

Course ID and Title: Prerequisites: Semester and day/time: Classroom: Professor: Office: Office hours: e-mail: PSYC 506 Learning and Cognition Instructor Permission Fall 2018, Tue 2:00 PM-5:50 PM GFS 204 Antoine Bechara HNB, B26 by appointment bechara@usc.edu

#### **Course Description**

Human cultures have devised programs to promote the mind's rational and creative abilities. Those programs are collectively called *education*. However education can take several forms. Some come from self-education and personal apprenticeship. Other forms come from formal curricula such as those acquired in schools and universities. However, a common denominator to all those forms of learning is the human mind. This course seeks to cover the modern principles of learning and gain a deeper understanding of the nature and operation of the human mind, with the goal to help people become lifelong learners. This class will cover the fundamental and theoretical concepts, along with empirical evidence, for several learning and cognitive theories, including metacognition, attention, working memory, long-term memory, knowledge representation, thinking and reasoning, decision-making, and intelligence. **The neurobiological processes related to each of these concepts are introduced at every opportunity.** 

#### **Teaching Objectives**

- Provide the appropriate neuroscience background for the cognitive concepts that are involved in learning.
- Provide the appropriate theoretical background of cognitive psychology specifically for complex learning and thinking processes.
- Provide a broad spectrum of educationally relevant topics in the field of learning and cognition.

#### **Learning Objectives**

After successfully completing this course, students should be able to:

- Have an understanding about the workings of the mind. If education is intended to develop the mind's capability, then only through a deep understanding of the workings of the mind that one could chart an optimal course for its development.
- Have an understanding of how education can be made more effective so that current and future learners will be more capable than those of the past.

#### Prerequisite(s)

No prerequisites for graduate students. Undergraduates in senior year are allowed to enroll with instructor permission. No specific pre-requisites required, but priority is given to graduate students.

Co-Requisite (s) None

Concurrent Enrollment

#### **Recommended Preparation**

None.

#### Course Notes

Course syllabus, slides from presentations in class, and reading assignments will be posted on Blackboard as the course progresses.

There is a collection of articles and reading assignments that are published in a book: Learning and Cognition in Education (see below). PDFs of these articles will be posted on Blackboard. For each presentation (i.e., chapter) from this book, the student is encouraged to look up a peer reviewed empirical study, which investigates the learning and cognitive construct presented in the chapter. All PDFs will be posted on Blackboard. Each student will get to make 2 presentations from this book supplemented by relevant peer reviewed articles from the literature.

In addition, each student will make a third presentation from a peer-reviewed article that they will search and select. The topic is optional for the student as long as it covers one of the topics covered in class thus far, or perhaps a novel topic that is relevant to learning and cognition but was not covered in class. All PDFs will be posted on Blackboard.

Finally, slides that the course instructor will use in class in the form of lectures to cover some of the relevant topics will also be posted on Blackboard and accessible to registered students.

#### **Attendance and Student Responsibilities**

Students are held responsible for all topics covered in class. Students are also responsible for all announcements or schedule changes that are made in class. Students are expected to attend classes regularly, provide input about the daily topic, and ask questions. There will be three required articles for everyone to read for each class session.

# Technological Proficiency and Hardware/Software Required NA

#### **Required Readings and Supplementary Materials**

There is no required textbook for the course, but the majority of the assigned articles will come from the following Edited book:

#### Learning and Cognition in Education. Editor: Vibeke Grover Aukrust, 2011.

Additional articles will be searched by students and shared with classmates. All class material, including lecture slides presented in class, will be posted on Blackboard and accessible to registered students.

#### **Description and Assessment of Assignments**

The course will include (1) three presentations by each student throughout the course and leading the class discussion. Two presentations will come from the articles collected in the edited book (supplemented by a research article on the same topic), and one presentation will come from the student's choice to research a peer reviewed article on one of the learning topics covered in class or relevant topics that were not covered in class. For each presentation, the student will make a power point presentation. Each student presentation should consume 45 minutes. In the 45 minutes, the student should provide critical thought, analysis, and synthesis of the material. Other students should be engaged in the discussion, and the presenting student

will lead the discussion in class; (2) there are assessments of participation in class discussions for all non-presenting students; (3) there will be one final exam only on the slides presented by the course instructor in each class.

<u>1. Student presentations and leading class discussion:</u> Each student will be asked to make three presentations during the course and lead the class discussion on a topic from the list of classes provided below. This presentation should include:

a) A summary of the key concepts discussed in the article. The objective is to advance the student's training on how to clearly communicate scientific findings to audiences (i.e., in this case, their classmates). More specifically, each presentation should include:

i. An introduction and background for the presentation, i.e., review some of the literature that led to the study. Most importantly, frame the problem, i.e., explain why the research is significant and important.

ii. Description of the study (methods, results, or description of the theory/concept). iii. A critique of the study: what do you see as significant about the study? How do you this this line of research advancing the field/topic of the study you presented? How do you recommend a better way for pursuing the research in order to provide a better advancement of the field?

b) During the presentation, the student is expected to show an understanding of the scientific methods used in the article to analyze ideas and obtain and interpret data. If the article is a review paper, then the student is expected to master the concepts presented in the paper.

c) During the presentation, the student is expected to stimulate class discussion about the significance of the presented findings, and the hypotheses and theories that were tested, as well as their implications for society.

