Effective Advertising and Social Media Strategy  
MKT 499 Syllabus 4.0 Units: Fall 2019

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Neely Chair of American Enterprise, Director of Center for Global Innovation

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Electronic Bulletin Board: Blackboard  
Website: http://www.gtellis.net

Class Hrs: Meets twice a week for one hour 50 mins each time.

Office Hrs: TBD except holidays or by appointment.

Required Materials:  
Readings for MKT 499 Tellis (Rdr), USC Bookstore  
Effective Advertising and Social Media, by Gerard J. Tellis (Txt), 2019, 2nd ed. Kendall-Hunt

Course Description

Advertising involves the challenging task of communicating a firm’s offer in a rapidly changing, highly competitive environment. Such changes have created radically new products, disrupted markets, revolutionized media, and transformed the world of advertising. In particular, social media play a critical role today. Understanding the theory and practice of advertising and social media are critical to win in this environment. This course will provide students with new theories, tools, media, and models to compete strategically in this rapidly changing environment.

Learning Objectives

Upon successful completion of this course, students will be able to:

A. Describe the effects of advertising and social media on the perspectives and behavior of individuals, and on local, national and global economy as a whole.
B. Critique existing ad campaigns and create alternative ads based on communication theory and market research
C. Explain various measures, designs and tests of advertising and apply the tests to the ads that students create
D. Determine how to choose appropriate media and programs schedules and evaluate these schedules
E. Evaluate the profitability of advertising and develop budgets for the same
Course Notes

1.1.1. Teaching method

The course uses several teaching methods including case discussions, lectures, exercises, and group projects. In all these methods, student participation is an important component of learning. In addition, students should feel free to email the instructor any interesting news clips or ads they encounter. Students should strive to achieve the following goals from each session:

- Grasp the key issues or principles.
- Appreciate the pros and cons of each position.
- Contribute insights based on thorough prior preparation.

1.1.2. Class Participation

To facilitate optimal class participation, students may not use laptops or cell phone during class. Participation in class discussion has several benefits. It promotes a better understanding of the theory, relates it to one’s experience and knowledge, and sharpens communication skills. Students should come well prepared for class. We will try to establish an atmosphere of friendly, lively debate. However, the instructor has the right to make cold calls. For their part, students should feel free to question, think aloud, and propose new ideas. A well-prepared student is more relaxed and better able to do so. Students should strive to participate sincerely and productively rather than be disruptive or try to impress. Because class experience is vital for learning, students must attend every class on time. They must inform the instructor in advance if they are going to be late or absent. The instructor will take a picture of the students in the class at the start of every class. Students are responsible for being on time with their name tent visible for this picture. The grade for participation depends on the following components:

- Attention to class proceedings
- Insightful comments and answers
- Probing questions
- Supporting a learning environment
- Sharing updates for the benefit of other participants

1.1.3. Group Work

Working in groups is generally more productive and better reflective of the business environment. Assignments and a project are by groups. Students may form groups of their choosing, subject to everyone finding a group. Groups may change for the critique and the rest of the project. Because advertising is a culturally bound activity, groups that are culturally diverse are preferable. The evaluation of an individual’s contribution to group work will depend on feedback from group members. So, individuals should choose members whom they trust and with whom they can get along. Groups
may contain 4 to 5 members. The project must be done in a group. Every written group report must contain a single acknowledgement form properly completed by all group members.

1.1.4. Case Analysis for Submission

Students have to prepare and submit one case analysis (Corvette). The analysis will involve answering specific questions on the case. Students should prepare and submit this analysis alone.

