**Social Work 635**

**Section # 60881**

**Research and Evaluation for Social Work with**

**Adults and Older Adults**

**3 Units**

***Term Year***

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| [optional photo] | **Instructor:** | Golnaz Agahi, MPH, LCSW | | |
| **E-Mail:** | gagahi@usc.edu | **Course Day:** | Sat |
| **Telephone:** | Will provide in class | **Course Time:** | 1pm-3:50pm |
| **Office:** | TBD | **Course Location:** | OCAC |
| **Office Hours:** | TBD |

# Course Prerequisites

SOWK 562

# Catalogue Description

Critical analysis and application of health and mental health *research evidence* to inform, enhance and strengthen social work practice with adults and aging populations with a focus on evaluating published research, identifying and interpreting available sources of data, appraising practical measures/ assessments and selecting appropriate evidence-based interventions.

# Course Description

The United States is currently undergoing a changing demographic profile with the population becoming larger, older and more diverse. As practitioners, social work students will be faced with addressing and adapting their practice to the changing population profile as it relates to the overall health and well-being of populations ranging from emerging adulthood to aging clients. As such, students will need to have the knowledge and skills to draw upon and integrate diverse sources of research knowledge to inform everyday practice situations.

This course builds on the Science of Social Work course in the first semester of the MSW program. The course is designed to provide students with skills necessary to critically analyze and apply research evidence to inform, enhance and strengthen social work practice with adults and aging populations in health and mental health settings. Specifically, students will cultivate skills in 1) the systematic assessment and critical evaluation of data from published empirical research; 2) the identification and analysis of administrative and large data sets; 3) the identification and utilization of research based practical assessments and 4) the development of evidence informed decision making for effective clinical practice.

During the course of the semester students will gain familiarity with the range of social work and social work related research in the field of health/ mental health and gain an awareness and understanding of methodological and substantive issues in the conduct of research with regard to adult and aging populations. Overall, the course is designed to provide student s with the skills necessary to apply knowledge derived from research to enhance their practice with diverse adult clientele in health and mental health settings.

Students should come to this class with a strong knowledge of basic concepts and methods of social work research and a firm understanding of the methodological issues that confront social work researchers. This will provide the foundation knowledge that will now be applied in critically analyzing, communicating and effectively transfer empirically based research into practice.

# Course Objectives

| **Objective #** | **Objectives** |
| --- | --- |
| 1 | Support students in developing a clear sense as to how scientific research and practice are interdependent and serve as a basis for their own professional identity. |
| 2 | Provide instruction in basic research methods to improve analytical skills. |
| 3 | Promote students’ ability to critically assess the quality and clinical utility of empirically based studies to inform practice. |
| 4 | Familiarize students with the utilization of publicly available administrative and large datasets so that students are able to access basic research evidence to inform practice-based questions and communicate these to diverse clients and constituencies. |
| 5 | Prepare students to engage in the process of evidence informed decision making for effective clinical practice including the identification and critical evaluation of assessments and of evidence based interventions. Emphasis will be placed on the centrality of considering context, diversity, ethical and political considerations in how research evidence is developed. |

# Course format / Instructional Methods

Delivery of this course will be learner-centered and progressive; it will value student autonomy, build upon students' field and class experiences, and promote discovery and group interaction. Class time will be divided among lectures, class discussions, case studies/guest speakers, and small group activities. Students will be grouped based on similar areas of interest and/or service settings (e.g., welfare department, homeless service center). Group members will have shared responsibility for the completion of weekly group tasks; however, each student retains individual responsibility for completing his/her own assignments. Through task-centered, small group activities, students will gradually assume more independent responsibilities for learning, and the role of the instructor will shift toward that of consultant, facilitator, and resource person.

# Student Learning Outcomes

Student learning for this course relates to one or more of the following ten social work core competencies:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Social Work Core Competencies** | | **SOWK 635** | **Course Objective** |
| 1 | **Demonstrate Ethical and Professional Behavior** |  |  |
| 2 | **Engage in Diversity and Difference in Practice** |  |  |
| 3 | **Advance Human Rights and Social, Economic, and Environmental Justice** |  |  |
| **4** | **Engage in Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice** | **\*** | **1-5** |
| 5 | **Engage in Policy Practice** |  |  |
| 6 | **Engage with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities** |  |  |
| 7 | **Assess Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities** |  |  |
| 8 | **Intervene with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations, and Communities** |  |  |
| 9 | **Evaluate Practice with Individuals, Families, Groups, Organizations and Communities** |  |  |

\* Highlighted in this course

The following table explains the highlighted competencies for this course, the related student learning outcomes, and the method of assessment.