The student will be evaluated based on the overall assessment of the extent to which the presentation is clear, concise, organized, and reflects an understanding of both assigned course readings, and perhaps the student's own independent investigation of the literature on the topic. The grade will also reflect the extent to which the student is able to engage the class in a deep and useful discussion, and answer questions posed by other students in a thoughtful and responsive manner.

During the first week, students will be assigned the dates of their presentations. The order of selecting students will follow the alphabetical order of their last name. However, there is flexibility in that students could swap the date of their presentation after informing the course instructor.

2. Participation in class discussion: Evaluation is based on the quality of comments, and engagement in discussions of each class presentation. High quality contributions will reflect both a depth and breadth of knowledge gained from the assigned readings, and they should be clearly stated and effectively communicated, and they also should be insightful and relevant to the issues under discussion. Although the quantity of comments is important, students should refrain from monopolizing discussions and should aim to be succinct. It is also important to note that while students who engage in the discussion receive the higher grade, those who only attend and listen still receive a grade. Those who skip classes may find their class participation grade is lower.

3. A final exam: This will have short answers format. Questions will be based on the slides presented by the instructor in his lectures. You are not responsible for the slides presented by students in class. All exam questions will be based on information presented and discussed in class, and not on any outside materials.

#### Grading Breakdown

The final grade in the course will be based on the following weights:

Final Grade	100%
Final Exam	20%
Participation in class discussion	20%
Class presentation/discussion leadership 3	20%
Class presentation/discussion leadership 2	20%
Class presentation/discussion leadership 1	20%

## Final Grade

#### Statement on Academic Conduct and Support Systems

#### Academic Conduct

Plagiarism – presenting someone else's ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words - is a serious academic offense with serious consequences. Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in SCampus in Section 11, Behavior Violating University Standardshttps://scampus.usc.edu/1100-behavior-violatinguniversity-standards-and-appropriate-sanctions/. Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable. See additional information in SCampus and university policies on scientific misconduct, http://policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct/.

Discrimination, sexual assault, and harassment are not tolerated by the university. You are encouraged to report any incidents to the Office of Equity and Diversity http://equity.usc.edu/ or to the Department of Public Safety http://capsnet.usc.edu/department/department-public-safety/online-forms/contactus. This is important for the safety whole USC community. Another member of the university community – such as a friend, classmate, advisor, or faculty member – can help initiate the report, or can initiate the report on behalf of another person. The Center for Women and Men http://www.usc.edu/student-affairs/cwm/ provides 24/7 confidential support, and the sexual assault resource center webpage sarc@usc.edu describes reporting options and other resources.

#### **Support Systems**

A number of USC's schools provide support for students who need help with scholarly writing. Check with your advisor or program staff to find out more. Students whose primary language is not English should check with the American Language Institute http://dornsife.usc.edu/ali, which sponsors courses and workshops specifically for international graduate students. The Office of Disability Services and Programs http://sait.usc.edu/academicsupport/centerprograms/dsp/home\_index.htmlprovides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange the relevant accommodations. If an officially declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible, USC Emergency Information http://emergency.usc.edu/will provide safety and other updates, including ways in which instruction will be continued by means of blackboard, teleconferencing, and other technology.

### Course Schedule: A Weekly Breakdown

	Topics/Weekly Activities	Readings and Homework	Deliverable/ Due Dates
Week 1 Date: 08/21/18 Instructor Lecture:	-Course Introduction -Behaviorism	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Week 2 Date: 08/28/18			
Instructor Lecture:	The Brain and Cognition	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Neuroscience Bases of Learning.	Chapter 2	
Learning and Cognition:	2. Learning in a cross- cultural Perspective	Chapter 3	
<u>Cognition</u> <u>and</u> <u>Learning:</u> Theory:	3. Connectionism and Learning	Chapter 4	

Week 3 Date: 09/04/18 Instructor Lecture:	The Cognitive Architecture (1)	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	Learning and Socio- Cognitive Theory.	Chapter 5	
	2. Vygotsky and Recent Developments	Chapter 6	
	3. Theoretical Bases of Computer Supported Learning.	Chapter 7	