1.1.5. Format for Reports

Students should submit their reports by email. All reports must be completely free of plagiarism. Email submissions must be, a) through an attached Microsoft Word file, b) under 5 MB in size, c) free of viruses, and d) with copies to all group members, if any. All reports on the project (hard copy or electronic) are due on the scheduled date, by the time stated in the schedule. A late submission will result in a loss of 10% of the grade immediately, plus 10% per day late, for all members of the group, irrespective of the excuse. The case analysis is due before the start of class at 3:30 PM on the scheduled date. Case analyses that are sufficiently late to have benefited from class discussion get no credit. The report’s format should be as follows:

- Text not to exceed 1200 words.
- Double-spaced, Times Roman, 11 pitch or larger, with a 1” margin on all sides.
- A title page bearing the report title and name(s) of the author(s).
- Exhibits preferably embedded in the text; about seven for demand analysis and final report and about three for all other reports. Exhibits should be predominantly supporting tables or figures, not discussion or text.
- Acknowledgement form.

Writing Well by Zinsser and a note by the instructor, “Short is Sweet,” provide tips on writing.

Group Project: Creative Design of Ad/Ad Campaign

Each group must carry out a creative ad project that applies and expands the learning from the course. The goal of the project is to design an ad or advertising campaign for a client of the group’s choosing. Work on the project should start well in advance of the due date. It involves the following five submissions, four of which are for grade:

(0) Project topic (no grade)
(1) Critique of ad
(2) Proposal for demand analysis
(3) Demand analysis plus proposed ad test
(4) Final creative & strategy

Here are guidelines for these submissions. Additional details will be available close to the due date.
1.1.6. 0. Project Topic

Groups should choose small, well-defined projects that emphasize insight rather than busy-work. They must email their project topic, the ad campaign, and the names of group members for the instructor’s approval by the due date. No explanations are necessary on the email.

1.1.7. 1. Critique

The critique should be of a print or video ad or an ad-campaign. For this task, students should choose samples that stand out for creativity, scope, or errors. Students may conduct secondary research on the situation faced by the advertiser. All critiques must be submitted as reports. One exhibit of the report should be a copy of the ad.

1.1.8. 2. Proposal for Demand Analysis

This report proposes the primary research to be done to estimate the demand for the product. (In real markets, it would be the agency pitch to the client). It should contain the following components:

- Background: 1-2 paras
- Problem definition: 1 para
- Research objectives: 1 para
- Information needed by agency: 1 para (this is an elaboration of the objectives)
- Design of primary research: 1 - 2 paras (explain how information will be obtained from experiment, survey, focus groups etc.)
- Questionnaire: 1 - 3 pages included in the appendix
- Sample design: 1 para (indicate the size, frame, type of the sample)

1.1.9. 3 (a). Demand Analysis

This report presents the analysis of the primary research proposed above. The goal of the analysis is to arrive at a market niche for the product, a unique image, and a unique selling proposition (or message platform) on which to build the creative. The report should strive to provide insight into the demand for the product rather than merely list descriptive statistics.

1.1.10. 3 (b). Proposal for Ad Test

The proposal should indicate clearly how the researchers plan to test the ads they have created. They should develop at least two new ads. They need to test these ads against one the client or a leading competitor currently uses. The ad test should use an experiment and may involve day-after-recall, mall-intercept survey, or theater test. Each of these tools will become clearer as the course proceeds. The proposal should contain the following components:
Ads being tested (about 1 sentence, do not include creatives).
Method description of experiment (one to two paras).
Design of test dependent variables and independent variables being manipulated (one para or table).
Hypotheses key results expected (about one para).
Sample design sample size, selection, and assignment (about one para).

1.1.11. 4. Final Creative & Strategy

The final report should present the ads tested, results of the ad test, and the recommended strategy. It should contain the following components:

- Highlights of demand analysis: about half page
- Design of ad test and summary of hypotheses: 1-2 paras
- Results of ad test versus hypotheses: 1-2 pages
- Recommended strategy: one para

Each group will present their project in class. Presentations will be for about 10 minutes with about 3 minutes for questions. Students receive credit for their own presentations, for good answers to questions, and for posing intelligent questions while others present.

Throughout the project students need to keep in mind that the goal of the project is not critique or research for itself but the creative design of an ad or ad campaign.

