**Science of Social Work**

**SOWK 546**

3 Units

*“Research is formalized curiosity. It is poking and prying with a purpose.”*

*~ Zora Neale Hurston*

***Fall 2018***

**INSTRUCTOR**: Todd Creager **COURSE DAY**: Fridays

**TELEPHONE**: 714-848-2288 **COURSE TIME**: 1-3:40 PM

**OFFICE**: SWC 201C **LOCATION**: SOS B47

**OFFICE HOURS**: Fridays 11 am and

by appointment

# Course Prerequisites

None

# Catalogue Description

Introduction to the role of scientific inquiry in advancing social work goals. Inspires students to include science in their social work identity and professional decision-making.

# Course Description

Students taking this course will develop an appreciation for the historical and contemporary role of the science of social work, that is the use of empirical evidence and inquiry to advance the goals of professional social work. They also will develop a strong understanding of how the science of social work can inform and improve their own professional practice.

The course is designed to provide students with inspiration and training on harnessing their own critical and creative thinking. Emphasis is placed on the process of conceptualizing social work practice problems and questions that can be informed by the science of social work.

Students will learn how to locate, interpret, appraise, and apply the best available evidence in their professional practice, particular evidence presented in academic articles describing empirical research studies. They will evaluate the strengths and limitations of existing evidence for addressing specific practice questions and confront the challenge of how to combine such evidence with client values and wishes, one’s practice knowledge and experience, and contextual factors. Students will learn to carefully consider the role that cultural diversity and difference play in the development, translation, and application of social work evidence and knowledge.

By the end of the course students will be well-versed in the concept of the science of social work, and in how to apply those concepts as both consumers and creators of social work knowledge. They will be prepared to enter subsequent courses designed to enhance their ability to use the science of social work to evaluate professional practice (including their own) in a specialized area of practice.

# Course Objectives

| **Objective #** | **Objective** |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | Appreciate how the science of social work is integral to professional social work and to one’s own identity and development as a professional social worker. |
| 2 | Use reflection and self-assessment as part of routine professional practice in order to identify practice needs and questions that could be addressed by enhancing professional knowledge. Formulate practice questions and effectively and efficiently locate the best available evidence for addressing specified practice questions. |
| 3 | Apply critical and creative thinking when appraising the strength of quantitative and qualitative research findings. |
| 4 | Use the best available empirical evidence to addressing practice problems and questions. Consider context, diversity and difference, and ethical and political considerations when adapting and translating empirical evidence in professional practice. |
| 5 | Be prepared to enter more advanced courses that provide training in the use of the science of social work to evaluate professional practice in a specialized area of practice. |

# Course format / Instructional Methods

Delivery of this course assumes that student interests and active participation are fundamental to a dynamic, high-functioning learning environment that promotes discussion, questions, self-reflection, and critical thinking. Operating from this basic assumption, this course will utilize multiple formats, including:

1. Self-reflection;
2. didactic and interactive presentation of material;
3. small and large group discussion;
4. student-led discussions; and
5. experiential activities.

Overall, students will have substantial involvement in the shared identification of materials for discussion in the course as instructor and students work together to address meaningful practice and policy questions. A number of course assignments and activities ask students to address practice problems and questions of interest to them. Through task-centered assignments and activities, students will assume responsibilities for learning and for creating an engaging learning environment that responds to their passions, interests, goals, and abilities, and that address some of the challenges related to the application of the science of social work in professional practice. Online teaching and learning environments will support and facilitate student learning, communication and interaction, as well as access to instructor support.

Please note that it may be necessary for the instructor to adjust the syllabus and/or course during the semester.

**Instructor’s Oath**

*“As your instructor, to each of you, I pledge the following:*

* *To appreciate you, your time and your effort;*
* *To be available and responsible;*
* *To be encouraging and supportive;*
* *To be objective and fair;*
* *To be prompt and timely;*
* *To be respectful, professional and appropriate;*
* *To accommodate when appropriate and within reason;*
* *To try to be an engaging and effective instructor; and*
* *To strive for excellence in carrying out my responsibilities as an instructor as described in the USC Faculty Handbook.*

*If at any time you feel I have not honored this oath, please contact me so that I am aware of your concerns and have an opportunity to address them.”*

# Student Learning Outcomes

The following table lists the nine Social Work competencies as defined by the Council on Social Work Education’s 2015 Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Social Work Competencies** | |
| 1 | Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior\* |
| 2 | Engage in Diversity and Difference in Practice |
| 3 | Advance Human Rights and Social, Economic, and Environmental Justice |
| **4** | **Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice\*** |
| 5 | Engage in Policy Practice |
| 6 | Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities |
| 7 | Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities |
| 8 | Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities |
| **9** | **Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations and Communities\*** |

