

Social Work 635 – 12-Week Intensive

Research and Evaluation for Social Work with Adults and Older Adults

(Research & Evaluation for Social Work in Adult Mental Health and Wellness)

3 Units

Summer 2019

Instructor: Chester (Chet) Taranowski Ph.D.

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Telephone: 312-622-4064 **Class time:** Monday 4:00 - 5:35 pm P<u>ST</u>

Office: VAC Classroom: My Room

Office 3:00 to Hours: 4:00 PST

I. COURSE PREREQUISITES

Prior course in basic research methods

II. CATALOGUE DESCRIPTION

Critical analysis and application of <u>health and mental health research evidence</u> to inform, enhance and strengthen social work practice with <u>adults and aging populations</u> with a focus on evaluating published research, identifying and interpreting available sources of data, appraising practical measures/ assessments and selecting appropriate evidence-based interventions.

III. COURSE DESCRIPTION

The United States is currently undergoing a changing demographic profile with the population becoming larger, older and more diverse. As practitioners, social work students will be faced with addressing and adapting their practice to the changing population profile as it relates to the overall health and well-being of populations ranging from emerging adulthood to aging clients. As such, students will need to have the knowledge and skills to draw upon and integrate diverse sources of research knowledge to inform everyday practice situations.

This course builds on the Science of Social Work course in the first semester of the MSW program. The course is designed to provide students with skills necessary to critically analyze and apply research evidence to inform, enhance and strengthen social work practice with adults and aging populations in health and mental health settings. Specifically, students will cultivate skills in 1) the systematic assessment and critical evaluation of data from published empirical research; 2) the identification and utilization of research



based practical assessments; 3) the development of evidence-informed decision making for effective clinical practice; and 4) evaluation of practice.

During the course of the semester students will gain familiarity with the range of social work and social work-related research in the field of health/mental health and gain an awareness and understanding of methodological and substantive issues in the conduct of research with regard to adult and aging populations. Overall, the course is designed to provide students with the skills necessary to apply knowledge derived from research to enhance their practice with diverse adult clientele in health and mental health settings.

Students should come to this class with a strong knowledge of basic concepts and methods of social work research and a firm understanding of the methodological issues that confront social work researchers. This will provide the foundation knowledge that will now be applied in critically analyzing, communicating and effectively transfer empirically based research into practice.

IV. COURSE OBJECTIVES

Objective #	Objectives
1	Support students in developing a clear sense as to how scientific research and practice are interdependent and serve as a basis for their own professional identity.
2	Provide further instruction in basic research methods to improve analytical skills.
3	Promote students' ability to critically assess the quality and clinical utility of empirically based studies to inform practice.
4	Prepare students to engage in the process of evidence informed decision making for effective clinical practice including the identification and critical evaluation of assessments and of evidence based interventions. Emphasis will be placed on the centrality of considering context, diversity, and ethical and political considerations in how research evidence is developed.
5	Develop students' knowledge and skill in evaluation of their practice.

V. Course Format / Instructional Methods

Delivery of this course will be learner-centered and progressive; it will value student autonomy, build upon students' field and class experiences, and promote discovery and group interaction. Class time will be divided among lectures, class discussions, case studies/guest speakers, and small group activities. Students may be grouped based on similar areas of interest and/or service settings (e.g., substance use disorders, severe mental illness, palliative care, or trauma). Through task-centered, small group activities, students will gradually assume more independent responsibilities for learning, and the role of the instructor will shift toward that of consultant, facilitator, and resource person.



VI. STUDENT LEARNING OUTCOMES

The following table lists the nine Social Work core competencies as defined by the Council on Social Work Education's 2015 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards:

	Social Work Core Competencies
1	Demonstrate Ethical and
	Professional Behavior
2	Engage Diversity and Difference in
	Practice
3	Advance Human Rights and Social,
	Economic, and Environmental
	Justice
4	Engage in Practice-informed
	Research and Research-informed
	Practice *
5	Engage in Policy Practice
6	Engage with Individuals, Families,
	Groups, Organizations, and
	Communities
7	Assess Individuals, Families,
	Groups, Organizations, and
	Communities
8	Intervene with Individuals, Families,
	Groups, Organizations, and
	Communities
9	Evaluate Practice with Individuals,
	Families, Groups, Organizations and
	Communities *

^{*} Highlighted in this course

The following table shows the competencies highlighted in this course, the related course objectives, student learning outcomes, and dimensions of each competency measured. The final column provides the location of course content related to the competency.