| **Competency** | Behavior | **UNIT** | **ASSIGNMENT** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Competency 4: Engage In Practice-informed Research and Research-informed Practice**   * Social workers practicing in health, behavioral health and integrated care settings understand quantitative and qualitative research methods and their respective roles in advancing a science of social work and in evaluating their practice. Social workers know the principles of logic, scientific inquiry, and culturally informed and ethical approaches to building knowledge. Social workers understand that evidence that informs practice derives from multi-disciplinary sources and multiple ways of knowing. Social workers in use the evidence-based practice process in clinical assessment and intervention with clients. Social workers use research methodology to evaluate practice effectiveness and/or outcomes. They also understand the processes for translating research findings into effective practice and participate in the generation of new clinical knowledge, through research and practice. | 4a. Demonstrate capacity to critically assess the range of information based on research for development of evidence informed decision-making for effective clinical practice. | 1-3 | Assignment 1 |
|  |  |  |
| 4b. Gather, translate and utilize existing research evidence to bridge the gap between research and practice. | 4-15 | Assignment 2-3  Final Paper &Presentation |
|  |  |  |
|  |  |  |

# Course Assignments, Due Dates & Grading

| **Assignment** | **Due Date** | **% of Final Grade** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Assignment 1:** Evidence-based Practice Problem | Unit 3 | 15% |
| **Assignment 2:** Critically Appraising Existing Research and Locating New Evidence | Unit 8 | 25% |
| **Assignment 3:** Evidence Informed Decision Making | Unit 11 | 25% |
| **Class Presentation**  **Paper** | Units 14 & 15  Finals Week | 25% |
| **Class Participation** | Ongoing | 10% |

Each of the major assignments is described below.

The assignments are described briefly below.

Each student will critically analyze and apply various types of data (administrative, public, empirical) in the development of 3 assignments related to effectively serving a client population in their field setting: 1) understanding client problems and service needs within an agency and community context; 2) identifying appropriate interventions for addressing problems within the agency setting and policy context that governs the provision of services; 3) evaluating the effectiveness of interventions designed to meet the needs of adult and aging populations. Brief descriptions of each assignment are below; specific guidelines will be distributed in class:

## Assignment 1: Evidence-based Practice Problem (15% of Course Grade)

Bulding upon what was learned in SOWK 562, each student will need to formulate a health or mental health practice-based research question that directly impacts an adult or aging population. The practice-based question can be related to an issue that is related to effectively serving a client population in the field setting (if applicable). This practice based research problem will be the basis for the remaining assignments in the class. Each student is expected to submit by week 3 a brief written document that inlcudes the practice based research question, description of the targeted populations and a brief rationale for the selection of the problem. Students will be expected to breifly present their respective problems during an in-class presentation.

**Due: Unit 3**

*This assignment relates to student learning outcomes 1-3.*

## Assignment 2: Critically Appraising Existing Research and Locating New Evidence (25% of Course Grade)

Using the practice-based resarch question in Assignment 1, students will prepare a paper that demonstrates their ability to apply research evidence to an existing practice based problem. Two types of research evidence will need to be applied for this assignment: 1) existing peer reviewed research evidence (inlcudes systematic reviews, meta-analysis, and/or empirical research; and 2) identification and utilization of publicly available administrative and/or large datasets to conduct basic secondary analysis to inform the practice based reserch question. Students will be asked to interpret and critically assess the evidence and discuss how this evidence corresponds to the existing gap in service needs for the selected population. Students will be expected to communicate findings in a written and graphic format that is understandable to diverse clients and consitutences. More details will be provided in a separate document.

**Due: Unit 8**

*This assignment relates to student learning outcome 4.*

## Assignment 3: Evidence Informed Decision Making (25% of Course Grade)

Building upon the previous two assignments, students will prepare a brief paper that will demonstrate the student’s ability to seek out the best quality and practical assessments and evidence based intervention relevant to the practice based research question. Building upon the skills learned in class, students will identify a minimum of two assessments/screening tools specific to their target population. Studetns will describe specific considerations in the selection of the assessment/tool inlcuding description, expected outcomes, administration/scoring, validity/reliability, and related costs. Students will have to provide a rationale for the selection of the assessment(s) as they relate to the evidence found in assignment 2 (i.e. limitations with other measures as described in existing research, lack of adaptations to diverse populations, etc.). In addition, students will identify an evidence based intervention (EBI) that can be applied to the specific practice based research problem. Students will have to identify the EBI and targeted key characteristics, overview of the EBI inlcuding type of treatment category, primary outcomes, adaptations (if any), assessment of costs inlucding issues of sustainability, percieved strengths and limitations, and the clinical utility as perceived by all of the evidece collected. More details will be provided in a separate document.