\* Indicates competencies highlighted in this course

The following table shows the competencies highlighted in this course, the related course objectives, student learning outcomes, and dimensions of each competency measured. The final column provides the location of course content related to the competency and methods for assessing whether the outcomes have been achieved.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Competency | Objectives | Behaviors | Dimensions | Content |
| **Competency 4: Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice**  Social workers understand quantitative and qualitative research methods and their respective roles in advancing a science of social work and in evaluating their practice. Social workers know the principles of logic, scientific inquiry, and culturally informed and ethical approaches to building knowledge. Social workers understand that evidence that informs practice derives from multi-disciplinary sources and multiple ways of knowing. They also understand the processes for translating research findings into effective practice. | 1. Appreciate how the science of social work is integral to professional social work and to one’s own identity and development as a professional social worker. 2. Use reflection and self-assessment as part of routine professional practice in order to identify practice needs and questions that could be addressed by enhancing professional knowledge. Formulate practice questions and effectively and efficiently locate the best available evidence for addressing specified practice questions. | **4a.** Identify ways in which professional interests and goals can be enhanced through reflection, the use of empirical evidence, and inquiry.  **4b**. Use professional knowledge and experience to inform the use of empirical evidence and inquiry.  **4c.** Apply critical and creative thinking to engage in appraisal of types and sources of empirical evidence. | Values, Knowledge, Skills, and Cognitive and Affective Processes | **Units 1 - 5**  **Assignment 1**  **Class Participation** |
| 1. Apply critical and creative thinking when appraising the strength of quantitative and qualitative research findings. | **4d.** Apply critical and creative thinking to engage in appraisal of the strength of quantitative and qualitative research findings. | Knowledge, Skills | Units 6 - 15 **Assignment 2**  **Assignment 3**  **Class Participation** |
| 1. Use the best available empirical evidence to addressing practice problems and questions. Consider context, diversity and difference, and ethical and political considerations when adapting and translating empirical evidence in professional practice. | **4e.** Use and translate empirical evidence to inform and improve social work practice, policy, and service delivery. | Knowledge, Skills | Units 11 - 15 **Assignment 3**  **Class Participation** |
| Competency | **Objectives** | **Behaviors** | **Dimensions** | **Content** |
| **Competency 9: Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities**  Social workers understand that evaluation is an ongoing component of the dynamic and interactive process of social work practice with, and on behalf of, diverse individuals, families, groups, organizations and communities. Social workers recognize the importance of evaluating processes and outcomes to advance practice, policy, and service delivery effectiveness. Social workers understand theories of human behavior and the social environment, and critically evaluate and apply this knowledge in evaluating outcomes. Social workers understand qualitative and quantitative methods for evaluating outcomes and practice effectiveness. | 1. Use the best available empirical evidence to addressing practice problems and questions. Consider context, diversity and difference, and ethical and political considerations when adapting and translating empirical evidence in professional practice. 2. Be prepared to enter more advanced courses that provide training in the use of the science of social work to evaluate professional practice in a specialized area of practice. | **9a.** Apply evaluation findings to improve professional practice at the micro, mezzo, and macro levels. | Knowledge, Skills | **Units 11 - 15**  **Assignment 3**  **Class Participation** |

# Course Assignments, Due Dates & Percent of Final Grade

**Assignments**

Assignments for the course consist of 3 written assignments, including (1) a Professional Knowledge Critical Reflection and Self-Assessment, (2) a Professional Resource Collection and Research Article Appraisal, and (3) a Professional Practice Brief. All assignments are designed to relate to and build on one another. As such, it is imperative that assignments be submitted by their due dates. Assignments should be submitted as described in the guidelines for the assignment.

The table below presents all course assignments, due dates, and the percent of the final grade comprised of by each assignment.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Assignment | Unit Due[[1]](#footnote-1) | % of Final Grade |
| Assignment 1  *Professional Knowledge Critical Reflection and Self-Assessment* | Unit 5 | 25% |
| Assignment 2  *Professional Resource Collection and Research Article Appraisal* | Unit 11 | 30% |
| **Assignment 3** *Evidence-Based Practice Brief* | Exam Week | 35% |
| Active and Proactive Learning, & Meaningful Class Participation | Units 1 – 15 | 10% |

## *Assignment 1 - Professional Knowledge Critical Reflection and Self-Assessment (25% of course grade)*

The overarching aim of Assignment 1 is to increase your appreciation of the science of social work by helping you to identify ways in which personal passions, and professional interests and goals can be nurtured and enhanced through reflection and self-assessment of your professional knowledge. The assignment consists of three parts. The first part of the assignment addresses the connection between your life experiences and professional identity as a social worker. The second part of the assignment relates to current areas of professional interest and the professional knowledge you currently have in your specified area of interest. Finally, in the third part of the assignment, you will develop practice questions related to your specified areas of interest.

***Assignment 2 - Professional Resource Collection and Research Article Appraisal (30% of course grade)***

The overarching aim of Assignment 2 is to enhance your ability to effectively and efficiently locate information and empirical evidence relevant to specialized practice in areas that are consistent with your professional goals and interests. The assignment consists of three parts. The first part of the assignment involves locating different kinds of information relevant to one of the practice questions that your formulated in Part 3 of Assignment 1. The second part of the assignment focuses on locating academic articles describing empirical research studies relevant to the practice question that you formulated. During the course, you will learn a core set of concepts and terminology related to scientific inquiry that you will be expected to understand and apply in the final part of the assignment, which consists of a critical appraisal of a research article and study.

***Assignment 3 – Evidence-Based Practice Brief (35% of course grade)***

The overarching aim of Assignment 3 is to prepare you for professional practice by enhancing your ability to integrate the best available empirical evidence with client characteristics and goals, your professional knowledge and expertise, and contextual factors. The assignment consists of four parts. The first part of the assignment presents a refined practice question, the rationale for the question, and contextual factors relevant to the practice question. The second part of the assignment focuses on the best available empirical evidence related to the practice question and the process of searching for evidence. The 3rd and 4th parts of the assignment involve critically appraising the ***body*** of empirical evidence and using the best available empirical evidence to address your specified practice question in the context of a hypothetical practice situation.