Competency	Objectives	Behaviors	Dimensions	Content
Competency 4: Engage In	Teach students how to critically	4a. Have the	Critical Thinking	Units: 1-3
ractice-informed Research and	assess the quality and clinical	capacity to		
esearch-informed Practice.	utility of empirically based	critically		Assignments: 1, 2
ocial workers practicing in health,	studies to inform health and	assess the		
ehavioral health, and integrated	mental health practice with	range of information		
are settings understand quantitative	adults and aging populations.	based on		
nd qualitative research methods and		research for		
neir respective roles in advancing a		the		
cience of social work and in		development		
valuating their practice. Social		of evidence		
orkers know the principles of		informed		
ogic, scientific inquiry, and		decision-		
ulturally informed and ethical		making for		
pproaches to building knowledge.		effective		
ocial workers understand that		clinical		
vidence that informs practice		practice.		
lerives from multi-disciplinary		41 0 11	01.111	11.3.445
ources and multiple ways of	Facilitate the utilization of	4b. Gather,	Skills	Units: 4-15
nowing. Social workers use the	available scientific evidence and	translate and		Aggignments: 2 2 4
vidence-based practice process in	administrative large datasets to engage in the process of	utilize existing		Assignments: 2, 3, 4
linical assessment and	evidence informed decision	research		
ntervention with clients. Social	making for effective clinical	evidence to		
orkers use research methodology	practice.	bridge the gap		
evaluate practice effectiveness	p. 20.100.	between		
nd/or outcomes. They also		research and		
nderstand the processes for		practice.		
anslating research findings into				
ffective practice and participate in				
ne generation of new clinical				
nowledge through research and				
ractice.				

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Competency	Objectives	Behaviors	Dimensions	Content
Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with	Develop students'	9b. Monitor	Knowledge	Units: 6 & 8
Individuals, Families, Groups,	knowledge and skills in	outcomes of	Skills	
Organizations, and Communities	methods and	intervention		Assignment: 3
Social workers understand that evaluation is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities. Social workers recognize the importance of evaluating processes and outcomes to advance practice, policy, and service delivery effectiveness. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in evaluating outcomes. Social workers understand qualitative and quantitative methods for evaluating outcomes and practice effectiveness. Social workers: select and use appropriate methods for evaluation of outcomes; apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment, person-inenvironment, and other multidisciplinary theoretical frameworks in the evaluation of outcomes; critically analyze, monitor, and evaluate intervention and program processes and outcomes; and apply evaluation findings to improve practice effectiveness at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels.	processes for effective evaluation of their practice.	using clinical evaluation.		

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VII. COURSE ASSIGNMENTS. DUE DATES & GRADING

	Assignment	Due Date	% of Final Grade
Assignment 1:	Evidence-based Practice Problem	Week 3	10%
Assignment 2:	Appraisal and Critique of Available Evidence	Week 6	30%
Assignment 3:	Evidence-Informed Decision Making	Week 9	25%
Assignment 4:	EBP Project Summary Presentation	Week 11 or 12	25%
Class Participa	tion	Ongoing	10%

Each student will critically analyze and apply various types of data (administrative, public, empirical) in the development of three assignments related to effectively serving a client population in their field setting: 1) understanding client problems and service needs within an agency and community context; 2) identifying appropriate interventions for addressing problems within the agency setting and policy context that governs the provision of services; and 3) evaluating the effectiveness of interventions designed to meet the needs of adult and aging populations. The course will conclude with a fourth assignment that synthesizes and furthers the previous assignments in a final presentation. Brief descriptions of each assignment follow; specific guidelines will be distributed in class.

Assignment 1: Evidence-based Practice Problem (10% of Course Grade)

Bulding upon what was learned in your basic research methods course(s), each student will need to formulate a health or mental health practice-based question that directly impacts an adult or aging population. The practice-based question should be related to an issue pertaining to effectively serving a client population in an agency setting. The question will be the basis for the remaining assignments in the class. Each student is expected to submit by week 3 a brief written document that includes the practice based question, description of the targeted population(s) and a brief rationale for the selection of the problem.

Due: Week 3

This assignment relates to student learning outcomes 2-3.

Assignment 2: Appraisal and Critique of Available Evidence (30% of Course Grade)

Using the practice-based resarch question in Assignment 1, students will prepare a paper that demonstrates their ability to critically appraise and apply research evidence to an existing practice-based problem. Students will be asked to interpret and critically assess existing peer-reviewed research evidence (including systematic reviews, meta-anallyses, and/or other empirical research) and discuss how this evidence corresponds to the existing gap in service needs for the selected population. Students will be expected to communicate findings in a written and graphic format that is understandable to diverse clients and consitutences. More details will be provided in a separate document.

Due: Week 6

This assignment relates to student learning outcome 4.

Assignment 3: Evidence Informed Decision Making (25% of Course Grade)

Building upon the previous two assignments, students will prepare a brief paper that will demonstrate the student's ability to seek out the best quality and practical assessments and evidence based intervention relevant to the practice-based question. Building upon the skills learned in class, students will identify a minimum of two empirically-supported assessments/screening tools specific to their target population. Students will describe specific considerations in the selection of the assessment/tool including description,



expected outcomes, administration/scoring, validity/reliability, and related costs. Students will have to provide a rationale for the selection of the assessment(s) as they relate to the evidence found in assignment 2 (i.e., limitations with other measures as described in existing research, lack of adaptations to diverse populations, etc.). In addition, students will identify an evidence based intervention (EBI) that can be applied to the specific practice based problem. Students will have to identify the EBI and targeted key characteristics, overview of the EBI inlcuding type of treatment category, primary outcomes, adaptations (if any), assessment of costs inlucding issues of sustainability, perceived strengths and limitations, and the clinical utility as perceived by all of the evidece collected. More details will be provided in a separate document.