**Due: Unit 11**

*This assignment relates to student learning outcomes 5.*

***Please Note:*** All written assignments will be graded not only on content, but also on professional presentation, adherence to the guidelines, grammar, spelling, mechanics, and APA format.

## Final Class Paper/ Presentation (25% of Course Grade)

Each student will prepare a final paper and PowerPoint presentation of the cumuluative work conducted over the course of the semester.

**Presentation Due: Unit 14 and Unit 15**

**Final Paper Due: Finals Week**

*This assignment relates to student learning outcomes 1-5.*

## Class Participation (10% of Course Grade)

Student participation is worth 10% of the grade. Five percent will be determined based upon students critical summary of one research article from the class syllabus that will be presented during an in-class discussion during the respective class session. Students will select the reading at the beginning of the semester in collaboration with the course instructor. The other 5% will be based on the student’s participation and engagement.

Class grades will be based on the following:

| **Class Grades** | | **Final Grade** | | |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| 3.85 – 4 | A | | 93 – 100 | A |
| 3.60 – 3.84 | A- | | 90 – 92 | A- |
| 3.25 – 3.59 | B+ | | 87 – 89 | B+ |
| 2.90 – 3.24 | B | | 83 – 86 | B |
| 2.60 – 2.87 | B- | | 80 – 82 | B- |
| 2.25 – 2.50 | C+ | | 77 – 79 | C+ |
| 1.90 – 2.24 | C | | 73 – 76 | C |
|  |  | | 70 – 72 | C- |

Within the School of Social Work, grades are determined in each class based on the following standards which have been established by the faculty of the School:  (1) Grades of A or A- are reserved for student work which not only demonstrates very good mastery of content but which also shows that the student has undertaken a complex task, has applied critical thinking skills to the assignment, and/or has demonstrated creativity in her or his approach to the assignment.  The difference between these two grades would be determined by the degree to which these skills have been demonstrated by the student.  (2)  A grade of B+ will be given to work which is judged to be very good.  This grade denotes that a student has demonstrated a more-than-competent understanding of the material being tested in the assignment.  (3)  A grade of B will be given to student work which meets the basic requirements of the assignment.  It denotes that the student has done adequate work on the assignment and meets basic course expectations.  (4)  A grade of B- will denote that a student’s performance was less than adequate on an assignment, reflecting only moderate grasp of content and/or expectations.  (5) A grade of C would reflect a minimal grasp of the assignments, poor organization of ideas and/or several significant areas requiring improvement.  (6)  Grades between C- and F will be applied to denote a failure to meet minimum standards, reflecting serious deficiencies in all aspects of a student’s performance on the assignment.

# Required and supplementary instructional materials & Resources

This course requires one text not previously used in the graduate program. Additionally, to address the breadth of content covered in this course and promote integration of knowledge gained from courses completed during graduate school, this course recommends the use of texts that have been used in previous courses, and other resources, as identified below.

## Required Textbooks

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan.

Rubin, A. & Babbie, E. (2013). *Essential research methods for social work (3rd ed.).* Belmont, CA: Brooks/Cole.

## Recommended Guidebook for APA Style Formatting

American Psychological Association. (2009). *Publication manual of the American Psychological Association* (6th ed.). Washington, DC: APA.

## Recommended Websites

Agency for Healthcare Research and Quality: <http://www.ahrq.gov/>

American Evaluation Association: <http://www.eval.org/>

American Psychiatric Association Practice Guidelines: <http://www.psych.org/psych_pract/treatg/pg/prac_guide.cfm>

American Psychological Association: <http://www.apa.org/>

The Campbell Collaboration: <http://www.campbellcollaboration.org/>

Cochrane Collaboration: <http://www.cochrane.org/>

National Guideline Clearinghouse: <http://www.guideline.gov/>

National Institute of Mental Health: <http://www.nimh.nih.gov/>

Oxford Academic Group: Program Evaluation Resources  
<http://www.oup.com/us/companion.websites/9780195308068/EvalRes/?view=usa>

Randall Information Center Research (Social Work Library): <http://sowk.wordpress.com/>

