MOR 479: The Business of Sports
Spring 2019
Monday & Wednesday, 2:00-3:50 p.m.; 4 units; JFF 328

Professor: David M. Carter
Office: HOH 419
Email: david.carter@sportsbusinessgroup.com

COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course offers a unique perspective about the business of sports by exposing students to specific managerial challenges and issues facing industry leaders. It does so by blending assigned readings, current developments in the sports-business industry, and guest speakers.

In order to address the flow of funds in the sports industry, the course examines the six most critical entities influencing the business of sport: (1) Professional sports franchises and leagues; (2) Amateur athletics, including collegiate sports; (3) Major special events such as the Olympics and World Cup; (4) Corporate America; (5) the media; and (6) the public sector. This examination of the flow of funds requires close consideration of numerous industry stakeholders, ranging from network television and corporate marketing executives to collegiate athletic department administrators and sports economists.

With the domestic sports business industry estimated at $500 billion dollars annually, and the global sports business industry estimated at $1.5 trillion annually, qualified professionals are required to manage this growing industry.

This course provides prospective sports management professionals with the insight necessary to establish successful careers in the sports business. We will be examining sports industry accounting methods and its financial and marketing strategies, as well as planning concerns and managerial philosophies.
**COURSE OBJECTIVES**

After successfully completing this course, students should be able to:

1) Describe the process involved in making managerial decisions in the sports management industry; requires knowledge of industry stakeholders as well as understanding of industry terms and concepts;

2) Analyze, evaluate, and critique the strategic decisions of key industry participants;

3) Devise a comprehensive strategy, including realistic recommendations, for an industry participant; and

4) Demonstrate orally and in written form the ability to analyze the sports management industry and provide strategic direction for industry participants.

**COURSE MATERIALS**

**Required:**  *USC custom publishing package* of selected readings; and  
*The Sports Business Journal*

**RECOMMENDED PREPARATION:** Numerous BUAD courses

**GRADING**

Final grades represent how you perform in the class relative to other students. Your grade will not be based on a mandated target, but on your performance. Historically, the average grade for this class is about a 3.30. Three items are considered when assigning final grades: (1) Your average weighted score as a percentage of the available points for all assignments (the points you receive divided by the number of points possible). (2) The overall average percentage score within the class. (3) Your ranking among all students in the class.

**GRADE COMPONENTS**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>POINTS</th>
<th>%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1) Article Submission</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2) Class Engagement</td>
<td>150</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3) Two Quizzes</td>
<td>300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4) Mid-Term Exam</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5) Final Exam</td>
<td>250</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000</td>
<td>100%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
EXPLANATION OF COMPONENTS

1) Article Submission: Individual Dates TBD
Each student will be responsible for submitting a one-page analysis of a current sports business issue. This analysis should include an explanation of the critical sports business issues at hand, as well as the stakeholders impacted and other critical observations. Additionally, most will also informally present the sports business issue selected to the class by describing its sports business implications and impacted stakeholders.

2) Class Engagement: Ongoing
This part of your grade will be based on effective contributions to class discussions. Class will begin and end on time. Punctuality is one component of participation. Students should notify me in advance if they are forced to miss all or part of any class; multiple absences demonstrate a reduced level of participation. Multiple absences will result in reduction of grade points. Other components of participation include input that is relevant to the course content and the topic of discussion. Students are expected to be prepared to discuss and respond to questions pertaining to any and all assigned readings.

Effective class comments may address questions raised by others, integrate material from this and other courses, draw upon real-world experiences and observations, or pose new questions to the class. For further information on class participation expectations, see Appendix II at the end of the syllabus.

3) Quizzes: February 5th and April 2nd
Each multiple choice quiz will consist of 15 questions and feature questions generated from assigned readings, lectures, current events, and guest speakers.

4) Mid-Term Exam: February 26th
The mid-term exam requires students to briefly analyze and outline the financial, marketing, and planning components in response to the question posed. Consider both the tangible and intangible implications when describing the effects on industry participants.