## *Active and Proactive Learning, & Meaningful Class Participation (10% of course grade)*

***Units 1 – 15***

You are expected to be active participants in your learning and proactive. This will require mental, physical and perhaps emotional effort from you, both inside and outside the formal classroom. **Active learning** involves assuming responsibility for learning; completing required readings and materials prior to class; and coming to class with thoughtful comments, reflections or questions about concepts, readings and assignments**. Proactive learning** involves anticipating workload and challenges, and taking the initiative to reach out to the instructor when concerned about possible challenges in the class.

Along with active and proactive learning, you are expected to participate meaningfully in class and to contribute to the development of a positive learning environment. **Meaningful participation** consists of thoughtful and respectful participation based on having completed required readings and assignments prior to class. For our purposes, “contributing to the development of a positive learning environment” refers to the extent to which you participate in or help create an environment that is open, professional, engaging, fun, challenging, supportive, and effective. “Environment” refers to the formal classroom, small group settings, other settings in which learning or teaching might occur, and the overall climate and culture of the class.

Please refer to the rubric below for the criteria that will be used to determine the participation grade. For each of five criteria, between 0 and 2 points can be earned, for a maximum of 10 points.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Criteria | Never or Rarely | Regularly | Often or Always |
| * Student demonstrates active and proactive learning. | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| * Student communicates with the instructor about (a) the course, (b) her/his/their performance in the course, and (c) the instructor’s performance in the course. | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| * Student’s communication, behavior, and participation are respectful, professional, and appropriate (this includes appropriate use of desktops/laptops and mobile devices during class). | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| * Student participates in a meaningful way and helps to maintain a positive learning environment. | 0 | 1 | 2 |
| * Student helps *create* a positive learning environment. | 0 | 1 | 2 |

## Grading

Class grades will be based on the following:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Grade Point Average / Letter Grade** | | **Corresponding Numeric Grade / Letter Grade** | |
| 3.85 – 4.00 | A | 93 – 100 | A |
| 3.60 – 3.84 | A- | 90 – 92 | A- |
| 3.25 – 3.59 | B+ | 87 – 89 | B+ |
| 2.90 – 3.24 | B | 83 – 86 | B |
| 2.60 – 2.87 | B- | 80 – 82 | B- |
| 2.25 – 2.50 | C+ | 77 – 79 | C+ |
| 1.90 – 2.24 | C | 73 – 76 | C |
| 1.89 & below | C- **(Failing Grade)** | 70 – 72 | C- **(Failing Grade)** |

Within the School of Social Work, grades are determined in each class based on the following standards which have been established by the faculty of the School:

**Grades of A or A-** are reserved for student work which not only demonstrates very good mastery of content but which also shows that the student has undertaken a complex task, has applied critical thinking skills to the assignment, and/or has demonstrated creativity in her or his approach to the assignment. The difference between these two grades would be determined by the degree to which these skills have demonstrated by the student.

**A grade of B+** is given to work which is judged to be very good. This grade denotes that a student has demonstrated a more-than-competent understanding of the material being tested in the assignment.

**A grade of B** is given to student work which meets the basic requirements of the assignment. It denotes that the student has done adequate work on the assignment and meets basic course expectations.

**A grade of B-** denotes that a student’s performance was less than adequate on an assignment, reflecting only moderate grasp of content and/or expectations.

**A grade of C** reflects a minimal grasp of the assignments, poor organization of ideas and/or several significant areas requiring improvement.

**Grades between C- and F** denote a failure to meet minimum standards, reflecting serious deficiencies in all aspects of a student’s performance on the assignment.

# Required and supplementary instructional materials & Resources

## Required Textbook

Rubin, A. & Babbie, E. (2016). *Essential research methods for social work, 4th Edition*. Belmont, CA: Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning. <[Control click here to purchase or rent a hard or electronic copy from Cengage Learning](https://www.cengagebrain.com/webapp/wcs/stores/servlet/ProductDisplay?langId=-1&catalogId=10057&categoryId=&storeId=10151&krypto=2Lty%2FbHpKVRObIzx9qftezMFgVYzPdQ7xs4VoWL2Df79R1%2FZKGcKJW859%2FdkgItjCN15lFGtofhZS5qgvkjoaOw7cXYwl71FU6JTTaN4%2FDMjNndfrLDg%2BwyrMVdV2t235ssV84KO%2BelWlpkxsigFEEWqMHnfpidUj3ZTahcQap2ZldOMdk0SkiaNqjj6sdufi0WI9o2xYdOj%2FaFw7KxaEO1I1%2FqmjuNURQ0TAUnWd%2FA5GaHcdXFLjEjVzNacmhvwWCXWtCb61Wm4acR15Vk6bzKNrr%2BKVDduNKP6bKPNe%2B906Te9S1NU2mW1Vpo3zGgQb4SBqtR87l2VewhPRbH29g%3D%3D)>.

Required and recommended course readings are presented in the detailed course schedule. The readings are available in the course textbook and through ARES.

**Recommended Supplements**

Kirk, S, & Reid, W. J. (2012). *Science and social work: a critical appraisal.*  Columbia University Press.

Pyrczak, F. (2012). *Evaluating research in academic journals: a practical guide to realistic evaluation.* Pyrczak Publishing.

