## GEOL 412 – Oceans, Climate & Environment – Spring 2013

Class Time: 2-3.25pm Tuesday and Thursday, Location ZHS 118

Instructor: Professor Sarah Feakins

**ZHS 223F** 

Email: feakins@usc.edu (preferred)

Tel: 213 740 7168

Office Hours: 3-4pm Friday, or by appointment

Text: Global Physical Climatology, by Dennis L. Hartmann, ISBN 0-12-328530-5, Academic

Press, London. Additional readings provided or accessible through USC libraries.

Recommended preparation: CHEM 105bL, MATH 126; PHYS 151L or PHYS 135abL. (not required)

Midterm Exam: Thursday, March 7<sup>th</sup>, 2-3.25pm ZHS 118 Final Exam: Thursday, May 9, 2-4 pm, ZHS 118

Grading: Assignments 20%; Midterm Exam 20%; Research Project 30%; Final Exam 30%

Units: 4

## **Course Objectives and Outcomes:**

This course is intended to provide a foundation for understanding the Earth's climate and ocean system, and is geared towards undergraduate majors and minors in Earth Sciences and Environmental Studies. Undergraduates from other disciplines and graduate students seeking a foundation in climate science are also welcome. We will learn about the fundamental properties of the ocean and atmosphere. We discover the key factors that control climate and how these have varied through time. We will explore approaches to climate, ocean and environmental science including an overview of modern observations and modeling and 'proxy' climate records that can extend our knowledge beyond the short instrumental period. We will learn about how the climate system works, and how it varies and consider how climatic and environmental variability influences societies in the past, present and future. You will develop your scientific skills though assignments building towards individual research projects.

#### **Topics:**

#### Week 1: Introduction to Climate and Ocean Science

Introduction to the climate system. The Atmosphere as an efficient communicator, the Ocean as a heat storage and transport mechanism. Overview of the course.

Reading: GPC chapter 1

## **Planetary Scale Energy Budgets**

Climate at the planetary scale. Solar emissions: Plank, Wien and Stephan Boltzman laws of blackbody radiation. Insolation received at the Earth. Temperature of emission of the Earth. Energy Budget of the Planet. Consideration of other planets in our solar system; discussion of other solar systems.

Reading: GPC 2.1-2.6 and 3.1-3.4 and 4.1, 4.4 (albedo)

## Week 2: Atmosphere – Greenhouse Gases

Climate at the planetary scale: Role of Greenhouse Gases. Principals of absorption and emission in gases. Temperature at the surface of the Earth. Planetary Energy Balance for a planet with an atmosphere. Construction of a 1D model of earth's climate considering a 1 layer atmosphere. Climate sensitivity to GHGs and their role in paleoclimate, future climate change.

Reading: GPC 2.5, 3.5, 3.8, Petit et al., 1999 Vostok GHG record.

## **Atmosphere – Latitudinal variations**

Insolations variations with latitude. Obliquity of the Earth's axis and seasonality. Latitudinal variations in energy budgets. Ocean and atmospheric heat transport. General circulation of the atmosphere, Trade Winds, ITCZ, Westerlies. Coriolis Effect. Reading: GPC 2.7-2.9, 4.7-4.9, 6.1, 6.3, 6.5

## Week 3: Atmosphere – Moisture in the Atmosphere

We start with watching a simulation of water vapor and precipitation during the course of the year for the planet, make and discuss observations. Then move onto a discussion of the fundamental rules governing moisture in the atmosphere: Claussius-Clapeyron Relation. Detection of moisture in the atmosphere (visible, IR). Moisture convection and lateral transport and latent heat flux.

Reading: GPC 3.9, 3.10, 3.12

## Atmosphere - Hydrological Cycle

Fundamentals of the global hydrological cycle, quantification of components, fluxes. Global and precipitation and evaporation patterns. Consideration of regional precipitation and potential evaporation seasonality and implications for water availability. Case study California's water: importance of the Sierran snowpack, climate change.