<b>Week 4</b> Date: 09/11/18			
Instructor Lecture:	The Cognitive Architecture (2)	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1.Personal Epistemology in Education.	Chapter 8	
	2. Learning in a Sociocultural Perspective.	Chapter 9	
	3. Situative View of Learning.	Chapter 10	
<b>Week 5</b> Date: 09/18/18			
Instructor Lecture:	Emotion, Motivation, and Volition	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Attention in Cognition and Early Learning.	Chapter 11	
<u>Cognition:</u> <u>Recent</u> <u>Trends</u>	2. Cognition and Emotion.	Chapter 12	
	3. Memory.	Chapter 13	
Week 6 Date: 09/25/18			
Instructor Lecture:	Intelligence	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions
Student Presentations:	1. Intelligence.	Chapter 14	
	2. Concept Learning.	Chapter 15	
	3. Problem Solving and Human Expertise.	Chapter 16	

<b>Week 7</b> Date: 10/2/18			
Instructor Lecture:	Complex Cognition (1)	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Problem Solving and Reasoning.	Chapter 17	
	2. Knowledge Domains and Domain Learning.	Chapter 18	
	3. Metacognition.	Chapter 19	
<b>Week 8</b> Date: 10/9/18			
Instructor Lecture:	Complex Cognition (2)	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Learning Strategies.	Chapter 20	
Learning: Recent	2. Technology and Learning.	Chapter 21	
Trends	3. Learning as Inquiry.	Chapter 22	
<b>Week 9</b> Date: 10/16/18			
Instructor Lecture:	The Brain and Cognition: language, aphasia, alexia, agraphia (1)	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Co-Operative Learning.	Chapter 23	
<u>Learning:</u> <u>Language,</u> <u>Reading, and</u> Writing	2. Language and Literacy in Educational Settings.	Chapter 24	
	3. Neuroscience of Reading.	Chapter 25	

<b>Week 10</b> Date: 10/23/18			
Instructor Lecture:	The Brain and Cognition: language, aphasia, alexia, agraphia (2).	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Learning to Read.	Chapter 26	
	2. Reading Comprehension: Reading for Learning.	Chapter 27	
	3. First Language Acquisition.	Chapter 28	

Week 11 Date: 10/30/18 Instructor Lecture:	The Brain and Cognition: language, aphasia, alexia, agraphia (3).	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Second Language Learning.	Chapter 29	
	2. Writing Early.	Chapter 30	
	3. Writing Advanced.	Chapter 31	

Week 12 Date: 11/6/18			
Instructor Lecture:	Theories of Knowledge	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Gender and Schooling.	Chapter 32	
<u>Learning in</u> <u>Contexts and</u> Throughout	2. Organizational Learning.	Chapter 33	
the Ages:	3. The Adult Development of Cognition and Learning.	Chapter 34	

<b>Week 13</b> Date: 11/13/18			
Instructor Lecture:	Cognitive Development Through the Life Span	Lecture slides on Blackboard	Participate in class questions and discussions.
Student Presentations:	1. Lifelong Learning.	Chapter 35	
	2. Classroom Discourse and Student Learning.	Chapter 36	
	3. Learning Outside of School.	Chapter 37	

Week 14 Date: 11/20/18			
Student Presentations: (Searching Topic of Student's Choice)	<ol> <li>Paper 1.</li> <li>Paper 2.</li> <li>Paper 3.</li> <li>Paper 4.</li> </ol>	Papers Selected by Students	Participate in class questions and discussions.

Week 15 Date: 11/27/18 Student Presentations: (Searching Topic of Student's Choice)	<ol> <li>1. Paper 1.</li> <li>2. Paper 2.</li> <li>3. Paper 3.</li> <li>4. Paper 4.</li> </ol>	Papers Selected by Students	Participate in class questions and discussions.
<b>FINAL</b> Date	ТВА		Date: For the date and time of the final for this class, consult the USC <i>Schedule of Classes</i> at <u>www.usc.edu/soc</u> .

#### List of Potential Journals in Cognitive Psychology From Which You Could Choose Papers For Your Presentations

Aging, Neuropsychology, & Cognition Applied Cognitive Psychology Bilingualism: Language and Cognition Brain and Cognition Brain and Mind Cerebral Cortex Cognition Cognition and Emotion Cognition and Instruction Cognitive Brain Research Cognitive Development **Cognitive Linguistics** Cognitive Neuropsychology Cognitive Psychology Cognitive Science: A Multidisciplinary Journal Consciousness and Cognition Creativity Research Journal European Journal of Cognitive Psychology Human Brain Mapping Intelligence Journal of Applied Research in Intellectual Disabilities Journal of Artificial Intelligence Research Journal of Behavioral Decision Making Journal of Cognition and Development Journal of Cognitive Neuroscience Journal of Creative Behavior Journal of Experimental Psychology: General Journal of Experimental Psychology: Learning, Memory, and Cognition Journal of Mind and Behavior Language & Cognitive Processes Language Learning and Development Learning & Individual Differences Learning & Memory Memory Memory & Cognition **Psychological Science** Social Cognition Thinking & Reasoning Trends in Cognitive Sciences Visual Cognition