Wheelan, C. (2013). *Naked statistics: stripping the dread from the data,* New York, NY: W. W. Norton & Company, Inc.

## Guides for Academic Integrity, APA Style Formatting, Writing & Research

American Psychological Association (2010). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Washington, DC: Author.

APA formatting and style guide. (1995-2015). The OWL at Purdue. Retrieved from <https://owl.english.purdue.edu/owl/resource/560/08/>

USC guide to avoiding plagiarism: http://www.usc.edu/libraries/about/reference/tutorials/avoiding-plagiarism/story.html

USC Libguides

Sample papers using APA style: <http://libguides.usc.edu/ld.php?content_id=9235241>

APA citation guide: <http://libguides.usc.edu/APA-citation-style>

Evidence-based practice resources: <http://libguides.usc.edu/socialwork/socialworkEBP>

Tests and measures: <http://libguides.usc.edu/socialwork/measurements>

Writing guide: <http://libguides.usc.edu/writingguide>

## Recommended Social Work Organizations

National Associate of Social Workers. Available at <http://www.naswdc.org>

Institute for the Advancement of Social Work Research. Available at <http://www.iaswresearch.org>

Society for Social Work Research. Available at <http://www.sswr.org>

American Evaluation Association. Available at <http://www.eval.org>

**Course Overview**

The table below presents the topics for each unit of instruction. You are expected to attend class having already completed the required reading and material.

| Unit | Topic | Due |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **PART I – SOCIAL WORK IDENTITY AND THE ROLE OF SCIENCE IN**  **SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE AND POLICY** | | |
| **1** | Introduction to the Science of Social Work  * Welcome and Introductions * Overview of Course and Syllabus * Introduction to the Science of Social Work   + Using Research to Inform Decision-making vs. Conducting Research * Exploring Your Professional Interests and Goals * Review Assignment 1 Guidelines |  |
| **2** | **Engaging in Research-Informed Practice**   * Introduction to Evidence-based Practice (EBP) * The EBP Process |  |
| **3** | **Assessing Clients and Identifying Professional Knowledge Needs**   * Identifying Practice Issues, Dilemmas and Professional Knowledge Needs * Formulating Practice Questions * Using Evidence and Research Hierarchies to Determine the “Best Available Evidence”   + Levels of Empirical Evidence * Appraising Levels of Evidence |  |
| **4** | **Locating Relevant Knowledge**   * Multi-disciplinary sources of Information, Professional Knowledge, and Empirical Evidence * Finding Relevant Empirical Knowledge and the Best Available Evidence * Appraising Sources of Knowledge |  |
| **PART II – APPRAISING THE QUALITY AND APPLICABILITY OF RELEVANT EMPIRICAL KNOWLEDGE** | | |
| **5** | Understanding the Research Process  * Introduction to Methods of Inquiry * Identifying Research Goals and Questions * Review Assignment 2 Guidelines | **ASSIGNMENT 1 DUE**  **Practice Knowledge Critical Reflection and Self-Assessment** |
| **6** | Understanding Research Designs  * Experimental and Quasi-Experimental Designs * Non-Experimental Designs |  |
| **7** | **Appraising Research Designs**   * Causality and Criteria for Inferring Effectiveness * Internal Validity and Threats to Internal Validity * Appraising Research Designs |  |
| **8** | **Understanding Measurement Methods**   * Quantitative and Qualitative Measurement |  |
| **9** | Appraising Measurement Methods and Instruments  * Validity and Reliability * Appraising Measurement Methods * Appraising and Selecting Instruments for Professional Social Work Practice |  |
| **10** | Understanding and Appraising Sampling Methods  * Populations and Samples * Nonrandom and Random Sampling Methods * Appraising Sampling Methods   + External Validity and Threats to External Validity |  |
| **PART III – USING EMPIRICAL KNOWLEDGE TO INFORM PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE** | | |
| **11** | **Using Single-Case Methods to Monitor Client Progress**   * Single-Case Methods * Appraising Evidence from Studies Using Single-Case Designs * Monitoring Implementation, Change, and Impact * Review Assignment 3 Guidelines | **ASSIGNMENT 2 DUE**  **Professional Resource Collection and Research Article Appraisal** |
| 12-13 | **Interpreting and Applying Quantitative Data and Results**   * Quantitative Data and Evidence   + Descriptive and Inferential Statistical Analyses |  |
| 14 | **Interpreting and Applying Qualitative Data and Results**   * Qualitative Data and Evidence |  |
| **15** | **Using the Science of Social Work to Improve Practice, Policy, Services, and Organizations**   * Adapting and Translating Evidence into Effective Practice * Next Steps for the Science of Social Work * Course Review and Wrap-Up |  |
|  | **EXAM WEEK** | **ASSIGNMENT 3 DUE**  **Professional Practice Brief** |