Reading: GPC 5, Californian climate change report handout.

## Week 4: Atmosphere – Monsoons

Seasonality, land-sea temperature contrasts, sea breezes, monsoons, ITCZ migration. Examples: Asian Monsoon and Societal issues; West African Monsoon; North American Monsoon; Why California has no monsoon. Santa Ana Winds as an example of an episodic reversal of prevailing winds.

<u>Reading:</u> GPC 6.5 (large scale circulation patterns relate to multiple lectures in weeks 3-6, including the Monsoons topic)

## **Atmosphere - Hurricanes**

Necessary conditions for hurricane formation. Limitations on modeling hurricanes: scale issues, hurricane genesis, hurricane size and strength, hurricane tracks. Consideration of what can and can't be well resolved in existing models. Model skill. Scope for improvement in seasonal predictions. Societal issues.

<u>Readings:</u> Emanuel, K., 2005, Increasing destructiveness of tropical cyclones over the past 30 years, Nature, doi:10.1038/nature03906. Tropical Storm Risk Seasonal projection issued December of preceding year for the upcoming summer storm season.

## Week 5: Atmosphere – Lapse Rate Games

Climate calculations using lapse rates, using simple graphing techniques with an emphasis on back of the envelope estimates, with discussions of the magnitude of uncertainties in various assumptions. Instability and stability in the atmosphere. Katabatic winds and polynyas, Antarctic Example. Temperature inversions, local scale Los Angeles and smog, large scale tropopoause examples. Orographic precipitation, Sierra Nevada example. Monsoon circulation, Indian example.

<u>Reading:</u> GPC 3.10, especially figures 3.16, 3.17 and 3.19 on lapse rates, GPC 6.5 (also listed for monsoons lecture)

**Student presentations:** Brief oral proposal of your independent study topic.

#### Week 6: Ocean – Surface Ocean Circulation

Major ocean currents, and features. Controls on ocean circulation: atmospheric circulation, Coriolis effect, boundary effects. Winds, wind drag and Ekman transport, direction and speed of ocean currents. Gyre circulation, boundary currents, ocean dynamic topography, geostrophic flow. Eddies. Gulf Stream, California Current, examples.

Reading: GPC 7.1, 7.4 and optional 7.5

## Ocean – Properties of Water

Dissolved solids, salinity units, means of measurement, differences in riverine inputs of freshwater between ocean basins, salinity as a conservative tracer of deep water masses. Temperature and potential temperature. Controls on density. Density stratification in the oceans. Dissolved gases and air-sea gas exchange. Reading: GPC 7.2

## Week 7: Ocean – Deep Ocean Circulation

T, S in the deep ocean, identification of major water masses. The Thermohaline circulation. Ocean circulation in the past <a href="Reading: GPC 7.6">Reading: GPC 7.6</a>, 7.8

#### Ocean - influence of ocean life on climate

Where is life, what is it doing? Carbon cycle, biological pump concepts. Satellite studies, in situ sediment traps, sedimentary records.

Week 8: Midterm exam

Week 9: Independent study projects

Week 10: Spring Break

## Week 11: Ocean – El Niňo Southern Oscillation ENSO

History of ENSO observations, ocean SST, SSTa, thermocline; SLP and Southern Oscillation, Bjerknes feedback and delayed oscillator, teleconnections and impacts, ENSO and paleoclimate.

Reading: GPC 7.4.3

## Forcings: Natural climate variability: Sunspots, Volcanoes

We consider 2 means of altering climate with different temporal characteristics. 1.The Sun and its variations in radiative fluxes through time: Sunspots, faculae, UV spectrum. 2. Volcanic aerosols, past reconstructions. Historical, satellite and proxy evidence for past variations and implications for climate.

