@usc.edu

Prof. F. Udawadia	Dynamics and control, nonlinear dynamical systems, applied mathematics, mechanics and mathematics, structural and analytical dynamics, system identification, optimization, collaborative engineering, engineering management	fudwadia@usc.edu
Prof. A. Uranga	Fluid mechanics, aerodynamics, computational fluid dynamics, aircraft design, airframe-propulsion system integration, boundary layer ingestion	auranga@usc.edu
Prof. B. Yang	Dynamics, vibration and control of mechanical systems, distributed-parameter systems, modeling and control of space structures, computational mechanics	bingen@usc.edu
Prof. H. Zhao	Mechanics-driven manufacturing	hangbozh@usc.edu