**Detailed Course Readings and Topics**

|  |
| --- |
| **PART I – SOCIAL WORK IDENTITY AND THE ROLE OF SCIENCE IN**  **SOCIAL WORK PRACTICE AND POLICY** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Introduction to the Science of Social Work | Unit 1 |
| Objectives   1. To provide an overview of the course. 2. To deepen your understanding of the mission of the social work profession and to enhance your identification with the profession, including the profession’s emphasis on social work knowledge and science. 3. To introduce the Science of Social Work and establish its value and role in professional social work practice. | |
| **Topics**  * Welcome and Introductions * Overview of Course and Syllabus * Introduction to the Science of Social Work   + Using Research to Inform Decision-making vs. Conducting Research * Exploring Your Professional Interests and Goals * Review Assignment 1 Guidelines | |
| **Required Reading**Please carefully review the Course Syllabus. Brekke, J. S. (2012). Shaping a science of social work. *Research on Social Work Practice, 22*(5), 455-464.  Gehlert, S. (2015). Social work and science. *Research on Social Work Practice, February 2015,* 1-6.  Longhofer, J., & Floersch, J. (2014). Values in a science of social work: values-informed research and research-informed values. *Research on Social Work Practice, 24*(5), 527-534.  Sherraden, M., Stuart, P., Barth, R. P., Kemp, S., Lubben, J., Hawkins, J.D., Coulton, C., McRoy, R., Walters, K., Healy, L., Angell, B., Mahoney, K., Brekke, J., Padilla, Y., DiNitto, D., Padgett, D., Schroepfer, T., & Catalano, R., (2014). Grand Accomplishments in Social Work. (Grand Challenges for Social Work Initiative, Working Paper No. 2). Baltimore, MD: American Academy of Social Work and Social Welfare. <http://aaswsw.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/04/FINAL-Grand-Accomplishments-4-2-2015-formatted-final.pdf> **Recommended Reading** Council on Social Work Education (2015). *Educational Policy and Accreditation Standards*, *Competencies 4 and 9.* Washington, DC.  National Association of Social Work (2017). *Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers.* Washington, DC. | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Engaging in Research-Informed Practice | Unit 2 |
| Objectives   1. To establish the relationship between the Science of Social Work and EBP. 2. To illustrate the diverse ways in which the Science of Social Work and EBP are integral to professional social work practice. | |
| Topics   * Introduction to Evidence-based Practice (EBP) * The EBP Process | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Bellamy, J. (2012). *Practitioner’s Guide to Using Research for Evidence-based Practice:*  Chapter 1 - Introduction to evidence-based practice (pp. 3-27).  Chapter 2 - Steps in the EBP process (pp. 28-49). **Recommended Reading** Soydan, H., & Palinkas, L. A. (2014). *Evidence-based Practice in Social Work: Development of a New Professional Culture:*  Chapter 2 - Evidence-based practice (pp. 11-35). | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Assessing Clients and Identifying Professional Knowledge Needs | Unit 3 |
| Objectives   1. To strength your ability to accurately assess clients, identify professional knowledge needs, and formulate practice questions. 2. To enhance your capacity to use evidence and research hierarchies to determine what type of evidence is considered the most appropriate for enhancing professional knowledge. | |
| **Topics**  * Identifying Practice Issues, Dilemmas and Professional Knowledge Needs * Formulating Practice Questions * Using Evidence and Research Hierarchies to Determine the “Best Available Evidence”   + Levels of Empirical Evidence * Appraising Levels of Evidence | |
| **Required Reading** Drisko, J. W., & Grady, M. D. (2012). *Evidence-based Practice in Clinical Social Work:*  Chapter 4 - Assessment in clinical social work and identifying practice information needs (pp. 55–77).  Rubin, A., & Bellamy, J. (2012). *Practitioner’s Guide to Using Research for Evidence-based Practice:*  Chapter 3 - Research hierarchies: Which types of research are best for which questions? (pp. 50-67). | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Locating Relevant Knowledge | Unit 4 |
| Objectives   1. To expand your ability to use different resources to locate information, knowledge and evidence efficiently and effectively. | |
| Topics   * Multi-disciplinary sources of Information, Professional Knowledge, and Empirical Evidence * Finding Relevant Empirical Knowledge and the Best Available Evidence * Appraising Sources of Knowledge | |
| **Required Reading** Drisko, J. W., & Grady, M. D. (2012). *Evidence-based Practice in Clinical Social Work:*  Chapter 5 - Locating practice research (79-89).  Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Appendix A - Using the Library (pp. 373-380).  SOWK 546 Course Guide and Social Work Research Guide: <http://libguides.usc.edu/socialwork/sowk546>  USC Social Work Research Guide:  <http://libguides.usc.edu/socialwork>  Recommended Reading  Soydan, H., & Palinkas, L. A. (2014). *Evidence-based Practice in Social Work: Development of a New Professional Culture:*  Chapter 3 - Evidence and its sources (pp. 35-65). | |