Grading Policy

1.1.12. Final Exam

The final exam will be closed-book. Questions will be on major theoretical issues, numerical problems, and a mini-case. Each of these three components will carry about a third of the weight. Students will receive specific guidelines to prepare for the exam. However, regular attendance and study for each session is the best preparation. The date of the final exam is set by USC and cannot be changed without permission of the dean.

1.1.13. Consultations

While common difficulties with the material or course should preferably be discussed in class, students should meet with the instructor promptly to discuss personal difficulties with the course, instructor, or colleagues. Students should explain to the instructor any personal problems that hinder learning in a timely manner. Timely and frank discussion with the instructor ensures quick resolution with minimal costs.

1.1.14. Evaluation

Grades depend on the instructor's independent assessment of a student's learning and are not negotiable. Students should strive to assimilate the course material and do their best on discussions and
reports, rather than influence grades by post-test discussions. In particular, students should present their positions on the cases in class prior to the evaluation. When grading, the instructor will try to be as objective as he can, free from student pressure. Subjective misjudgments, if any, should cancel out over the many components of the evaluation.

Every individual must carry his or her fair share of the group burden and contribute creatively and fully to group work. In general, group grades will apply to individuals except for negative feedback from members of the group. Group members are generally generous in evaluating an individual. Thus, any negative feedback from members of a group about an individual will negatively affect his or her grade. So individuals must work hard on the project and impress their colleagues in the group.

The final grade will be based on the instructor’s subjective judgment of a student's performance, guided by the weighted mean of the grades on course components. These components will have the following weights:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Component</th>
<th>Weight</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Case Analysis</td>
<td>10 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Class Participation</td>
<td>15 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Final Exam</td>
<td>30 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Exercises</td>
<td>5 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Critique</td>
<td>10 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Proposal for Primary Research</td>
<td>10 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Demand Analysis &amp; Proposed Test</td>
<td>10 %</td>
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<tr>
<td>Final: Creatives &amp; Test</td>
<td>10 %</td>
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</table>

Class participation will depend on answering questions posed by the instructor, contributing with original analyses and insights in class discussion, asking insightful questions, and bringing to class discussion important developments in advertising and social media. In controlling grade distribution across students in the class, the instructor will target the Marshall School’s guidelines of a mean grade of B+ (3.3). Students should email the instructor if they want a breakdown of their final grade. To properly evaluate class participation, the instructor will make every effort to learn the names of the students, early in the semester. The students share responsibility for this task by using name tents in class.

**Academic Integrity**

USC seeks to maintain an optimal learning environment. General principles of academic honesty include the concept of respect for the intellectual property of others, the expectation that individual work will be submitted unless otherwise allowed by an instructor, and the obligations both to protect one’s own academic work from misuse by others as well as to avoid using another’s work as one’s own (plagiarism). Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. All students are expected to understand and abide by the principles discussed in the SCampus, the Student Guidebook (www.usc.edu/scampus or http://scampus.usc.edu). Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in SCampus in Part B, Section 11, “Behavior Violating University Standards” policy.usc.edu/scampus-part-b. Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable. See additional information in SCampus and university policies on scientific misconduct, policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct.
In particular, students should adhere to the following code of ethics:

- Not get specific solutions, help, or tips on cases and problems from former students, students of other sections or schools, publishers, instructors, or authors, whether in the form of conversation, notes, emails, or Internet sites. Obtaining generic information from books, published reports, or practitioners, whether in print, video, or the Internet is fine. Generic information is that which is not prepared specifically for the assigned case or problem.
- Not use a laptop or smartphone in class or in the exam.
- Not submit for credit any case analysis that has benefited from the class discussion on that case.
- Not submit for credit any material that also received credit from another course.
- Inform the instructor of overlap in projects submitted. Research done in another project for another class may be submitted in a current project as background or support for a particular position, with a reference, but not for credit.
- Inform the instructor of the precise work done on any project by outside professionals or the client.
- Not use notes in closed book exams.
- Not include a student on a project or report who has not worked for that project or report.
- Honestly and fairly complete the acknowledgement form and any peer evaluation requested.
- Appropriately reference sources of information or insights that are included in written reports.
  Include in quotation marks the exact words of another author, with appropriate reference.