***Note:*** Additional required and recommended readings may be assigned by the instructor throughout the course.

**Course Overview**

| **Unit** | **Topics** | **Assignments** |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Part 1: Introduction to Field of Health and Mental Health with Adult Populations** | | |
| **1** | * ­Course Introduction * Promoting Mental Health, Health and Well-Being among Adults and Aging Populations * Brief overview of concepts and emerging evidence |  |
| **2** | * Introduction to Essential Social Work Research Methods * Scientific Inquiry * Conceptualization & Measurement * Sampling |  |
| **3** | * Introduction to Essential Social Work Research Methods (Continuted) * Program Evaluation |  |
| **Part 2: Key Issues in Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice** | | |
| **4** | * Bridging the Gap: Practice and Research Domains in Social Work * Defining the question |  |
| **5** | * Appraising the Quality of Evidence * Assessment and Critical Evaluation of Empirical Research |  |
| **6** | * Locating Evidence for Practice * Identification and Analysis of Administrative and Large Data Sets |  |
| **7** | * Using Evidence to Inform Assessments * Identification and Utilization of Commonly Used Assessments with Adult and Aging Populations |  |
| **8** | * Using Evidence to Inform Decision-Making * The Process of Evidence Informed Decision Making for Effective Clinical Practice * Selecting Appropriate Evidence-Based Interventions |  |
| **9** | * The Realities of Using Research in Social Work Practice * Balancing being an Evidenced Based Practitioner and Working in Organizational Structures |  |
| **Part 3: Applying Research Evidence in Different Social Work Contexts** | | |
| **10** | * Working with People Who Experience Alcohol and Other Drugs Problems |  |
| **11** | * Working with People with Health and Mental Health Problems |  |
| **12** | * Working with Older People |  |
| **13** | * Working with Disabled People |  |
| **14** | * Class Presentations |  |
| **15** | * Class Presentations |  |

Course Schedule―Detailed Description

Part 1: Introduction to Field of Health and Mental Health with Adult Populations

| **Unit 1: Course Introduction** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Welcome and introductions * Course overview * Review of syllabus * Brief overview of concepts and emerging evidence in mental health and health of adults & Aging Populations | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1 and 2.

### Required Readings

Herrman, H., Saxena, S., & Moodie, R. (2005). *Promoting mental health: concepts, emerging evidence, practice: a report of the World Health Organization, Department of Mental Health and Substance Abuse in collaboration with the Victorian Health Promotion Foundation and the University of Melbourne*. World Health Organization.

Altarum Institute. (2012) Recommendations to Promote Health and Well-Being Among Aging Populations: Prepared for Trust for America’s Health. <http://healthyamericans.org/assets/files/Prevention%20Recommendations%20for%20Aging%20Populations2.pdf>

Blackwell, D. L., Lucas, J. W., & Clarke, T. C. (2014). Summary health statistics for U.S. Adults: national health interview survey, 2012. *Vital and health statistics. Series 10, Data from the National Health Survey*, (260), 1-171.

| **Unit 2: Introduction to Essential Social Work Research Methods** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Scientific Inquiry: purpose of research * Conceptualization and Measurement * Sampling * Diversity-related considerations | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Rubin, A & Babbie, R (2013). *Essential research methods for social work (3rd ed.).*

Chapter 1: Why Study Research?

Chapter 4: Factors Influencing the Research Process

Chapter 6 & 7: Conceptualization & Measurment in Quantitative and Qualitative Inquiry

Chapter 10: Sampling: Quantitative and Qualitative Approaches

### Suggested Readings

Kane, R. A. (2003). Definition, measurement, and correlates of quality of life in nursing homes: Toward a reasonable practice, research, and policy agenda. *The Gerontologist, 43*(suppl 2), 28-36.

Prince, S. A., Adamo, K. B., Hamel, M. E., Hardt, J., Gorber, S. C., & Tremblay, M. (2008). A comparison of direct versus self-report measures for assessing physical activity in adults: a systematic review. *International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 5*(1), 56.

Ejiogu, N., Norbeck, J. H., Mason, M. A., Cromwell, B. C., Zonderman, A. B., & Evans, M. K. (2011). Recruitment and retention strategies for minority or poor clinical research participants: lessons from the Healthy Aging in Neighborhoods of Diversity across the Life Span study. *The Gerontologist*, *51*(suppl 1), S33-S45.

| **Unit 3: Introduction to Essential Social Work Research Methods (Coninuted)** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Program Evaluation | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Rubin, A & Babbie, R (2013). *Essential research methods for social work (3rd ed.).*

Chapter 13: Program Evaluation

### Suggested Readings

Posavac, E.J. (2016). Program Evaluation: Methods and Case Studies (8th ed.).

Part 2: Key Issues in Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice

| **Unit 4: Bridging the Gap: Practice and Research Domains in Social Work** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Applying research evidence in social work practice * Using research and evidence in social work practice * Origins of evidence based practice * Evidence based / informed practice * Diversity-related considerations | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice: Seeing Beyond Paradigms. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 1.

