THE UNIVERSITY OF SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA Marshall School of Business IOM 599 (16298) – Sustainable Supply Chains – Fall 2012

Time:	Wednesdays, 6:30-9:30 pm	Room:	HOH 301
Instructor:	Dr. Greys SOŠIĆ	Office:	Bridge Hall 401E
E-mail:	sosic@marshall.usc.edu	Telephone:	(213) 821-3632
Office hours:	Wednesday, 2:00-3:00 pm		
	Thursday, 2:00-3:00 pm		

COURSE SCOPE AND OBJECTIVES

Environmental issues and sustainability efforts can open many opportunities for businesses—product innovation can lead to first-mover advantage, environmental product differentiation can open new markets, green sourcing and waste reduction can reduce operating cost, etc. At the same time, they can present significant challenges—governments and communities are imposing higher standards on pollution, resource exploitation, etc.

This course aims to provide students with an understanding of the sustainability challenges and opportunities facing supply chains today. We will look at some of the factors that are contributing to the adoption of sustainability strategies, such as legislations that are penalizing negative environmental and social impacts, and society's expectations of business in terms of health, human rights, and the environment. The supply chains today cannot be concerned only with creating shareholder value; their performance is also measured in terms of social, environmental and economic impact. The main topics covered in the course are:

- Sustainability concepts and frameworks
- Sustainable design of products
- Closed-loop supply chains
- Supplier management
- Facilities management
- Renewable energy
- Facilities and locations decisions
- Transportation decisions
- Strategic sustainability implementation.

The class format includes lectures, case discussions, and movie clips.

COURSE MATERIALS

Required: *Course Reader* (CR) – Package of cases and readings available at USC bookstore. In the syllabus, a number such as CR#5 refers to 5th article in sequence in the course reader.

Handouts (HO): Handouts distributed in class or posted on the Blackboard.

Recommended:

- Cradle to Cradle: Remaking the Way We Make Things by W. McDonough, M. Braungart, Noth Point Press, 2002.
- *Reinventing Fire: Bold Business Solutions for the New Energy Era*, by A. Lovins, Chelsea Green Publishing, 2011.
- Screen to Gold: How Smart Companies Use Environmental Strategy to Innovate, Create Value,

and Build Competitive Advantage by D.C. Esty, A.S. Winston, Yale University Press, 2006.

- Earth, Inc.: Using Nature's Rules to Build Sustainable Profits, G. Unruh, HBP, 2010.
- The Ecology of Commerce: A Declaration of Sustainability by P. Hawken, Harper Paperbacks, 2010.
- ✤ Natural Capitalism by P. Hawken, A. Lovins, L.H. Lovins, Little, Brown and Company, 2008.
 ... and many others... You can also look at a number of journals, such as Science, Nature, Scientific American, etc.

COURSE POLICIES

This course is mostly qualitative and uses cases for discussion of issues and illustration of approaches. Active participation in class is important throughout the course. It implies that you should read the assigned material before the session, think about the discussion questions, and hopefully find additional relevant material to share with the class. To ensure everyone's participation, I may at times resort to cold calling.

You should arrive to classroom on time. If you have conflicting schedules that prevent you from that, please let me know at the beginning of the semester.

GRADING

Group case reports (2)	26%
Individual submissions (6 out of 8)	12%
Quiz	26%
Group project (1)	26%
Class participation	10%

GROUP CASE REPORTS

After the class roster is finalized, I will form the groups of 3-4 people. You will be working in these teams for the case write-ups. The cases are to be discussed within your team and you will submit (as a team) a written report. This Syllabus provides some suggested questions that you should address in your analysis. Each team is required to submit a report on two case studies (REI on week 4, and FedEx on week 5). Imagine that you, as a consultant, have to study an organization and to come up with an identification of main issues and a set of recommendations. Case write-ups should be at most 4 pages and single-spaced (11 or 12 point font), with appendices attached. The write-up should begin with an executive summary, about half page long, summarizing the most important problems and your recommendations. The rest of the report should be organized as follows:

- 1. Brief description of the company and its environment
- 2. *Brief* description of the problems and issues to be addressed (the questions in the syllabus related to the specific case should guide you in identifying those issues).
- 3. Recommendations and implementation plan.
- 4. Analysis that discusses why the recommendations will solve the problems identified.