**Students with Disabilities**

The Office of Disability Services and Programs (www.usc.edu/disability) provides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange the relevant accommodations. Any student requesting academic accommodations based on a disability is required to register with Disability Services and Programs (DSP) each semester. A letter of verification for approved accommodations can be obtained from DSP. Please be sure the letter is delivered to me (or to your TA) as early in the semester as possible. DSP is located in GFS (Grace Ford Salvatori Hall) 120 and is open 8:30 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. The phone number for DSP is (213) 740-0776. Email: ability@usc.edu.

**Support Systems**

Students whose primary language is not English should check with the American Language Institute http://dornsife.usc.edu/ali, which sponsors courses and workshops specifically for international graduate students.

*Student Counseling Services (SCS)* - (213) 740-7711 – 24/7 on call
Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention. [https://engemannshc.usc.edu/counseling/](https://engemannshc.usc.edu/counseling/)

*National Suicide Prevention Lifeline* - 1-800-273-8255
Provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. [http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org](http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org)

*Relationship & Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP)* - (213) 740-4900 - 24/7 on call
Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm. [https://engemannhc.usc.edu/rsvp/](https://engemannhc.usc.edu/rsvp/)

**Sexual Assault Resource Center**
For more information about how to get help or help a survivor, rights, reporting options, and additional resources, visit the website: [http://sarc.usc.edu/](http://sarc.usc.edu/)

**Office of Equity and Diversity (OED)/Title IX compliance** – (213) 740-5086
Works with faculty, staff, visitors, applicants, and students around issues of protected class. [https://equity.usc.edu/](https://equity.usc.edu/)

**Bias Assessment Response and Support**
Incidents of bias, hate crimes and microaggressions need to be reported allowing for appropriate investigation and response. [https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/bias-assessment-response-support/](https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/bias-assessment-response-support/)

**Student Support & Advocacy** – (213) 821-4710
Assists students and families in resolving complex issues adversely affecting their success as a student EX: personal, financial, and academic. [https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/ssa/](https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/ssa/)

**Diversity at USC**
Tabs for Events, Programs and Training, Task Force (including representatives for each school), Chronology, Participate, Resources for Students. [https://diversity.usc.edu/](https://diversity.usc.edu/)

**USC Emergency Information**
Provides safety and other updates, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible. [emergency.usc.edu](http://emergency.usc.edu/)

**USC Department of Public Safety** – UPC: (213) 740-4321 – HSC: (323) 442-1000 – 24-hour emergency or to report a crime. Provides overall safety to USC community. [dps.usc.edu](http://dps.usc.edu)

**Emergency Preparedness**
In case of a declared emergency if travel to campus is not feasible, the *USC Emergency Information* web site ([http://emergency.usc.edu/](http://emergency.usc.edu/)) will provide safety and other information, including electronic means by which instructors will conduct class using a combination of Blackboard, teleconferencing, and other technologies.

Please make sure you can access this course in Blackboard and retrieve the course syllabus and other course materials electronically. You should check Blackboard regularly for announcements and new materials. In the event of an emergency, the ability to access Blackboard will be crucial. USC's Blackboard learning management system and support information is available at [blackboard.usc.edu](http://blackboard.usc.edu).
# MKT 4XX Schedule: Spring 2019