Rubin, A. (2014). Efforts to Bridge the Gap Between Research and Practice in Social Work Precedents and Prospects: Keynote Address at the Bridging the Gap Symposium. *Research on Social Work Practice*, 1049731514535852.

### Suggested Readings

Chapin, R. K., Sellon, A., & Wendel-Hummell, C. (2015). Integrating Education, Research, and Practice in Gerontological Social Work: Lessons Learned From the Reclaiming Joy Peer Support Program. *Gerontology & geriatrics education*, (just-accepted).

| **Unit 5: Appraising the Quality of Evidence** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Assessment and Critical Evaluation of Empirical Research: Systematic Reviews, Meta-Analysis, Empirical Findings * Knowledge, Evidence and Research in Social Work * Principles, Frameworks and Technique * Case study application | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 3: Appraising the Quality of Evidence.

### Suggested Readings

Rizzo, V.M. & Rowe, J.M. (2014). Cost effectiveness of social work services in aging: An updated systematic review*. Research on Social work Practice*, doi:10.1177/1049731514563578 <http://rsw.sagepub.com.libproxy.usc.edu/content/early/2014/12/15/1049731514563578.full.pdf+html>

Chi, I., Jordan‐Marsh, M., Guo, M., Xie, B., & Bai, Z. (2013). Tai chi and reduction of depressive symptoms for older adults: A meta‐analysis of randomized trials. *Geriatrics & gerontology international*, *13*(1), 3-12.

Betz, C. L., Lobo, M. L., Nehring, W. M., & Bui, K. (2013). Voices not heard: A systematic review of adolescents' and emerging adults' perspectives of health care transition. *Nursing outlook*, *61*(5), 311-336.

| **Unit 6: Locating Evidence for Practice** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Systematic utilization of public data * Identification and use of administrative and large datasets for secondary analysis * Administrative Record Data * Epidemiological Data * Population Survey Data * Identification and utilization of published reports from public data | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 2: Locating Evidence for Practice.

Overview of public data on aging (Hands-on Lab):

* National Institute on Aging: [www.nia.nih.gov](http://www.nia.nih.gov)
* NORC at the University of Chicago: [www.norc.org](http://www.norc.org)
* Center for Disease Control and Prevention (Healthy Aging): [www.cdc.gov/**aging**/](http://www.cdc.gov/aging/)
* National Center on Elder Abuse – Administration on Aging: [www.ncea.aoa.gov](http://www.ncea.aoa.gov)
* National Health and Aging Trends Study: [www.nhats.org](http://www.nhats.org)
* Rand Corporation: [www.rand.org](http://www.rand.org)

| **Unit 7: Using Evidence to Inform Assessments** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Art and Science of Assessment * Risk Assessment * Research Based Assessments * Use of Reliable and Measurable Evidence to Inform Practice * Selected Practical Assessments for Adult and Aging Populations | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 4: Using Evidence to Inform Assessments.

Overview of Public Websites:

SAMHSA-HRSA Center for Integrated Health Solutions (CIHS)

<http://www.integration.samhsa.gov/clinical-practice/screening-tools>

Center for Quality Assessment and Improvement in Mental health

<http://www.cqaimh.org/quality.html>

### Suggested Readings

D'Angelo, E. J., & Augenstein, T. M. (2012). Developmentally informed evaluation of depression: Evidence-based instruments. *Child and Adolescent Psychiatric Clinics of North America, 21*(2), 279-298. doi: http://dx.doi.org/10.1016/j.chc.2011.12.003

Pritchett, R., Kemp, J., Wilson, P., Minnis, H., Bryce, G., & Gillberg, C. (2011). Quick, simple measures of family relationships for use in clinical practice and research. A systematic review. *Family Practice, 28*(2), 172-187. doi: <http://dx.doi.org/10.1093/fampra/cmq080>

Tandon, S. D., Cluxton-Keller, F., Leis, J., Le, H. N., & Perry, D. F. (2012). A comparison of three screening tools to identify perinatal depression among low-income African American women. *Journal of affective disorders*, *136*(1), 155-162.

Roy, T., Lloyd, C. E., Pouwer, F., Holt, R. I. G., & Sartorius, N. (2012). Screening tools used for measuring depression among people with Type 1 and Type 2 diabetes: a systematic review. *Diabetic Medicine*, *29*(2), 164-175.

| **Unit 8: Using Evidence to Inform Decision-Making** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Evidence informed decision making for effective clinical practice * Identification and selection of appropriate evidence-based interventions * Criteria to Consider When Selecting an Intervention: * Targeted key characteristics * Type of treatment category * Primary outcomes * Adaptations for cultural considerations * Assessment costs * Clinical utility | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5

**Required Readings**

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 5: Using Evidence to Inform-Decision Making.