You may choose to organize the report differently; however, please ensure that the above aspects are covered and the report is well organized with clear section headers. Please avoid repetition of case facts and long expositions. General solutions to specific problems will get you little credit. Consider what and why you believe are the most important factors. Creativity in analysis and suggestions that are grounded in case facts will be given high credit. Please state any assumptions made clearly.

INDIVIDUAL SUBMISSIONS

In addition to the cases for which you are required to submit group reports, we will be discussing other cases and articles. You should be prepared for class discussion, and this Syllabus provides some suggested questions that you should address. For the individual submissions, please prepare a short write-up (a Word document, one half to one page length, font 10-12, 1.5 spacing, typed) answering the question(s) listed on p. 6. **You need to submit 6 out of 8 possible submissions**. The objective of this short submission is to ensure that you prepare the case. For that reason, **no late submissions** will be accepted. You should submit your assignment through the Digital Dropbox **before** the class. As long as your answer shows that you have given sufficient thought to the analysis, you will get full credit.

ON-LINE SUBMISSIONS

All on-line submissions should be made through the Blackboard, Digital Dropbox option.

QUIZ

There will be one quiz, scheduled for week 6. If there are extenuating circumstances that prevent you from taking the quiz, you must discuss the reason with me <u>before</u> the time of the quiz. You will not be given a make-up quiz unless you obtain a permission from me in advance. In addition, you must be able to document the extenuating circumstance. If you miss the quiz due to a medical emergency that can be documented and verified, then a make-up quiz will be given. Otherwise, a grade of zero will be given for the missed quiz. Note that a make-up quiz cannot be taken before the actual quiz date!

GROUP PROJECT

The class will have a final project. You should form teams of 3-4 people to work on that project. Ideally, no more than 2 people from the same discipline should be in the same group. The deliverables of the project are a final report and in-class presentation. There is no restriction on report length, but it should otherwise follow the guidelines given for the case reports. The timeline for the final project is the following:

- Week 2 project teams formed and theme choices made (sent to me via e-mail)
- Week 4-5 schedule a meeting with me for discussion of you work
- ✤ Week 7 in-class presentation
- ✤ Week 8 final report due.

In your project, you should analyze a supply chain of a company, evaluate its sustainability efforts, and propose some ways for its improvements. In your analysis, you should address the following:

- 1. Briefly describe the company and its environment, and then describe the company's current environmental image.
- 2. Benchmark the company against its peers.
- 3. Discuss the impact that government regulation (e.g., carbon taxes/pricing, take-back legislation, etc.) have on its supply chain and the changes in its business strategies and operations. Your analysis could include facility location, distribution channels and networks, energy supply, manufacturing technology choices, material selection, recycling, supply network choices, etc.
- 4. If the company is exploiting natural resources that are (or soon will be) reaching critical levels, discuss the nature and the scope of its impact on said natural resources. If it is doing anything to remedy the situation, then discuss pros and cons of those strategies. In addition, propose at least two alternative (currently not used) approaches to help the depletion of resources, and discuss their benefits and potential obstacles to their implementation.

5. Otherwise, propose come ways in which the firm can improve its environmental image by looking at its supply chain. Discuss all benefits and drawbacks of your proposals and their implementation. Include the impact on the financial results, environment, and society. You should also address implementation challenges with various stakeholders and across the entire supply chain. It is better to propose one or two concrete and well supported suggestions than to give multiple general ideas with poor analysis.

Please document and support <u>all</u> your statements and suggestions with facts.

I would prefer no more than one group working on the same company, so you should make your choice fast in order to get your preferred firm.