|  |
| --- |
| **PART II – Appraising The quality and applicability of relevant empirical knowledge** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Understanding the Research Process | Unit 5 |
| Objectives   1. To provide you with a foundational understanding of the logic and process of scientific inquiry. 2. To strengthen your ability to identify research goals and questions and to determine the methods appropriate for addressing different types of goals and questions. | |
| Topics   * Introduction to Methods of Inquiry * Identifying Research Goals and Questions * Review Assignment 2 Guidelines | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 7 - Problem Formulation (pp. 119-140). | |
| **DUE: ASSIGNMENT 1 – PRACTICE KNOWLEDGE CRITICAL REFLECTION AND SELF-ASSESSMENT** | |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Understanding Research Designs | Unit 6 | |
| Objectives   1. To enhance your understanding of different kinds of research designs, including their strengths and weaknesses in terms of addressing different kinds of research aims and questions. | | |
| Topics   * Experimental and Quasi-Experimental Designs * Non-Experimental Designs | | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016): *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 12 - Experiments and quasi-experiments (pp. 231-258).  Recommended Reading  Cohen, J. A., Mannrino, A., Perel, J. M., & Staron, V. (2007). A pilot randomized controlled trial of combined trauma-focused CBT and Sertraline for childhood PTSD symptoms. *Journal of the American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry, 46*(7), 811-819.  Mourão, L., & Ferreira, M. C. (2012). Evaluation of the Brazilian family grant program: A quasi-experimental study in the state of Rio de Janeiro. *Psicologia, Reflexão e Crítica, 25*(4), 719-729.  Murray, L. K, Skavonski, S., Michalopoulos, L. M., Bolton, P. A., Bass, J. K., Familiar, I., Imasiku, M., & Cohen, J. (2014). Counselor and client perspectives of trauma-focused cognitive behavioral therapy for children in Zambia: A qualitative study. *Journal of Clinical Child & Adolescent Psychology, 43*(6), 902-914. | | |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| |  |  | | --- | --- | | Appraising Research Designs | Unit 7 | |
| **Objectives**  1. In terms of its relevance to specific practice and policy questions, to strengthen your ability to interpret and appraise data and evidence from studies using different types of research designs. |
| Topics   * Causality and Criteria for Inferring Effectiveness * Internal Validity and Threats to Internal Validity * Appraising Research Designs |
| **Required Reading** Drisko, J. W., & Grady, M. D. (2012). *Evidence-based Practice in Clinical Social Work:*  Chapter 6 - Evaluating research: Research designs in evidence-based medicine/evidence-based practice (91-104).  Rubin, A., & Bellamy, J. (2012). *Practitioner’s Guide to Using Research for Evidence-based Practice:*  Chapter 4 - Criteria for inferring effectiveness: How do we know what works? (pp. 71-98). |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Understanding Measurement Methods | Unit 8 | |
| Objectives   1. To strengthen your ability to understand conceptualization and measurement in research.  **Topics**  * Quantitative and Qualitative Measurement | | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 8 - Measurement in quantitative and qualitative inquiry (pp. 141-156). | | |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Appraising Measurement Methods and Instruments | Unit 9 | |
| Objectives   1. To enhance your ability to appraise the strengths and limitations of measurement methods and instruments in the science of social work. | | |
| Topics   * Validity and Reliability * Appraising Measurement Methods * Appraising and Selecting Instruments for Professional Social Work Practice | | |
| **Required Reading** Drisko, J. W., & Grady, M. D. (2012). *Evidence-based Practice in Clinical Social Work:*  *Chapter 7: Evaluating research: Other issues of research methodology in evidence-based medicine/evidence-based practice (pp. 113-125).*  Rubin, A., & Bellamy, J. (2012). *Practitioner’s Guide to Using Research for Evidence-based Practice.*  Chapter 11 - Critically appraising and selecting assessment instruments (pp. 275-298). **Recommended Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016): *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 9 - Quantitative and qualitative measurement instruments (pp. 157-176). | | |

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Understanding and Appraising Sampling Methods | unit 10 | |
| **Objectives**  1. To enhance your understanding of different kinds of strategies for obtaining research participants, including their strengths and weaknesses. 2. To clarify how the selection of research participants impacts interpretation of results and application of results to practice questions. 3. To deepen your understanding of external validity and how it impacts the use of science in social work practice and policy. | | |
| Topics   * Populations and Samples * Nonrandom and Random Sampling Methods * Appraising Sampling Methods * External Validity and Threats to External Validity | | |
| **Required Reading** Drisko, J. W., & Grady, M. D. (2012). *Evidence-based Practice in Clinical Social Work:*  Chapter 7 - Evaluating research: Other issues of research methodology in evidence-based medicine/evidence-based practice (pp. 107-113).  Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work.*  Chapter 11 - Sampling (pp. 203-228). | | |