Bond, G. R., Drake, R. E., & Becker, D. R. (2010). Beyond evidence-based practice: Nine ideal features of a mental health intervention. *Research on Social Work Practice, 20*(5), 493-501. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1177/1049731509358085

Hennessy, K. D., & Green-Hennessy, S. (2011). A review of mental health interventions in SAMHSA's national registry of evidence-based programs and practices. *Psychiatric Services, 62*(3), 303-5.

**Suggested Readings**

Zayas, L. H., Drake, B., Jonson-Reid, M. (2011). Overrating or dismissing the value of evidence-based practice: Consequences for clinical practice. *Clinical Social Work Journal, 39,* 400-405.

Thyer, B. A., & Pignotti, M. (2011). Evidence-based practices do not exist. *Clinical Social Work Journal, 39*(4), 328-333. doi:http://dx.doi.org/10.1007/s10615-011-0358-x

Bartels, S. J., Dums, A. R., Oxman, T. E., Schneider, L. S., Main, P. A., Alexopoulos, G. S., & Jeste, D. V. (2008). Evidence-based practices in geriatric mental health care. *Evidence-Based Practices in Mental Health Care*, 95.

Brownson, R. C., Fielding, J. E., & Maylahn, C. M. (2009). Evidence-based public health: A fundamental concept for public health practice. *Annual Review of Public Health, 30,* 175-201.

Ogilvie, D., Egan, M., Hamilton, V., & Petticrew, M. (2005). Systematic reviews of health effects of social interventions: 2. Best available evidence: how low should you go? *Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 59,* 886-892.

Palinkas, L. A., & Soydan, H. (2012). Translation and implementation of evidence-based practice. New York: Oxford University Press.

Chapter 2: Translation and Implementation of Evidence-Based Practices

Dickens, A.P., Richards, S.H., Greaves, CJ, and Campbell, JL. Interventions targeting social isolation in older people: a systematic review. *BMC Public Health*, *11*:647  doi:10.1186/1471-2458-11-647.

| **Unit 9: Practical Uses of Research in Social Work Practice** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Balance of evidenced based practitioner and working in organizational structures * Barriers to using research evidence * Communicating evidence and maintaining up-to-date knowledge * Personal and professional responsibility | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1, 2, 3, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 6: Using Research Evidence in Practice: A View from the Ground.

Uggerhøj, L. (2011). What is Practice Research in Social Work-Definitions, Barriers and Possibilities. *Social Work & Society*, *9*(1), 45-59.

Wike, T. L., Bledsoe, S. E., Manuel, J. I., Despard, M., Johnson, L. V., Bellamy, J. L., & Killian-Farrell, C. (2014). Evidence-Based Practice in Social Work: Challenges and Opportunities for Clinicians and Organizations. *Clinical Social Work Journal*, *42*(2), 161-170.

Part 3: Applying Research Evidence in Different Social Work Contexts

| **Unit 10: Working with People with Alcohol and Other Drug Use Problems** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Emerging Scientific Research Evidence on Substance Use Patterns during the Life Course * Effective Interventions for Use Within Social Work Practice * Use and application of measurement: Screening, Assessing and Testing | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1-3 and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 10: Working with People Who Experience Alcohol and other Drug Problems

Stone, A. L., Becker, L. G., Huber, A. M., & Catalano, R. F. (2012). Review of risk and protective factors of substance use and problem use in emerging adulthood. *Addictive behaviors*, *37*(7), 747-775.

Wu, L. T., & Blazer, D. G. (2011). Illicit and nonmedical drug use among older adults: a review. *Journal of aging and health*, *23*(3), 481-504.

Website Referral: <http://www.drugabuse.gov/nidamed-medical-health-professionals/tool-resources-your-practice/additional-screening-resources>

### Suggested Readings

Drake, R. E., Wallach, M. A., & McGovern, M. P. (2014). Special section on relapse prevention: Future directions in preventing relapse to substance abuse among clients with severe mental illnesses.

| **Unit 11: Working with People with Health and Mental Health Problems** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Epidemiological Patterns of Occurrence of Mental Health Disorders * Effective Service Delivery for Users with Mental Health Conditions * Evidence Based Practice in Diverse Settings | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 2, 4, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 11: Working with People with Mental Health Problems.