Due: Week 9

This assignment relates to student learning outcome 4.

Please Note: All written assignments will be graded not only on content, but also on professional presentation, adherence to the guidelines, grammar, spelling, mechanics, and APA format.

Assignment 4: EBP Project Summary Presentation (25% of Course Grade)

Each student will present a PowerPoint presentation of the cumuluative work conducted over the course of the semester. More details will be provided in a separate document.

Presentation Due: Week 11 or 12

This assignment relates to student learning outcome 4.

Class Participation (10% of Course Grade)

Student participation is worth 10% of the overall couse grade. The grade will be based on evidence of preparation for class, including completion of the asynchronous material and required readings *in advance* of class, as well as on the student's participation and engagement during live class sessions.

Class grades will be based on the following:

Class	s Grades	Final Grade
3.85 – 4	A	93 – 100 A
3.60 - 3.84	A-	90 – 92 A-
3.25 – 3.59	B+	87 – 89 B+
2.90 - 3.24	В	83 – 86 B
2.60 – 2.87	B-	80 – 82 B-
2.25 – 2.50	C+	77 – 79 C+
1.90 – 2.24	С	73 – 76 C
1.89 & below	C- (Failing Grade)	70 – 72

Within the School of Social Work, grades are determined in each class based on the following standards which have been established by the faculty of the School: (1) Grades of A or A- are reserved for student work which not only demonstrates very good mastery of content but which also shows that the student has undertaken a complex task, has applied critical thinking skills to the assignment, and/or has demonstrated creativity in her or his approach to the assignment. The difference between these two grades would be determined by the degree to which these skills have been demonstrated by the student. (2) A grade of B+will be given to work which is judged to be very good. This grade denotes that a student has demonstrated a more-than-competent understanding of the material being tested in the assignment. (3) A grade of B will be given to student work which meets the basic requirements of the assignment. It denotes that the student has done adequate work on the assignment and meets basic course expectations. (4) A grade of B-will



denote that a student's performance was less than adequate on an assignment, reflecting only moderate grasp of content and/or expectations. (5) A grade of C would reflect a minimal grasp of the assignments, poor organization of ideas and/or several significant areas requiring improvement. (6) Grades between C-and F will be applied to denote a failure to meet minimum standards, reflecting serious deficiencies in all aspects of a student's performance on the assignment.

As a professional school, class attendance and participation is an essential part of your professional training and development at the USC Suzanne Dworak-Peck School of Social Work. You are expected to attend all classes and meaningfully participate. For Ground courses, having more than 2 unexcused absences in class may result in the lowering of your grade by a half grade. Additional absences can result in additional deductions. For VAC courses, meaningful participation requires active engagement in class discussions and maintaining an active screen. Having more than two unexcused absences in class may result in the lowering of your grade by a half grade. Additional absences in the live class can result in additional deductions. Furthermore, unless directed by your course instructor, you are expected to complete all asynchronous content and activities prior to the scheduled live class discussion. Failure to complete two asynchronous units before the live class without prior permission may also lower your final grade by a half grade. Not completing additional units can result in additional deductions.

VII. REQUIRED AND SUPPLEMENTARY INSTRUCTIONAL MATERIALS & RESOURCES

This course requires one text not previously used in the graduate program. Additionally, to address the breadth of content covered in this course and promote integration of knowledge gained from courses completed during graduate school, this course recommends the use of texts that have been used in previous courses, and other resources, as identified below.

Required Textbooks

Webber, M. (2015). Applying research evidence in social work practice. New York: Palgrave Macmillan.

Rubin, A. & Babbie, E. (2016). Essential research methods for social work (4th ed.). Belmont, CA:

Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning. [Note: This text serves as a reference text. Any basic research methods primer may be substituted.]

Recommended Textbook

Pyrczak, F. (2013). Evaluating research in academic journals. 4th Ed.. Glendale, CA: Pyrczak Publishing. [Note: Newer editions are available. Because this text is recommended for reference purposes, an older version is acceptable and typically more cost-effective.]

Recommended Guidebook for APA Style Formatting

American Psychological Association. (2009). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Washington, DC: Author.

Recommended Websites

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality: http://www.ahrq.gov/

American Evaluation Association: http://www.eval.org/

American Psychiatric Association Practice Guidelines:

http://www.psych.org/psych_pract/treatg/pg/prac_guide.cfm

American Psychological Association: http://www.apa.org/



The Campbell Collaboration: http://www.campbellcollaboration.org/

Cochrane Collaboration: http://www.cochrane.org/

National Guideline Clearinghouse: http://www.guideline.gov/

National Institute of Mental Health: http://www.nimh.nih.gov/

Oxford Academic Group: Program Evaluation Resources

http://www.oup.com/us/companion.websites/9780195308068/EvalRes/?view=usa

Randall Information Center Research (Social Work Library): http://sowk.wordpress.com/

Note: Additional required and recommended readings may be assigned by the instructor throughout the course.