|  |
| --- |
| **PART III – USING EMPIRICAL KNOWLEDGE TO INFORM PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE** |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Using Single-Case Methods to Monitor Client Progress | Unit 11 |
| Objectives   1. In terms of its relevance to specific practice and policy questions, to strengthen your ability to interpret and appraise data and evidence from single-case design methods. 2. To prepare you to use single-case evidence and methods in the context of professional social work practice. | |
| **Topics**  * Single Case Methods * Appraising Evidence from Studies Using Single-case Designs * Monitoring Implementation, Change, and Impact * Review Assignment 3 Guidelines | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 13 - Single-Case Evaluation Designs (pp. 259-282). **Recommended Reading** Rubin, A., & Bellamy, J. (2012). *Practitioner’s Guide to Using Research for Evidence-based Practice:*  Chapter 12 - Monitoring client progress (pp. 299-319). | |
| **DUE: ASSIGNMENT 2 – PROFESSIONAL RESOURCE COLLECTION AND RESEARCH ARTICLE APPRAISAL** | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Interpreting and Applying Quantitative Data and Results | UNITS 12-13 |
| Objectives   1. To increase your understanding of different approaches to analyzing quantitative data and your ability to interpret results from analyses of quantitative data with respect to specified research aims and questions. 2. To enhance your ability to apply results of quantitative data analysis to address professional questions and to inform professional practice. 3. To strengthen your capacity to summarize quantitative data and results in ways accessible to appropriate clients and constituencies. | |
| Topics   * Quantitative Data and Evidence   + Descriptive and inferential statistical analyses | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 17 - Quantitative data analysis (pp. 345-360). **Recommended Reading** Drisko, J. W., & Grady, M. D. (2012). *Evidence-based Practice in Clinical Social Work:*  *Chapter 7 - Evaluating research: Other issues of research methodology in evidence-based medicine/evidence-based practice (pp. 125–135).*  Rubin, A., & Bellamy, J. (2012). *Practitioner’s Guide to Using Research for Evidence-based Practice:*  Appendix B - What you do and don’t need to know about statistics when critically appraising studies (pp. 327-333). | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Interpreting and Applying Qualitative Data and Results | Unit 14 |
| Objectives   1. To increase your understanding of different approaches to analyzing quantitative data and your ability to interpret results from analyses of quantitative data with respect to specified research aims and questions. 2. To enhance your ability to apply results of quantitative data analysis to address professional questions and to inform professional practice. 3. To strengthen your capacity to summarize qualitative data and results in ways accessible to appropriate clients and constituencies. | |
| Topics  Qualitative Data and Evidence | |
| **Required Reading** Rubin, A., & Babbie, R. (2016). *Essential Research Methods for Social Work:*  Chapter 18 - Qualitative data analysis (pp. 361-386). | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Using the Science of Social Work to Improve Practice, Policy, Services, and Organizations | Unit 15 |
| Objectives   1. To improve your ability to synthesizing evidence from multiple studies and to use the best available evidence to inform professional social work practice, including engagement of clients in the decision-making process. 2. To critically reflect on the science of social work and the EBP process, including strengths and limitations, with an emphasis on understanding how to use research evidence in complex, real-world contexts. 3. To identify strategies for incorporating the science of social work into professional social work practice from the perspective of life-long learning. | |
| **Topics**  * Adapting and Translating Evidence into Effective Practice * Next Steps for the Science of Social Work * Course Review and Wrap-Up | |
| **Required Reading** Brekke, J. S. (2014). A science of social work, and social work as an integrative discipline: have we gone too far, or not far enough? *Research on Social Work Practice, 24(5), 517-523.* | |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| Summative Assessment | EXAM wEEK |
| **DUE: ASSIGNMENT 3 – PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE BRIEF** | |

**University & School Policies and Guidelines**

# Attendance Policy

Students are expected to attend every class and to remain in class for the duration of the unit. Failure to attend class or arriving late may impact your ability to achieve course objectives which could affect your course grade. Students are expected to notify the instructor by email of any anticipated absence or reason for tardiness.

University of Southern California policy permits students to be excused from class for the observance of religious holy days. This policy also covers scheduled final examinations which conflict with students’ observance of a holy day. Students must make arrangements *in advance* to complete class work which will be missed, or to reschedule an examination, due to holy days observance.

Please refer to Scampus and to the USC School of Social Work Student Handbook for additional information on attendance policies.

# Academic Conduct

Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in *SCampus* in Part B, Section 11, “Behavior Violating University Standards” <https://policy.usc.edu/scampus-part-b/>.  Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable.  See additional information in *SCampus*and university policies on scientific misconduct, [http://policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct](http://policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct/" \t "_blank).

# Support Systems

*Student Counseling Services (SCS) – (213) 740-7711 – 24/7 on call*

Free and confidential mental health treatment for students, including short-term psychotherapy, group counseling, stress fitness workshops, and crisis intervention. [engemannshc.usc.edu/counseling](https://engemannshc.usc.edu/counseling)

*National Suicide Prevention Lifeline – 1 (800) 273-8255*

Provides free and confidential emotional support to people in suicidal crisis or emotional distress 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. [www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org](http://www.suicidepreventionlifeline.org/)

*Relationship and Sexual Violence Prevention Services (RSVP) – (213) 740-4900 – 24/7 on call*

Free and confidential therapy services, workshops, and training for situations related to gender-based harm. [engemannshc.usc.edu/rsvp](https://engemannshc.usc.edu/rsvp/)

*Sexual Assault Resource Center*

For more information about how to get help or help a survivor, rights, reporting options, and additional resources, visit the website: [sarc.usc.edu](http://sarc.usc.edu/)

*Office of Equity and Diversity (OED)/Title IX Compliance – (213) 740-5086*

Works with faculty, staff, visitors, applicants, and students around issues of protected class. [equity.usc.edu](http://equity.usc.edu/)

*Bias Assessment Response and Support*

Incidents of bias, hate crimes and micro aggressions need to be reported allowing for appropriate investigation and response. [studentaffairs.usc.edu/bias-assessment-response-support](https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/bias-assessment-response-support/)

*The Office of Disability Services and Programs*

Provides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange relevant accommodations. [dsp.usc.edu](http://dsp.usc.edu/)

*USC Support and Advocacy (USCSA) – (213) 821-4710*

Assists students and families in resolving complex issues adversely affecting their success as a student EX: personal, financial, and academic. [studentaffairs.usc.edu/ssa](https://studentaffairs.usc.edu/ssa/)

*Diversity at USC*

Information on events, programs and training, the Diversity Task Force (including representatives for each school), chronology, participation, and various resources for students. [diversity.usc.edu](https://diversity.usc.edu/)

*USC Emergency Information*

Provides safety and other updates, including ways in which instruction will be continued if an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible. [emergency.usc.edu](http://emergency.usc.edu)

*USC Department of Public Safety – UPC: (213) 740-4321 – HSC: (323) 442-1000 – 24-hour emergency or to report a crime.* Provides overall safety to USC community. [dps.usc.edu](http://dps.usc.edu/)

# Additional Resources

Students enrolled in the Virtual Academic Center can access support services for themselves and their families by contacting Perspectives, Ltd., an independent student assistance program offering crisis services, short-term counseling, and referral 24/7.  To access Perspectives, Ltd., call 800-456-6327.