Luoma, J. B., Martin, C. E., & Pearson, J. L. (2014). Contact with mental health and primary care providers before suicide: a review of the evidence. American Journal of Psychiatry, 159(6): 909-916.

Dixon, L., McFarlane, W. R., Lefley, H., Lucksted, A., Cohen, M., Falloon, I., ... & Sondheimer, D. (2002). Evidence-based practices for services to families of people with psychiatric disabilities. *Psychiatric Services*, 52(7): 903- 910.

### Suggested Readings

Tuerk, P. W., Yoder, M., Grubaugh, A., Myrick, H., Hamner, M., & Acierno, R. (2011). Prolonged exposure therapy for combat-related posttraumatic stress disorder: An examination of treatment effectiveness for veterans of the wars in Afghanistan and Iraq. *Journal of Anxiety Disorders*, *25*(3), 397-403.

| **Unit 12: Working with Older People** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Social Work Practice with Aging Populations * Impact of Personalization: Self-Directed Support * Aging in Place * Treatment and Depression | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 2, 4, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 14: Working with Older People.

## Aranda, M. P., Chae, D. H., Lincoln, K. D., Taylor, R. J., Woodward, A. T., & Chatters, L. M. (2012). Demographic correlates of DSM‐IV major depressive disorder among older African Americans, Black Caribbeans, and non‐Hispanic Whites: results from the National Survey of American Life. *International journal of geriatric psychiatry*, *27*(9), 940-947.

Marek, K. D., Stetzer, F., Adams, S. J., Popejoy, L. L., & Rantz, M. (2012). Aging in place versus nursing home care: comparison of costs to Medicare and Medicaid. *Research in gerontological nursing*, *5*(2), 123-129.

Sirey, J. A., Bruce, M. L., & Alexopoulos, G. S. (2005). The Treatment Initiation Program: an intervention to improve depression outcomes in older adults. American Journal of Psychiatry, 162(1), 184-186.

### Suggested Readings

Baker, T. A., & Wang, C. C. (2006). Photovoice: Use of a participatory action research method to explore the chronic pain experience in older adults. *Qualitative Health Research, 16*(10), 1405-1413.

| **Unit 13: Working with People with Disabilities** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Disability, Disabled people and Research * Towards an Emancipatory Research Paradigm * Working with War Veterans: An Emerging Population | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 2, 4, and 5.

### Required Readings

Webber, Martin. (2014). Applying Research Evidence in Social Work Practice. Palgrave McMillan. Chapter 12: Working with Disabled People.

Harpaz-Rotem, I., & Rosenheck, R. A. (2011). Serving those who served: Retention of newly returning veterans from Iraq and Afghanistan in mental health treatment. *Psychiatric Services*, 62(1), 22-27.

Hootman, J. M., Helmick, C. G., & Brady, T. J. (2012). A public health approach to addressing arthritis in older adults: the most common cause of disability. *American journal of public health*, *102*(3), 426-433.

| **Unit 14: Class Presentations:** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Individual student presentations. | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1-5.

| **Unit 15: Class Presentations:** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
| **Topics** | |
| * Individual student presentations. | |

This Unit relates to course objectives 1-5.

| **STUDY DAYS / NO CLASSES** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |

| **FINAL PAPER SUBMISSION** | **DATE** |
| --- | --- |
|  |  |

**University Policies and Guidelines**

# Attendance Policy

Students are expected to attend every class and to remain in class for the duration of the unit. Failure to attend class or arriving late may impact your ability to achieve course objectives which could affect your course grade. Students are expected to notify the instructor by email ([xxx@usc.edu](mailto:xxx@usc.edu)) of any anticipated absence or reason for tardiness.

University of Southern California policy permits students to be excused from class for the observance of religious holy days. This policy also covers scheduled final examinations which conflict with students’ observance of a holy day. Students must make arrangements *in advance* to complete class work which will be missed, or to reschedule an examination, due to holy days observance.

Please refer to Scampus and to the USC School of Social Work Student Handbook for additional information on attendance policies.

# Academic Conduct

Plagiarism – presenting someone else’s ideas as your own, either verbatim or recast in your own words – is a serious academic offense with serious consequences.  Please familiarize yourself with the discussion of plagiarism in *SCampus* in Section 11, *Behavior Violating University Standards*<https://scampus.usc.edu/1100-behavior-violating-university-standards-and-appropriate-sanctions/>.  Other forms of academic dishonesty are equally unacceptable.  See additional information in *SCampus* and university policies on scientific misconduct, <http://policy.usc.edu/scientific-misconduct/>.