Course Overview

Week (Units)	Topics	Assignments
_ `	RODUCTION TO THE FIELD OF HEALTH AND MENTAL HEALTH WITH ADULT	T POPULATIONS
1 (Units 1&2)	Course Introduction Promoting Mental Health, Health and Well-Being among Adults and Aging Populations • Brief overview of concepts and emerging evidence Review of Essential Social Work Research Methods • Scientific Inquiry • Conceptualization & Measurement • Sampling • Design	
2 (Units 2&3)	Review of Essential Social Work Research Methods, cont'd. Bridging the Gap: Practice and Research Domains in Social Work Defining the Question	
PART 2: KE	Y ISSUES IN APPLYING RESEARCH EVIDENCE IN SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE	Ξ
3 (Unit 4)	 Appraising the Quality of Evidence Assessment and Critical Evaluation of Empirical Research 	Assignment 1 Due
4 (Unit 5)	Locating Evidence for PracticeIdentification and Analysis of Administrative and Large Data Sets	
5 (Unit 6)	 Using Evidence to Inform Assessments Identification and Utilization of Commonly Used Assessments with Adult and Aging Populations 	
6 (Units 7&8)	 Using Evidence to Inform Decision-Making The Process of Evidence Informed Decision Making for Effective Clinical Practice Selecting Appropriate Evidence-Based Interventions The Realities of Using Research in Social Work Practice Balancing Being an Evidenced Based Practitioner and Working in Organizational Structures 	Assignment 2 Due
PART 3: AP	PLYING RESEARCH EVIDENCE IN DIFFERENT SOCIAL WORK CONTEXTS	
7 (Unit 9)	Working with People Who Experience Alcohol and Other Drug Problems	
8 (Unit 10)	Working with People with Health and Mental Health Problems	
9 (Unit 11)	Working with Older People	ASSIGNMENT 3 DUE
10 (Unit 12)	Working with People Who Have Disabilities	



Week (Units)	Topics	Assignments
11 (Unit 13)	Sex Research Class Presentations	Presentations
12 (Units 14&15)	 Student Research Increasing the Synergy Between Research and Practice in Social Work Class Presentations 	Presentations



Course Schedule—Detailed Description

Part 1: Introduction to Field of Health and Mental Health with Adult Populations

Unit 1: Course Introduction

Topics

- Welcome and introductions
- Course overview
- Review of syllabus
- Brief overview of concepts and emerging evidence in mental health and health of adults & aging populations

This Unit relates to course objectives 1 and 2.

Required Readings

Herrman, H., Saxena, S., & Moodie, R. (2004). Promoting mental health: Concepts, emerging evidence, practice: A report of the World Health Organization, Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse in collaboration with the Victorian Health Promotion Foundation and the University of Melbourne. Geneva: World Health Organization.

http://www.who.int/mental_health/evidence/en/promoting_mhh.pdf

Blackwell, D. L., Lucas, J. W., & Clarke, T. C. (2014). Summary health statistics for U.S. Adults: National Health Interview Survey, 2012. National Center for Health Statistics. Vital and health statistics. Series 10. Number 260.

https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/series/sr 10/sr10 260.pdf

Unit 2: Review of Essential Social Work Research Methods

Topics

- Scientific Inquiry: purpose of research
- Conceptualization and Measurement
- Sampling
- Design
- Diversity-related considerations

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Required Readings

Rubin, A & Babbie, R (2016). Essential research methods for social work (4th ed.). Belmont, CA:

Brooks/Cole. Please review the following as needed:

Chapter 1: Why study research?

Chapter 4: Factors influencing the research process

Chapter 7: Problem formulation

Chapter 8: Measurement in quantitative and qualitative inquiry

Chapter 11: Sampling: Quantitative and qualitative approaches

Suggested Readings

Kane, R. A. (2003). Definition, measurement, and correlates of quality of life in nursing homes: Toward a reasonable practice, research, and policy agenda. *The Gerontologist, 43*(suppl 2), 28-36.



- Prince, S. A., Adamo, K. B., Hamel, M. E., Hardt, J., Gorber, S. C., & Tremblay, M. (2008). A comparison of direct versus self-report measures for assessing physical activity in adults: A systematic review. *International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity*, *5*(1), 56.
- Ejiogu, N., Norbeck, J. H., Mason, M. A., Cromwell, B. C., Zonderman, A. B., & Evans, M. K. (2011). Recruitment and retention strategies for minority or poor clinical research participants: Lessons from the Healthy Aging in Neighborhoods of Diversity across the Life Span study. *The Gerontologist*, *51*(suppl 1), S33-S45.