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Ss.</th>
<th>Dt.</th>
<th>Topic</th>
<th>Reading/Case</th>
<th>Submissions</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Part I: Advertising &amp; Promotion Strategy</strong></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>1/08</td>
<td>Introduction</td>
<td>Txt 1</td>
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<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>1/10</td>
<td>Fundamentals of Strategy</td>
<td>Inside Intel Inside (Rdr)</td>
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<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>1/15</td>
<td>Social Media Strategy to Position Brand</td>
<td>Dove - Evolution of a Brand (Rdr) Dove Real Beauty Sketches (Rdr)</td>
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<td><strong>Part II: Communication in Advertising &amp; Social Media</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>1/17</td>
<td>Grabbing Attention</td>
<td>Txt Chap 5</td>
<td>Project Topics due</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5</td>
<td>1/22</td>
<td>Persuasion in Advertising</td>
<td>Txt Chap 6</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>6</td>
<td>1/24</td>
<td>Ad Strategy</td>
<td>Absolut Success! (Rdr)</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1/29</td>
<td>Crafting Argument in Ads</td>
<td>Txt Chap 9</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>8</td>
<td>1/31</td>
<td>Arousing Emotions in Ads &amp; Social Media</td>
<td>Txt Chap 7;</td>
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<tr>
<td>9</td>
<td>2/5</td>
<td>Social Networks to Build Iconic Brand</td>
<td>Corvette: Making of an Icon (Rdr)</td>
<td>Case Analysis due by 3:00 PM</td>
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<tr>
<td>10</td>
<td>2/7</td>
<td>Endorsements in Ads &amp; Social Media</td>
<td>Txt Chap 8</td>
<td>Super Bowl Ad Ratings due 1/4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11</td>
<td>2/12</td>
<td>Social Media for Humor &amp; Endorsement</td>
<td>Old Spice (Rdr)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>2/14</td>
<td>Ad Critique</td>
<td>Txt 3; Presentations in class</td>
<td>Proj 1: Critique due by 11:59 PM</td>
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<td><strong>Part III: Advertising Measurement &amp; Testing</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>2/21</td>
<td>Measures, Data, Tools</td>
<td>Txt Chap 10</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>2/26</td>
<td>Experimentation</td>
<td>Txt 11; Exercises in Expermnt. (Rdr)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>15</td>
<td>2/28</td>
<td>Experiment vs Field Test</td>
<td>StainZapper (A) (Rdr)</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>16</td>
<td>3/5</td>
<td>Perceptual Mapping</td>
<td>Exercises in Perceptual Mapping</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>17</td>
<td>3/7</td>
<td>Ad Effectiveness</td>
<td>Txt Chaps 2, 3</td>
<td>Project 2: Demand Proposed Surveyl due by 11:59 PM</td>
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<td><strong>Part IV: Media Planning</strong></td>
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<td>18</td>
<td>3/19</td>
<td>Social Media Revolution</td>
<td>Txt Chap 12</td>
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<td>19</td>
<td>3/21</td>
<td>Social Media vs TV Advertising</td>
<td>Clinton vs Trump: Battle of Media (Rdr)</td>
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<tr>
<td>20</td>
<td>3/26</td>
<td>Social Media Strategy</td>
<td>Tech Talk: Creating Social Media S. (Rdr)</td>
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<tr>
<td>21</td>
<td>3/28</td>
<td>Media Choice</td>
<td>Exercises in Media (Rdr)</td>
<td>Project 3: Demand Analysis &amp; Proposed Ad Test by 11:59 PM</td>
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<tr>
<td>22</td>
<td>4/2</td>
<td>Vehicle Choice</td>
<td>Exercises in Schedule Evaluation</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>23</td>
<td>4/4</td>
<td>Schedule Evaluation</td>
<td>AdWords (Rdr); AdSense (Rdr);</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>24</td>
<td>4/9</td>
<td>Keyword Choice</td>
<td>AdWords (Rdr); AdSense (Rdr);</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>25</td>
<td>4/11</td>
<td>Budgeting Methods; Scheduling</td>
<td>Txt Chap 14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>26</td>
<td>4/16</td>
<td>Budgeting Application</td>
<td>StainZapper (B)</td>
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<td></td>
<td>4/18</td>
<td>Regulation</td>
<td>Txt Chap 4</td>
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<td><strong>Part V: Integrated Planning</strong></td>
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<tr>
<td>27</td>
<td>4/23</td>
<td>Review of Concepts and Frameworks</td>
<td></td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td>29</td>
<td>TBD</td>
<td>Final Exam</td>
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