This assignment will be graded based upon the following:

- Grasp of Assigned Issue (10%)
- Identification of Primary, Secondary, & Tertiary Industry Stakeholders (20%)
- Potential Marketing Impacts (20%)
- Financial Considerations (20%)
- Strategic Planning Issues (20%)
- Organization of the Exam (10%)
5) (Take Home) Final Exam: Due Date = 4:00 PM on Thursday, May 2nd
The final exam requires students to briefly analyze and outline the financial, marketing, and planning components in response to the question posed. Consider both the tangible and intangible implications when describing the effects on industry participants.

This assignment will be graded based upon the following:

- Grasp of Assigned Issue (10%)
- Identification of Primary, Secondary, & Tertiary Industry Stakeholders (20%)
- Potential Marketing Impacts (20%)
- Financial Considerations (20%)
- Strategic Planning Issues (20%)
- Organization of the Exam (10%)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Add/Drop Process
Students who do not attend the first two class sessions may be dropped from the course if they do not notify the instructor prior to their absence.

Retention of Graded Coursework
Final exams and all other graded work which affected the course grade will be retained for 90 days after the end of the course if the graded work has not been returned to the student. If a graded paper is returned to you, it is your responsibility to file it.

Technology Policy
Laptop and Internet usage is not permitted during academic or professional sessions unless otherwise stated by the respective professor and/or staff. Use of other personal communication devices, such as cell phones, is considered unprofessional and is not permitted during academic or professional sessions. ANY e-devices (cell phones, iPads, other texting devices, laptops, I-pods) must be completely turned off during class time. Upon request, you must comply and put your device on the table in off mode and FACE DOWN. You might also be asked to deposit your devices in a designated area in the classroom. Videotaping faculty lectures is not permitted due to copyright infringement regulations. Audiotaping may be permitted if approved by the professor. Use of any recorded or distributed material is reserved exclusively for the USC students registered in this class.
USC STATEMENT ON ACADEMIC CONDUCT AND SUPPORT SYSTEMS

Academic Conduct
Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in SCampus in Part B, Section 11, “Behavior Violating University Standards” https://policy.usc.edu/scampus-part-b/. Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable. See additional information in SCampus and university policies on scientific misconduct, http://policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct.

Support Systems
Student Counseling Services (SCS) - (213) 740-7711 – 24/7 on call
Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention. https://engemannshc.usc.edu/counseling/

National Suicide Prevention Lifeline - 1-800-273-8255
Provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org

Relationship & Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP) - (213) 740-4900 - 24/7 on call
Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm. https://engemannshc.usc.edu/rsvp/

Sexual Assault Resource Center
For more information about how to get help or help a survivor, rights, reporting options, and additional resources, visit the website: http://sarc.usc.edu/

Office of Equity and Diversity (OED)/Title IX compliance – (213) 740-5086
Works with faculty, staff, visitors, applicants, and students around issues of protected class. https://equity.usc.edu/

Bias Assessment Response and Support
Incidents of bias, hate crimes and microaggressions need to be reported allowing for appropriate investigation and response. https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/bias-assessment-response-support/

The Office of Disability Services and Programs
Provides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange relevant accommodations. dsp.usc.edu

Student Support & Advocacy – (213) 821-4710
Assists students and families in resolving complex issues adversely affecting their success as a student EX: personal, financial, and academic. https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/ssa/

Diversity at USC – https://diversity.usc.edu/
Tabs for Events, Programs and Training, Task Force (including representatives for each school), Chronology, Participate, Resources for Students

**USC Emergency Information**
Provides safety and other updates, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible. [Emergency.usc.edu](http://emergency.usc.edu).

**USC Department of Public Safety** – UPC: (213) 740-4321 – HSC: (323) 442-1000 -- 24-hour emergency or to report a crime. Provides overall safety to USC community. [dps.usc.edu](http://dps.usc.edu).