Part 2: Key Issues in Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice

Unit 3: Bridging the Gap: Practice and Research Domains in Social Work

Topics

- Applying research evidence in social work practice
- Using research and evidence in social work practice
- Origins of evidence based practice
- Evidence based / informed practice
- Diversity-related considerations

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Required Readings

- Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 1: Applying research evidence in social work practice: Seeing beyond paradigms
- Rubin, A. (2014). Efforts to bridge the gap between research and practice in social work precedents and prospects: Keynote address at the Bridging the Gap Symposium. *Research on Social Work Practice*, 1049731514535852.

Suggested Readings

Chapin, R. K., Sellon, A., & Wendel-Hummell, C. (2015). Integrating education, research, and practice in gerontological social work: Lessons learned from the Reclaiming Joy Peer Support Program. *Gerontology & Geriatrics Education*, 36(3), 242-260.

Unit 4: Appraising the Quality of Evidence

Topics

- Assessment and Critical Evaluation of Empirical Research: Systematic Reviews, Meta-Analysis, Empirical Findings
- Knowledge, Evidence and Research in Social Work
- Principles, Frameworks and Technique
- Case study application

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Required Readings

Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 3: Appraising the quality of evidence



Suggested Readings

- Pyrczak, F. (2013). Evaluating research in academic journals. 4th Ed.. Glendale, CA: Pyrczak Publishing.
- Rizzo, V. M. & Rowe, J. M. (2016). Cost effectiveness of social work services in aging: An updated systematic review. *Research on Social Work Practice*, *26*(6), 653-667. doi:10.1177/1049731514563578
- Chi, I., Jordan-Marsh, M., Guo, M., Xie, B., & Bai, Z. (2013). Tai chi and reduction of depressive symptoms for older adults: A meta-analysis of randomized trials. *Geriatrics & Gerontology International*, 13(1), 3-12.
- Betz, C. L., Lobo, M. L., Nehring, W. M., & Bui, K. (2013). Voices not heard: A systematic review of adolescents' and emerging adults' perspectives of health care transition. *Nursing Outlook*, *61*(5), 311-336.

Unit 5: Locating Evidence for Practice

Topics

- Systematic utilization of public data
- Identification and use of administrative and large datasets for secondary analysis
 - Administrative Record Data
 - Epidemiological Data
 - Population Survey Data
- Identification and utilization of published reports from public data

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Required Readings

Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 2: Locating evidence for practice

Overview of public data on aging (Hands-on Lab):

- National Institute on Aging: www.nia.nih.gov
- NORC at the University of Chicago: www.norc.org
- Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Healthy Aging): www.cdc.gov/aging/
- National Center on Elder Abuse Administration on Aging: www.ncea.aoa.gov
- National Health and Aging Trends Study: <u>www.nhats.org</u>
- Rand Corporation: www.rand.org

Unit 6: Using Evidence to Inform Assessments

Topics

- Art and Science of Assessment
- Risk Assessment
- Research Based Assessments
- Use of Reliable and Measurable Evidence to Inform Practice
- Selected Practical Assessments for Adult and Aging Populations

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Required Readings

Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice.* New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 4: Using evidence to inform assessments



Overview of Public Websites:

SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions (CIHS) http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/clinical-practice/screening-tools

Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in Mental health http://www.cqaimh.org/quality.html

Suggested Readings

- D'Angelo, E. J., & Augenstein, T. M. (2012). Developmentally informed evaluation of depression: Evidence-based instruments. *Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America*, 21(2), 279-298. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.chc.2011.12.003
- Pritchett, R., Kemp, J., Wilson, P., Minnis, H., Bryce, G., & Gillberg, C. (2011). Quick, simple measures of family relationships for use in clinical practice and research. A systematic review. *Family Practice*, 28(2), 172-187. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/fampra/cmq080
- Tandon, S. D., Cluxton-Keller, F., Leis, J., Le, H. N., & Perry, D. F. (2012). A comparison of three screening tools to identify perinatal depression among low-income African American women. *Journal of Affective Disorders*, *136*(1), 155-162.
- Roy, T., Lloyd, C. E., Pouwer, F., Holt, R. I. G., & Sartorius, N. (2012). Screening tools used for measuring depression among people with Type 1 and Type 2 diabetes: A systematic review. *Diabetic Medicine*, *29*(2), 164-175.

Unit 7: Using Evidence to Inform Decision-Making

Topics

- Evidence informed decision making for effective clinical practice
- Identification and selection of appropriate evidence-based interventions
- Criteria to Consider When Selecting an Intervention:
 - Targeted key characteristics
 - Type of treatment category
 - Primary outcomes
 - Adaptations for cultural considerations
 - Assessment costs
 - Clinical utility

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5

Required Readings

- Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 5: Using evidence to inform decision-making
- Bond, G. R., Drake, R. E., & Becker, D. R. (2010). Beyond evidence-based practice: Nine ideal features of a mental health intervention. *Research on Social Work Practice*, *20*(5), 493-501. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1177/1049731509358085
- Hennessy, K. D., & Green-Hennessy, S. (2011). A review of mental health interventions in SAMHSA's national registry of evidence-based programs and practices. *Psychiatric Services*, *62*(3), 303-5.