GROUP ASSIGNMENT AND GROUP PROJECT EVALUATION

Team assignments provide a valuable learning experience – how to work effectively and efficiently in groups, learning from others, and honing your ability to communicate to others. Although your team's grade depends on each member's efforts, some students can be tempted to let others carry their load. In order to provide an incentive for all students to make maximum contributions to the study group, you will be asked to grade each team member's contributions for your group assignments and for the final project. Your group grades will be adjusted to obtain an individual grade based on feedback about performance provided by other members of the group (see the group assessment forms posted on the Blackboard). If you do not submit your group assessment form, it is assumed that you have assigned a rating of 100% to all your group members. The forms can be submitted in person or via email, but no later than Wednesday of Week 8.

CLASS PARTICIPATION

Class participation requires that you do the assigned readings, analyze the cases based on the questions given, and participate actively in class. I prefer substantive comments based on good analysis rather than brief, general comments that add little to the discussion and learning. If you are reluctant to talk in class but would like to show your preparation, please provide me with your analysis before class (Please send it through the Digital Dropbox). Be prepared to defend your suggestions or solutions!

GETTING HELP

If you have questions about any aspect of the course, you can always talk to me. If it is a quick question, you can contact me before or after the class, or during the break. If you need more time or privacy, you can come to my office hour. If you cannot make my office hours, you can contact me and we can arrange for an alternative time. The best way to reach me is by e-mail.

RETURN OF PAPERS

Graded paperwork that is unclaimed by a student will be discarded after 4 weeks. Students who miss class sessions when paperwork is returned are responsible for arranging for an appointment to retrieve the material. Disputes over graded material should be brought to my attention as soon as possible.

NOTICE ON ACADEMIC INTEGRITY

The use of unauthorized material, communication with fellow students during an examination, attempting to benefit from the work of another student, and similar behavior that defeats the intent of an examination or other class work is unacceptable to the University. It is often difficult to distinguish

between a culpable act and inadvertent behavior resulting from the nervous tensions accompanying examinations. Where a clear violation has occurred, however, the instructor may disqualify the student's work as unacceptable and assign a failing mark on the paper.

Academic dishonesty includes: (*Faculty Handbook*, 1994: 21-22):

- Examination behavior any use of external assistance during an examination shall be considered academically dishonest unless expressly permitted by the teacher.
- Fabrication any intentional falsification or invention of data or citation in an academic exercise will be considered a violation of academic integrity.
- Plagiarism the appropriation and subsequent passing off of another's ideas or words as one's own. If the words or ideas of another are used, acknowledgment of the original source must be made through recognized referencing practices.
- Other types of academic dishonesty submitting a paper written by or obtained from another, using a paper or essay in more than one class without the teacher's express permission, obtaining a copy of an examination in advance without the knowledge and consent of the teacher, changing academic records outside of normal procedures and/or petitions, using another person to complete homework assignments or takehome exams without the knowledge or consent of the teacher.

FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILILITIES

Any student requesting academic accommodations based on a disability is required to register with Disability Services and Programs (DSP) each semester. A letter of verification for approved accommodations can be obtained from DSP. Please be sure the letter is delivered to me as early in the semester as possible.

STATEMENT ON TECHNOLOGY USE

Please note that communication devices such as cell phones, Blackberries, iPhones, etc. capable of sending and or receiving electronic communication and all entertainment devices such as iPods or other MP3 players are to be turned off and kept off throughout the class session. Receiving or sending communication or entertainment during class disrupts the learning environment and is rude to those around you. If you use your laptop for note-taking purposes, Internet connections are prohibited unless otherwise stated by the professor.

Page 6

Course plan at a glance (tentative	Course	plan at	a glance	(tentative)
------------------------------------	--------	---------	----------	-------------