**Students with Disabilities**
USC is committed to making reasonable accommodations to assist individuals with disabilities in reaching their academic potential. If you have a disability which may impact your performance, attendance, or grades in this course and require accommodations, you must first register with the Office of Disability Services and Programs ([www.usc.edu/disability](http://www.usc.edu/disability)). DSP provides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange the relevant accommodations. Any student requesting academic accommodations based on a disability is required to register with Disability Services and Programs (DSP) each semester. A letter of verification for approved accommodations can be obtained from DSP. Please be sure the letter is delivered to me (or to your TA) as early in the semester as possible. DSP is located in GFS (Grace Ford Salvatori Hall) 120 and is open 8:30 a.m.–5:00 p.m., Monday through Friday. The phone number for DSP is (213) 740-0776. Email: ability@usc.edu.

**Emergency Preparedness/Course Continuity**
In case of a declared emergency if travel to campus is not feasible, the **USC Emergency Information** web site ([http://emergency.usc.edu/](http://emergency.usc.edu/)) will provide safety and other information, including electronic means by which instructors will conduct class using a combination of USC’s Blackboard learning management system (blackboard.usc.edu), teleconferencing, and other technologies.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Week</th>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Key Topic</th>
<th>Reading</th>
<th>Sub Topics</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.1</td>
<td>1/08</td>
<td>Course Introduction</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1/10</td>
<td>Overview of Industry Stakeholders</td>
<td>In-Class Group Exercise #1</td>
<td>Industry Silos; Concentration of Power.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.1</td>
<td>1/15</td>
<td>Pro Sports</td>
<td><strong>PWC Sports Outlook (2017 Edition)</strong>&lt;br&gt;“At the Gate and Beyond; Outlook for the N.A. Sports Market through 2021”&lt;br&gt;<strong>PWC Sports Outlook (2018 Edition)</strong>&lt;br&gt;“At the Gate and Beyond; Outlook for the N.A. Sports Market through 2022”</td>
<td>Sources of Revenue &amp; Expense; Trends in Revenue &amp; Expenses; Role &amp; Importance of Operating Incomes; Determinants of Economic Viability; Tax Implications of Franchise Ownership; League/Sports Credit Ratings; Impacts of Rising/Falling Player Costs.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.2</td>
<td>1/17</td>
<td>Pro Sports</td>
<td><strong>The Business of Sports</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chapter 11: “Sports Franchise Valuation”&lt;br&gt;Forbes Franchise Values</td>
<td>See above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.1</td>
<td>1/22</td>
<td>Pro Sports</td>
<td><strong>The Business of Sports</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chapter 11: “Sports Franchise Valuation” (continued)</td>
<td>See above</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>1/24</td>
<td>Pro Sports</td>
<td><strong>The Business of Sports</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chapter 10: “Labor Matters”&lt;br&gt;<strong>Golf Digest</strong>&lt;br&gt;“Making Big Bucks, Spending Big Bucks”&lt;br&gt;In-Class Group Exercise #2</td>
<td>Components of Salary Determination; Ownership Factionalization; Assessing MRP across Portfolio; Alternate Business Models</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.1</td>
<td>1/29</td>
<td>Pro Sports</td>
<td><strong>The Business of Sports</strong>&lt;br&gt;Chapter 13: “A Brief History of the NCAA’s Role in Regulating Intercollegiate Athletics”&lt;br&gt;<strong>The NCAA Cartel:</strong> Why is Exists, How it Works, and What it Does</td>
<td>Differences Between College &amp; Pro; Critical Dates in NCAA History; NCAA Structure &amp; Funding; Revenue Distribution; Landmark Legal Rulings; Sports as a Branding Tool; Title IX Defined &amp; Applied; Financial &amp; Reputational</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>1/31</td>
<td>College Sports</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Event/Assignment</td>
<td>Reading Material</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.1   2/05</td>
<td>Quiz #1</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.2   2/07</td>
<td>College Sports</td>
<td><strong>Knight Commission White Paper</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>“The NCAA and ‘Non-Game Related’ Student Athlete NIL Restrictions”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Moody’s Investors Service</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>“Eye on the Ball: Big-Time Sports Pose Growing Risk for Universities”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Unwinding Madness</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Chapter 8: “Two Paths to Meaningful Reform”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.1   2/12</td>
<td>No Class/Special Event</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.2   2/14</td>
<td>College Sports</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.1   2/19</td>
<td>No Class</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2   2/21</td>
<td>No Class</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.1   2/26</td>
<td>Mid-Term Exam</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>8.2   2/28</td>
<td>The Olympics &amp; World Cup</td>
<td><strong>The 2018 Olympic Marketing Fact File</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td><strong>Journal of Economic Perspectives</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>“Going for the Gold: The Economics of the Olympics”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Games’ Management Structure; Revenue Stream Reliance; Role of Television; Global Non-Business Considerations; Economic Impact; Future Challenges</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>Date</td>
<td>Source/Content</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---------</td>
<td>--------</td>
<td>----------------</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9.2</td>
<td>3/7</td>
<td>Corporate America</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.1</td>
<td>3/12</td>
<td>No Class/Spring Break</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10.2</td>
<td>3/14</td>
<td>No Class/Spring Break</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.1</td>
<td>3/19</td>
<td>The Media&lt;br&gt;Barrons&lt;br&gt;“TV’s Sports Problem”&lt;br&gt;Variety&lt;br&gt;“Big Media, Silicon Valley Battle for Multibillion-Dollar Sports TV Rights”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>11.2</td>
<td>3/21</td>
<td>The Media&lt;br&gt;Sports Illustrated&lt;br&gt;“With Upheaval in Cable Market, Power 5 Bet on Silicon Valley”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Guest Speaker #3