Suggested Readings

- Zayas, L. H., Drake, B., Jonson-Reid, M. (2011). Overrating or dismissing the value of evidence-based practice: Consequences for clinical practice. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, 39, 400-405.
- Thyer, B. A., & Pignotti, M. (2011). Evidence-based practices do not exist. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, 39(4), 328-333. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10615-011-0358-x
- Bartels, S. J., Dums, A. R., Oxman, T. E., Schneider, L. S., Arean, P. A., Alexopoulos, G. S., & Jeste, D. V. (2002). Evidence-based practices in geriatric mental health care. *Psychiatric Services*, *53*(11), 1419-1431.
- Brownson, R. C., Fielding, J. E., & Maylahn, C. M. (2009). Evidence-based public health: A fundamental concept for public health practice. *Annual Review of Public Health*, *30*, 175-201.
- Ogilvie, D., Egan, M., Hamilton, V., & Petticrew, M. (2005). Systematic reviews of health effects of social interventions: 2. Best available evidence: How low should you go? *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health*, *59*, 886-892.
- Palinkas, L. A., & Soydan, H. (2012). Translation and implementation of evidence-based practice. New York: Oxford University Press.

 Chapter 2: Translation and Implementation of Evidence-Based Practices
- Dickens, A. P., Richards, S. H., Greaves, C. J., & Campbell, J. L. (2011). Interventions targeting social isolation in older people: A systematic review. *BMC Public Health*, *11*, 647. doi:10.1186/1471-2458-11-647.

Unit 8: Practical Uses of Research in Social Work Practice

Topics

- Balance of evidenced based practitioner and working in organizational structures
- Barriers to using research evidence
- Communicating evidence and maintaining up-to-date knowledge
- Personal and professional responsibility

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

Required Readings

- Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 6: Using research evidence in practice: A view from the ground
- Uggerhøj, L. (2011). What is practice research in social work Definitions, barriers and possibilities. *Social Work & Society*, *9*(1), 45-59.
- Wike, T. L., Bledsoe, S. E., Manuel, J. I., Despard, M., Johnson, L. V., Bellamy, J. L., & Killian-Farrell, C. (2014). Evidence-based practice in social work: Challenges and opportunities for clinicians and organizations. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, *42*(2), 161-170.



Part 3: Applying Research Evidence in Different Social Work Contexts

Unit 9: Working with People with Alcohol and Other Drug Use Problems

Topics

- Emerging Scientific Research Evidence on Substance Use Patterns during the Life Course
- Effective Interventions for Use Within Social Work Practice
- Use and application of measurement: Screening, Assessing and Testing

This Unit relates to course objectives 1-3 and 5.

Required Readings

- Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 10: Working with people who experience alcohol and other drug problems
- Stone, A. L., Becker, L. G., Huber, A. M., & Catalano, R. F. (2012). Review of risk and protective factors of substance use and problem use in emerging adulthood. *Addictive Behaviors*, 37(7), 747-775.
- Wu, L. T., & Blazer, D. G. (2011). Illicit and nonmedical drug use among older adults: a review. *Journal of Aging and Health*, 23(3), 481-504.
- Website Referral: http://www.drugabuse.gov/nidamed-medical-health-professionals/tool-resources-your-practice/additional-screening-resources

Suggested Readings

Drake, R. E., Wallach, M. A., & McGovern, M. P. (2014). Special section on relapse prevention: Future directions in preventing relapse to substance abuse among clients with severe mental illnesses. *Psychiatric Services*, *56*(10), 1297-1302.

Unit 10: Working with People with Health and Mental Health Problems

Topics

- Epidemiological Patterns of Occurrence of Mental Health Disorders
- Effective Service Delivery for Users with Mental Health Conditions
- Evidence Based Practice in Diverse Settings

This Unit relates to course objectives 2, 4, and 5.

Required Readings

- Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 11: Working with people with mental health problems
- Luoma, J. B., Martin, C. E., & Pearson, J. L. (2002). Contact with mental health and primary care providers before suicide: A review of the evidence. *American Journal of Psychiatry, 159*(6): 909-916.
- Dixon, L., McFarlane, W. R., Lefley, H., Lucksted, A., Cohen, M., Falloon, I., ... & Sondheimer, D. (2002). Evidence-based practices for services to families of people with psychiatric disabilities. *Psychiatric Services*, 52(7): 903- 910.



Suggested Readings

Tuerk, P. W., Yoder, M., Grubaugh, A., Myrick, H., Hamner, M., & Acierno, R. (2011). Prolonged exposure therapy for combat-related posttraumatic stress disorder: An examination of treatment effectiveness for veterans of the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq. *Journal of Anxiety Disorders*, 25(3), 397-403.