Week	Торіс	Readings	Cases	Submission
1	Introduction – What is	Green supply chains (CR#1)		
	Sustainability?	Don't tweak your supply chain (CR#2)		
	Sustainable supply chains			
2	Design for environment		Xerox (CR#3)	Short #1 – Xerox (q.2)
	Cradle-to-cradle		Happy Shrimp (CR#4)	Short #2 – Happy shrimp (q.4)
3	Supply management		Starbucks (CR#5)	Short #3 – Starbucks (q.2)
	End-of-life management		Allied Signal (CR#6)	Short #4 – Allied (q.2)
			Interface's ESA (CR#7)	Short #5 - Interface's ESA (q.1)
4	Renewable energy	Note on energy (CR#8)	REI (CR#9)	Group #1 – REI
	Facilities - Green building		Genzyme Center (CR#10)	Short #6 – Genzyme (q.3)
5	Facility location and	"Greening" transportation in the supply chain	FIJI (CR#12)	Short #7 – Fiji (q.2)
	transportation	(CR#11)	FedEx (CR#13)	Group #2 – FedEx
	Sustainable transportation			
6	Quiz		McDonald's (CR#14)	Short #8– McDonald's (q.2)
	Bringing it together			
7	Final Project Presentations			

Page 7

Detailed course plan

Week 1 Introduction--What is sustainability?; Sustainable supply chains

Readings:

- Green Supply Chains (UV #2048)
- Don't Tweak Your Supply Chain-Rethink It End to End (HBR #R1010C) Discussion Questions:
 - 1. Many supply chain managers see sustainability as a constraint; how might it be an opportunity?
 - 2. What are the benefits for a supply chain of being environmentally responsible?
 - 3. What challenges in implementing environmental policies are supply chains facing?

Week 2 Design for environment; Cradle to cradle

Readings:

- Xerox: Design for Environment (HBS #9-749-022) Discussion Questions:
 - 1. How did Xerox reach the objective of "0% product waste and 0% process waste by 1997"? Is this an appropriate goal?
 - 2. What must Xerox do to its product delivery system if the goal is to be achieved? What changes will Xerox have to make in goals and incentives to achieve this?
 - 3. Without legislation, will this ever pay off for Xerox? Will it, in fact, be possible for Xerox to achieve?
 - 4. Should Xerox price re-manufactured products at a discount?
- The Happy Shrimp Farm: Social Responsibility & Multiple Stakeholders (IMD case # IMD350) <u>Discussion Questions:</u>
 - 1. How should Greiner and Curtessi build sustainable barriers to entry into the business? What combination of brand, technology and partnerships would work best for them?
 - 2. Will the current ownership and governance structure of the Happy Shrimp Farm be able to sustain global growth? What changes/improvements would you suggest?
 - 3. How could Greiner and Curtessi grow the business sustainably, while maintaining a majority of the shares and keeping their local stakeholders happy? Should they consider licensing their know how to others?
 - 4. What would competition for waste energy do to the cost economics of the projects? Clearly, others were starting to become interested in capturing residual heat, with projects such as residential heating and aquarium fish breeding, for example.

Week 3 Supply management ; End-of-life management

Readings:

- Starbucks Corporation: Building a Sustainable Supply Chain (Stanford case #GS-54) Discussion Questions:
 - 1. What are the main issues that Starbucks faced with its supply base in 2005? How did it approach this problem?
 - 2. What are the main benefits from C.A.F.E. for Starbucks? For its suppliers?
 - 3. What are the main challenges in implementation of C.A.F.E.?

- Allied Signal: Managing the Hazardous Waste Liability Risk (HBS #9-793-044) Discussion Questions:
 - 1. How have the government's hazardous waste regulations affected Allied Signal?
 - 2. Does Allied Signal's hazardous waste management strategy make sense? Why or why not?
 - 3. What organizational capabilities are necessary to implement such a strategy?
 - 4. Going forward through the mid-1990's, should Callahan recommend any changes to this system?
- Interface's Evergreen Services Agreement (HBS #9-603-112) Discussion Questions:
 - 1. What is the environmental (waste reduction) argument for servicizing?
 - 2. Should Interface move into service? Are they ready for it?
 - 3. What does Evergreen Services Agreement offer? Why are negotiations braking down?
 - 4. How should Hendrix resolve this dilemma? Should he discontinue ESA? Restructure it?