Rationale for Acquiring Naming Rights; Contractually Obligated Income; Pros & Cons of Sponsorship; Conflicts of Interest; Brand Management; Activism & Sports Marketing

Audience Fragmentation; Platform Development; FAANG Group Impacts; Alliance vs. Transaction Model; Viewership Migration & Monetization

See above
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Date</th>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Topic</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>12.1</td>
<td>3/26</td>
<td>The Media</td>
<td>Guest Speaker #4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12.2</td>
<td>3/28</td>
<td>No Class</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13.1</td>
<td>4/2</td>
<td>Quiz #2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| 13.2 | 4/4  | Public Sector | Major League Winners
Chapter 1: “Urban Change”
Hard Ball
Chapter 7: “State & Local Politics”
Direct vs. Indirect Revenue; Economic Impact vs. Activity; The Multiplier Effect; Importance of Externalities; Sports Anchored Development |
| 14.1 | 4/9  | Public Sector | Money Games
Chapter 7: “Sports Anchored Development”
Major League Winners
Chapter 5: “A White Elephant…”
See above |
| 14.2 | 4/11 | Public Sector | Guest Speaker #5 |
| 15.1 | 4/16 | Current Events | |
| 15.2 | 4/18 | Current Events | Guest Speaker #6 |
| 16.1 | 4/23 | Course Wrap-Up & Career Opportunities | |
| 16.2 | 4/25 | No Class | |
Appendix I

USC Marshall
School of Business

Undergraduate Program Learning Goals and Objectives (last update 12/21/17)

Learning goal 1: Our graduates will demonstrate critical thinking skills so as to become future-oriented problem solvers, innovators and decision makers in diverse and rapidly changing business environments.

- Students will demonstrate the ability to anticipate, identify and solve business problems. They will be able to identify and assess central problems, identify and evaluate potential solutions, and translate a chosen solution to an implementation plan that considers future contingencies
- Students will demonstrate the ability to be accurate, clear, expansive (thorough, detailed) and fair-minded in their thinking
- Students will critically analyze concepts, theories and processes by stating them in their own words, understanding key components, identifying assumptions, indicating how they are similar to and different from others and translating them to the real world
- Students will be effective at gathering, storing, and using qualitative and quantitative data and at using analytical tools and frameworks to understand and solve business problems
- Students will understand the concepts of critical thinking, entrepreneurial thinking and creative thinking as drivers of innovative ideas

Learning Goal 2: Our graduates will develop people and leadership skills to promote their effectiveness as business managers and leaders in the 21st century’s evolving work and organizational structures.