Unit 11: Working with Older People

Topics

- Social Work Practice with Aging Populations
- Impact of Personalization: Self-Directed Support
- Aging in Place
- Treatment and Depression

This Unit relates to course objectives 2, 4, and 5.

Required Readings

- Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 14: Working with older people.
- Aranda, M. P., Chae, D. H., Lincoln, K. D., Taylor, R. J., Woodward, A. T., & Chatters, L. M. (2012). Demographic correlates of DSM-IV major depressive disorder among older African Americans, Black Caribbeans, and non-Hispanic Whites: Results from the National Survey of American Life. *International Journal of Geriatric Psychiatry*, *27*(9), 940-947.
- Marek, K. D., Stetzer, F., Adams, S. J., Popejoy, L. L., & Rantz, M. (2012). Aging in place versus nursing home care: Comparison of costs to Medicare and Medicaid. *Research in Gerontological Nursing*, 5(2), 123-129.
- Sirey, J. A., Bruce, M. L., & Alexopoulos, G. S. (2005). The Treatment Initiation Program: An intervention to improve depression outcomes in older adults. *American Journal of Psychiatry, 162*(1), 184-186.

Suggested Readings

Baker, T. A., & Wang, C. C. (2006). Photovoice: Use of a participatory action research method to explore the chronic pain experience in older adults. *Qualitative Health Research*, *16*(10), 1405-1413.

Unit 12: Working with People Who Have Disabilities

Topics

- Disability, People with Disabilities and Research
- Towards an Emancipatory Research Paradigm
- Working with War Veterans: An Emerging Population

This Unit relates to course objectives 2, 4, and 5.

Required Readings

Webber, M. (2015). *Applying research evidence in social work practice*. New York: Palgrave Macmillan. Chapter 12: Working with disabled people



Harpaz-Rotem, I., & Rosenheck, R. A. (2011). Serving those who served: Retention of newly returning veterans from Iraq and Afghanistan in mental health treatment. *Psychiatric Services*, 62(1), 22-27.

Hootman, J. M., Helmick, C. G., & Brady, T. J. (2012). A public health approach to addressing arthritis in older adults: The most common cause of disability. *American Journal of Public Health*, 102(3), 426-433.

Unit 13: Sex Research

Topics

Sex Research

This Unit relates to course objectives 1-5.

Unit 14: Student Research and Class Presentations

Topics

- Student Research
- Individual student presentations.

This Unit relates to course objectives 1-5.

Unit 15: Increasing the Synergy Between Research and Practice in Social Work, and Class Presentations

Topics

- Reviewing the importance of research for social work practice
- Reviewing the ways data informs problems/needs, practices/intervention, evaluation
- Course evaluations
- Individual student presentations

This unit relates to course objectives 1-5.



University Policies and Guidelines

VIII. ATTENDANCE POLICY

Students are expected to attend every class and to remain in class for the duration of the unit. Failure to attend class or arriving late may impact your ability to achieve course objectives which could affect your course grade. Students are expected to notify the instructor by email (xxx@usc.edu) of any anticipated absence or reason for tardiness.

University of Southern California policy permits students to be excused from class for the observance of religious holy days. This policy also covers scheduled final examinations which conflict with students' observance of a holy day. Students must make arrangements *in advance* to complete class work which will be missed, or to reschedule an examination, due to holy days observance.

Please refer to SCampus and to the USC School of Social Work Student Handbook for additional information on attendance policies.

IX. ACADEMIC CONDUCT

Plagiarism – presenting someone else's ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in *SCampus* in Part B, Section 11, "Behavior Violating University Standards" https://policy.usc.edu/scampus-part-b/. Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable. See additional information in *SCampus* and university policies on scientific misconduct, http://policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct.

X. SUPPORT SYSTEMS

Student Counseling Services (SCS) – (213) 740-7711 – 24/7 on call
Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention. engemannshc.usc.edu/counseling

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline – 1 (800) 273-8255

Provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org

Relationship and Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP) – (213) 740-4900 – 24/7 on call Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm. engemannshc.usc.edu/rsvp

Sexual Assault Resource Center

For more information about how to get help or help a survivor, rights, reporting options, and additional resources, visit the website: sarc.usc.edu

Office of Equity and Diversity (OED)/Title IX Compliance – (213) 740-5086
Works with faculty, staff, visitors, applicants, and students around issues of protected class. equity.usc.edu

Bias Assessment Response and Support

Incidents of bias, hate crimes and micro aggressions need to be reported allowing for appropriate investigation and response. studentaffairs.usc.edu/bias-assessment-response-support

The Office of Disability Services and Programs

Provides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange relevant accommodations. dsp.usc.edu



USC Support and Advocacy (USCSA) – (213) 821-4710

Assists students and families in resolving complex issues adversely affecting their success as a student EX: personal, financial, and academic. studentaffairs.usc.edu/ssa

Diversity at USC

Information on events, programs and training, the Diversity Task Force (including representatives for each school), chronology, participation, and various resources for students. diversity.usc.edu

USC Emergency Information

Provides safety and other updates, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible. emergency.usc.edu

USC Department of Public Safety – UPC: (213) 740-4321 – HSC: (323) 442-1000 – 24-hour emergency or to report a crime. Provides overall safety to USC community. dps.usc.edu

XI. ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Students enrolled in the Virtual Academic Center can access support services for themselves and their families by contacting Perspectives, Ltd., an independent student assistance program offering crisis services, short-term counseling, and referral 24/7. To access Perspectives, Ltd., call 800-456-6327.