Reading: GPC 11-11.4

## Week 12: Forcings: Anthropogenic climate change

Human induced climate changes, greenhouse gases, aerosols, climate feedbacks. Signs of climate change: temperature, ice and sea level.

Reading: GPC 12

## Forcings: Orbital pacing of climate change

History of scientific discovery of glacial interglacial cycles, oceanography and oxygen isotopes, variations in the Earth's orbit.

Reading: GPC 11.5-11.6

# **Week 13: Student Presentations:** *Powerpoint presentation of your independent study project with peer review*

# **Week 14 Student Presentations:** Powerpoint presentation of your independent study project with peer review

#### **Week 15:** Past Climate Change: Marine Proxies

Ocean sediments; geochemical approaches to reconstructing past conditions including oxygen isotopes, Mg/Ca, biomarkers; variations in deep sea and sea surface temperature, ice volume and other questions.

Reading: GPC 8

#### **Past Climate Change: Terrestrial Proxies**

Continental proxies and archives: tree rings, pollen, biomarkers, lake cores, ice cores, speleothems, geomorphology.

Reading: GPC 8

#### Week 16: Mechanisms 1: Climate sensitivity and feedback mechanisms

Forcings, non-linear responses, equilibrium states, positive and negative feedbacks.

Reading: GPC 9

#### **Mechanisms 2: Climate models**

Why do we need models? Testing cause and effect. Hierarchy of model type. How to use models to answer climate science questions. Example applications.

Reading: GPC 10

#### **5/2/11 Term Paper due (Last Class):** Submit written report on your independent study projects

## Final Exam: Thursday, May 9, 2-4 pm, ZHS 118

#### **Additional Information:**

**Grading:** Your grade is based upon assessment of numerical, graphical and written homework assignments, midterm and final examinations (cumulative) and your research project (assessed by the quality of both your oral and written presentations). Final grades are based upon the total calculated from: Assignments 20%; Midterm exam 20%; Research Project 30%; Final exam 30%.

Research projects: The USC Earth Science department considers that individual research projects are a valuable part of the education in our program: "These are effective learning tools that require students to apply what they have learned and synthesize a body of knowledge, without having a proscribed "correct" answer. They have been effective in inspiring some students to continue on to do directed research projects or acquire a part time job with faculty engaged in funded research projects." More broadly they allow you the skills to direct your own learning, which is very good preparation for graduate degree programs and more broadly offers lifelong benefits in terms of your personal fulfillment and career development.

**Examinations**: The midterm examination and the final exam will evaluate student comprehension of the lecture and readings (textbook and assigned readings); they will emphasize material covered in lecture. The final exam is cumulative. Exams will include calculations, diagrams, short and long answer questions and will emphasize comprehension of the concepts, rather than rote memorization.

**Missed Examinations**: If you have to miss an examination because of illness or an academic conflict, you must inform the Professor by email **in advance**, and provide documentation. Make-ups of examinations will, in general, NOT be permitted except for extraordinary circumstances (e.g., documentable conflicts with other USC-related commitments).

**Academic Integrity**: University policies on academic dishonesty are printed in SCAMPUS and SJACS, see <a href="http://www.usc.edu/student-affairs/SJACS">http://www.usc.edu/student-affairs/SJACS</a>. USC policies on academic dishonesty are strict and the minimum punishment is a "0" on the assignment. This is an upper level course in which we explicitly cover acknowledging and referencing sources. Copying and pasting answers from websites such as Wikipedia consitutes plagiarism - don't do it. Remember, learning is an active process!

**Disability Services:** Students requesting academic accommodations based on a disability are required to register with Disability Services and Programs (DSP) each semester. A letter of verification for approved accommodations can be obtained from DSP when adequate documentation is filed; *please be sure the letter is delivered to the professor as early in the semester as possible, and at least 2 weeks prior to the first midterm.* DSP is open Monday-Friday, 8:30-5:00. The office is in Student Union 301 and the phone number is (213) 740-0776.