Discrimination, sexual assault, and harassment are not tolerated by the university.  You are encouraged to report any incidents to the *Office of Equity and Diversity* <http://equity.usc.edu/> or to the *Department of Public Safety* <http://capsnet.usc.edu/department/department-public-safety/online-forms/contact-us>.  This is important for the safety whole USC community.  Another member of the university community – such as a friend, classmate, advisor, or faculty member – can help initiate the report, or can initiate the report on behalf of another person.  *The Center for Women and Men* <http://www.usc.edu/student-affairs/cwm/> provides 24/7 confidential support, and the sexual assault resource center webpage [sarc@usc.edu](mailto:sarc@usc.edu) describes reporting options and other resources.

# Support Systems

A number of USC’s schools provide support for students who need help with scholarly writing.  Check with your advisor or program staff to find out more.  Students whose primary language is not English should check with the *American Language Institute* <http://dornsife.usc.edu/ali>, which sponsors courses and workshops specifically for international graduate students.  *The Office of Disability Services and Programs* <http://sait.usc.edu/academicsupport/centerprograms/dsp/home_index.html> provides certification for students with disabilities and helps arrange the relevant accommodations.  If an officially  declared emergency makes travel to campus infeasible, *USC Emergency Information* [*http://emergency.usc.edu/*](http://emergency.usc.edu/)will provide safety and other updates, including ways in which instruction will be continued by means of blackboard, teleconferencing, and other technology.

# Statement about Incompletes

The Grade of Incomplete (IN) can be assigned only if there is work not completed because of a documented illness or some other emergency occurring after the 12th week of the semester. Students must NOT assume that the instructor will agree to the grade of IN. Removal of the grade of IN must be instituted by the student and agreed to be the instructor and reported on the official “Incomplete Completion Form.”

# Policy on Late or Make-Up Work

Papers are due on the day and time specified. Extensions will be granted only for extenuating circumstances. If the paper is late without permission, the grade will be affected.

# Policy on Changes to the Syllabus and/or Course Requirements

It may be necessary to make some adjustments in the syllabus during the semester in order to respond to unforeseen or extenuating circumstances. Adjustments that are made will be communicated to students both verbally and in writing.

# Code of Ethics of the National Association of Social Workers (Optional)

*Approved by the 1996 NASW Delegate Assembly and revised by the 2008 NASW Delegate Assembly [http://www.socialworkers.org/pubs/Code/code.asp]*

## Preamble

The primary mission of the social work profession is to enhance human well­being and help meet the basic human needs of all people, with particular attention to the needs and empowerment of people who are vulnerable, oppressed, and living in poverty. A historic and defining feature of social work is the profession’s focus on individual well­being in a social context and the well­being of society. Fundamental to social work is attention to the environmental forces that create, contribute to, and address problems in living.

Social workers promote social justice and social change with and on behalf of clients. “Clients” is used inclusively to refer to individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities. Social workers are sensitive to cultural and ethnic diversity and strive to end discrimination, oppression, poverty, and other forms of social injustice. These activities may be in the form of direct practice, community organizing, supervision, consultation administration, advocacy, social and political action, policy development and implementation, education, and research and evaluation. Social workers seek to enhance the capacity of people to address their own needs. Social workers also seek to promote the responsiveness of organizations, communities, and other social institutions to individuals’ needs and social problems.

The mission of the social work profession is rooted in a set of core values. These core values, embraced by social workers throughout the profession’s history, are the foundation of social work’s unique purpose and perspective:

Service

Social justice

Dignity and worth of the person

Importance of human relationships

Integrity

Competence

This constellation of core values reflects what is unique to the social work profession. Core values, and the principles that flow from them, must be balanced within the context and complexity of the human experience.

# Complaints

If you have a complaint or concern about the course or the instructor, please discuss it first with the instructor. If you feel cannot discuss it with the instructor, contact the chair of the [xxx]. If you do not receive a satisfactory response or solution, contact your advisor and/or Vice Dean Dr. Paul Maiden for further guidance.

# Tips for Maximizing Your Learning Experience in this Course (Optional)

* Be mindful of getting proper nutrition, exercise, rest and sleep!
* Come to class.
* Complete required readings and assignments BEFORE coming to class.
* BEFORE coming to class, review the materials from the previous Unit AND the current Unit, AND scan the topics to be covered in the next Unit.
* Come to class prepared to ask any questions you might have.
* Participate in class discussions.
* AFTER you leave class, review the materials assigned for that Unit again, along with your notes from that Unit.
* If you don't understand something, ask questions! Ask questions in class, during office hours, and/or through email!
* Keep up with the assigned readings.

*Don’t procrastinate or postpone working on assignments.*