XII. STATEMENT ABOUT INCOMPLETES

The Grade of Incomplete (IN) can be assigned only if there is work not completed because of a documented illness or some other emergency occurring after the 12th week of the semester. Students must NOT assume that the instructor will agree to the grade of IN. Removal of the grade of IN must be instituted by the student and agreed to be the instructor and reported on the official "Incomplete Completion Form."

XIII. POLICY ON LATE OR MAKE-UP WORK

Papers are due on the day and time specified. Extensions will be granted only for extenuating circumstances. If the paper is late without permission, the grade will be affected.

XIV. POLICY ON CHANGES TO THE SYLLABUS AND/OR COURSE REQUIREMENTS

It may be necessary to make some adjustments in the syllabus during the semester in order to respond to unforeseen or extenuating circumstances. Adjustments that are made will be communicated to students both verbally and in writing.

XV. CODE OF ETHICS OF THE NATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF SOCIAL WORKERS (OPTIONAL)

Approved by the 1996 NASW Delegate Assembly and revised by the 2008 NASW Delegate Assembly https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics/Code-of-Ethics-English

Preamble

The primary mission of the social work profession is to enhance human wellbeing and help meet the basic human needs of all people, with particular attention to the needs and empowerment of people who are vulnerable, oppressed, and living in poverty. A historic and defining feature of social work is the profession's focus on individual wellbeing in a social context and the wellbeing of society. Fundamental to social work is attention to the environmental forces that create, contribute to, and address problems in living.

Social workers promote social justice and social change with and on behalf of clients. "Clients" is used inclusively to refer to individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are



sensitive to cultural and ethnic diversity and strive to end discrimination, oppression, poverty, and other forms of social injustice. These activities may be in the form of direct practice, community organizing, supervision, consultation administration, advocacy, social and political action, policy development and implementation, education, and research and evaluation. Social workers seek to enhance the capacity of people to address their own needs. Social workers also seek to promote the responsiveness of organizations, communities, and other social institutions to individuals' needs and social problems.

The mission of the social work profession is rooted in a set of core values. These core values, embraced by social workers throughout the profession's history, are the foundation of social work's unique purpose and perspective:

- Service
- Social justice
- Dignity and worth of the person
- Importance of human relationships
- Integrity
- Competence

This constellation of core values reflects what is unique to the social work profession. Core values, and the principles that flow from them, must be balanced within the context and complexity of the human experience.

XVI. ACADEMIC DISHONESTY SANCTION GUIDELINES

Some lecture slides, notes, or exercises used in this course may be the property of the textbook publisher or other third parties. All other course material, including but not limited to slides developed by the instructor(s), the syllabus, assignments, course notes, course recordings (whether audio or video) and examinations or quizzes are the property of the University or of the individual instructor who developed them. Students are free to use this material for study and learning, and for discussion with others, including those who may not be in this class, unless the instructor imposes more stringent requirements. Republishing or redistributing this material, including uploading it to web sites or linking to it through services like iTunes, violates the rights of the copyright holder and is prohibited. There are civil and criminal penalties for copyright violation. Publishing or redistributing this material in a way that might give others an unfair advantage in this or future courses may subject you to penalties for academic misconduct.

XVII. COMPLAINTS

If you have a complaint or concern about the course or the instructor, please discuss it first with the instructor. If you feel cannot discuss it with the instructor, contact the chair of the Department of Adult Mental Health and Wellness, Dr. Suzanne Wenzel (swenzel@usc.edu). If you do not receive a satisfactory response or solution, contact your advisor and/or Associate Dean and MSW Chair Dr. Leslie Wind for further guidance.

XVIII. TIPS FOR MAXIMIZING YOUR LEARNING EXPERIENCE IN THIS COURSE (OPTIONAL)

- ✓ Be mindful of getting proper nutrition, exercise, rest and sleep!
- ✓ Come to class.
- ✓ Complete required readings and assignments BEFORE coming to class.
- ✓ BEFORE coming to class, review the materials from the previous Unit AND the current Unit, AND scan the topics to be covered in the next Unit.
- ✓ Come to class prepared to ask any questions you might have.
- ✓ Participate in class discussions.
- ✓ AFTER you leave class, review the materials assigned for that Unit again, along with your notes from that Unit.



- ✓ If you don't understand something, ask questions! Ask questions in class, during office hours, and/or through email!

 ✓ Keep up with the assigned readings.

Don't procrastinate or postpone working on assignments.

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