- Students will recognize, understand and analyze the roles, responsibilities and behaviors of effective managers and leaders in diverse business contexts e.g., functionally diverse, culturally diverse, geographically diverse, etc.
- Students will understand factors that contribute to effective teamwork including how to elicit, manage and leverage diverse perspectives and competencies.
- Students will recognize, understand, and analyze the motivations and behaviors of stakeholders inside and outside organizations (e.g., teams, departments, consumers, investors, auditors)

Learning Goal 3: Our graduates will be effective communicators to facilitate information flow in organizational, social, and intercultural contexts.

- Students will identify and assess diverse personal and organizational communication goals and audience information needs
- Students will demonstrate an ability to gather and disseminate information and communicate it clearly, logically, and persuasively in professional contexts
- Students will understand individual and group communications patterns and dynamics in organizations and other professional contexts

Learning goal 4: Our graduates will demonstrate ethical reasoning skills, understand social, civic, and professional responsibilities and aspire to add value to society.

- Students will recognize ethical challenges in business situations and assess appropriate courses of action
- Students will understand professional codes of conduct

Learning goal 5: Our graduates will develop a global business perspective. They will understand how local, regional, and international markets, and economic, social and cultural issues impact business decisions so as to anticipate new opportunities in any marketplace.

- Students will understand that stakeholders, stakeholder interests, business environments (legal, regulatory, competitor) and business practices vary across regions of the world
- Students will understand how local, regional and global markets interact and are impacted by economic, social and cultural factors.
Learning goal 6: Our graduates will understand types of markets and key business areas and their interaction to effectively manage different types of enterprises.

- Students will demonstrate foundational knowledge of core business disciplines, including business analytics and business economics
- Students will understand the interrelationships between functional areas of business so as to develop a general perspective on business management
- Students will apply theories, models, and frameworks to analyze relevant markets (e.g. product, capital, commodity, factor and labor markets)
- Students will be able to use technologies (e.g., spreadsheets, databases, software) relevant to contemporary business practices

Appendix II: Participation

Participation. In-class participation is 15% of the total grade and evaluated based on your level of involvement in class discussions and in-class exercises.

One of the primary goals of this course is to help you develop the ability both to clarify your own position on an issue and to be able to articulate and defend it clearly. Sharing your perceptions and ideas with others is crucial for learning and for understanding how the diverse opinions that you are likely to encounter in an organization are debated. You will find yourself presenting and testing new ideas that are not wholly formulated and assisting others in shaping their ideas as well. You should be prepared to take some risks and be supportive of the efforts of others.

Effective class participation consists of analyzing, commenting, questioning, discussing, and building on others' contributions; it is not repeating facts or monopolizing class time. The ability to present one's ideas concisely and persuasively and to respond effectively to the ideas of others is a key business skill. One of the goals of this course is to help you sharpen that ability.

Outstanding Contribution: Your contributions reflect considerable preparation; they are substantive and supported by evidence from the case, readings, and logic. Your comments or questions create a springboard for discussion by making a critical insight. You synthesize and build upon what has already been said in the discussion. The class learns from you when you speak; in your absence, the discussions would suffer.

Good Contribution. You come prepared with substantiated comments. You demonstrate good insight and clear thinking. You are able to make some connection to what has been said in prior discussion. The class notices when you’re not part of the discussion.

Minimal Contribution. You participate but are unprepared. You rarely offer interesting insights into the discussion. It appears that you are not listening to what others are saying during discussion.

No Contribution. You say little or nothing in class. If you were not in the class, the discussion would not suffer.