# Statement about Incompletes

The Grade of Incomplete (IN) can be assigned only if there is work not completed because of a documented illness or some other emergency occurring after the 12th week of the semester. Students must NOT assume that the instructor will agree to the grade of IN. Removal of the grade of IN must be instituted by the student and agreed to be the instructor and reported on the official “Incomplete Completion Form.”

# Policy on Late or Make-Up Work, Extra Credit, and Re-Grading Assignments

Assignments are due on the day specified by midnight PST. Extensions will be granted only for extenuating circumstances. Late submissions may be accepted by the instructor for review and feedback at the instructor’s discretion, but they will not be graded. Also note that extra credit is not permitted, nor is re-doing an assignment with the expectation that it will be re-graded. Grades may not be changed once they have been assigned unless there was an error in determining the grade.

# Policy on Changes to the Syllabus and/or Course Requirements

It may be necessary to make some adjustments in the syllabus and/or course during the semester in order to respond to unforeseen or extenuating circumstances. Any such adjustments would be made for the express purpose of accommodating students and with input from students. Adjustments that are made will be communicated to students both verbally and in writing.

# Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers

*Approved by the 1996 NASW Delegate Assembly and revised by the 2017 NASW Delegate Assembly [https://www.socialworkers.org/About/Ethics/Code-of-Ethics]*

## Preamble

The primary mission of the social work profession is to enhance human well-being and help meet the basic human needs of all people, with particular attention to the needs and empowerment of people who are vulnerable, oppressed, and living in poverty. A historic and defining feature of social work is the profession's focus on individual well-being in a social context and the well-being of society. Fundamental to social work is attention to the environmental forces that create, contribute to, and address problems in living.

Social workers promote social justice and social change with and on behalf of clients. "Clients" is used inclusively to refer to individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are sensitive to cultural and ethnic diversity and strive to end discrimination, oppression, poverty, and other forms of social injustice. These activities may be in the form of direct practice, community organizing, supervision, consultation**,**administration, advocacy, social and political action, policy development and implementation, education, and research and evaluation. Social workers seek to enhance the capacity of people to address their own needs. Social workers also seek to promote the responsiveness of organizations, communities, and other social institutions to individuals' needs and social problems.

The mission of the social work profession is rooted in a set of core values. These core values, embraced by social workers throughout the profession's history, are the foundation of social work's unique purpose and perspective:

* service
* social justice
* dignity and worth of the person
* importance of human relationships
* integrity
* competence.

This constellation of core values reflects what is unique to the social work profession. Core values, and the principles that flow from them, must be balanced within the context and complexity of the human experience.

# Academic Dishonesty Sanction Guidelines

Some lecture slides, notes, or exercises used in this course may be the property of the textbook publisher or other third parties. All other course material, including but not limited to slides developed by the instructor(s), the syllabus, assignments, course notes, course recordings (whether audio or video) and examinations or quizzes are the property of the University or of the individual instructor who developed them. Students are free to use this material for study and learning, and for discussion with others, including those who may not be in this class, unless the instructor imposes more stringent requirements. Republishing or redistributing this material, including uploading it to web sites or linking to it through services like iTunes, violates the rights of the copyright holder and is prohibited. There are civil and criminal penalties for copyright violation. Publishing or redistributing this material in a way that might give others an unfair advantage in this or future courses may subject you to penalties for academic misconduct.

# Complaints

If you have a complaint or concern about the course or the instructor, please discuss it first with the instructor. If you feel you cannot discuss it with the instructor, contact the SOWK 546 Lead Instructor, Dr. Devon Brooks at devon.brooks@usc.edu. If you do not receive a satisfactory response or solution, contact your academic advisor and/or Associate Dean and MSW Chair Dr. Leslie Wind for further guidance.

# Tips for Maximizing Your Learning Experience in this Course

* Be proactive! TOGETHER, let’s do everything we can to make this an educational and enjoyable experience for you. Try to anticipate issues that could present challenges and PLEASE REACH OUT TO ME so that we can problem-solve before rather than after the fact.
* Be mindful of getting proper nutrition, exercise, rest and sleep!
* Complete required readings, assignments and activities before coming to class.
* Keep up with the assigned readings and assignments. Don’t procrastinate!!
* Come to class and participate in an active, respectful and meaningful way.
* Come to class prepared to ask any questions you might have. If you don't understand something, ask questions! Ask questions in class, during office hours, and/or through email!
* Stay offline while in class.
* Form study groups with other students in the class or in another section of the class.
* Take advantage of office hours and extra review/discussion sessions offered by your instructor. Contact me if you are concerned about or are struggling in class.
* If you believe it is necessary to receive support from a content tutor or Writing Support, please inform or involve me. I want to be able to help and support you in any way possible, but I need to know that you want/need support!! I am also happy to meet with you and your tutor.
* Keep an open mind and positive attitude!

1. Please note that in some instances assignment due dates may differ among sections of this course. In those instances, due dates have been adapted to reflect the number of lesson weeks and University holidays for particular course sections. [↑](#footnote-ref-1)