Week 4 Renewable energy; Facilities - Green building

Readings:

- *Note on energy* (Stanford case #E-302)
- *REI's Solar Energy Program* (Stanford case # BE17) <u>Discussion Questions:</u>
 - 1. Do you agree with the analytical approach taken by REI in evaluating Phase 2 solar installations? Refer to Exhibit 5 and the spreadsheet shown in Exhibit 6.
 - 2. Which economic assumptions are the most crucial in REI's financial assessment of potential new solar installations?
 - 3. If you disagree with parts of REI's approach as embodied in the spreadsheet in Exhibit 6, submit a modified IRR calculation that incorporates your recommended changes (If you agree with all parts of REI's approach, provide clear justifications for each part.) Perform this analysis for a store in California. Use marginal tax rates of 35% for federal and 8.8% for state. For depreciation in California, use a 200% declining balance method over 12 years (with straight line for the last 6 years. The percentage depreciation for years 1-6 is: 16.67, 13.89, 11.57, 9.65, 8.04, and 6.70. Depreciation for years 7-12 is 5.58% per year).
- *Genzyme Center (A)* (HBS #9-610-008)

Discussion Questions:

- 1. If you were a major stakeholder at Genzyme, what would you think of Genzyme's interest in green building?
- 2. If you were Rick Mattilla, would you recommend that Genzyme make the additional investments required to enable Genzyme Center to achieve LEED Platinum status? Why or why not?
- 3. If Genzyme decided to make the investment to achieve LEED Platinum status, what decision criteria should guide the decision of which features to select? Based on these criteria, which green features would you chose?
- 4. Looking ahead to other building projects, what green building policy should Genzyme adopt? Should the policy differ for offices, labs, and manufacturing sites? Should the company adopt the same policy globally?

Case study report on REI due at the beginning of class

Week 5 Facility location and transportation; Sustainable transportation;

Readings:

- *"Greening" transportation in supply chains* (Sloan Management Review #SMR338)
- *FIJI Water : Carbon Negative?* (HBS #9-611-049) <u>Discussion Questions:</u>
 - 1. When the Resnicks acquired FIJI water in 2005, the bottled water industry was very crowded. Yet, FIJI water soon became the bestselling imported bottled water in the United States. What accounts for FIJI Water's success?
 - 2. What is greenwashing, and why do companies engage in greenwashing? How do you know when a claim is greenwashing?
 - 3. In light of the lawsuit, what should FIJI Water do? Should it amend its carbon negative strategy?
 - 4. Suppose FIJI Water hired you to develop a negotiation strategy to use with the Fijian government. What strategy would you recommend?
- *FedEx and Environmental Defense: Building a Hybrid Delivery Fleet* (Stanford case # SI82) <u>Discussion Questions:</u>
 - 1. The Toyota Prius and Honda Insight were introduced in the late 90's. Why was there no hybrid delivery truck on the market when ED approached FedEx in 2000? In general, why might a firm overlook an opportunity to simultaneously increase its profit and provide public environmental benefits?
 - 2. What performance measures should ED use to define success? What should Eaton use? What should FedEx use?
 - 3. Compute the maximum price FedEx should be willing to pay for a hybrid delivery truck. Should FedEx contract with hybrid suppliers? If so, how? If not, why?
 - 4. How should FedEx modify its strategy and operations to fully benefit from the conversion to a hybrid fleet?

Case study report on FedEx due at the beginning of class

Week 6 Test; Bringing it together

Readings:

- *McDonald's Corporation: Managing a Sustainable Supply Chain* (HBS #9-907-414) <u>Discussion Questions:</u>
 - 1. How should McDonald's prioritize sustainability relative to the other supply chain goals (e.g., ensuring food safety and minimizing costs)? How well is its supply chain sustainability vision aligned with its business strategy?
 - 2. How should McDonald's reconcile different sustainability expectations and priorities around the world with the understanding that local practices sometimes impact the global brand?
 - 3. How should McDonald's engage suppliers, activists, and other stakeholders in its sustainable supply chain efforts?
 - 4. How is sustainability affected by the consolidation occurring in the food industry and the longer-term relationships sought by the participants throughout the supply chain?

Week 7 Final project presentations