Linguistics 412
Language and the Law
Fall 2017

Time: Tuesdays and Thursdays, 12:30 – 1:50 pm

Place: KAP 137

Instructor: Prof. Sandra Ferrari Disner
GFS 301d
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Office hours: TBA

Course description: Language is the attorney’s primary tool in activities such as arguing a case, drawing up a contract, or defending a trademark.

Attorneys typically pride themselves upon the precision and clarity with which they use language. Yet ambiguities abound in legal documents. (Someone accused of “knowingly selling a prohibited substance to a minor” may, for example, insist that the adverb ‘knowingly’ only refers to the illegality of the substance, not to the age of the purchaser.) The clever use of conversational implicatures can be misleading (e.g., the use of 'could' promises nothing). Studies have revealed that jurors do not always understand fully the instructions given to them by judges, and that most defendants do not know how to properly invoke their Miranda rights. And the Plain English Movement, which seeks to make legal documents understandable and accessible to all, has encountered resistance from attorneys who are concerned about – of all things – precision and clarity. An interdisciplinary approach can shed considerable light on the complexities of legal language in real-life settings. The principles of linguistics, psychology, and sociology are able to provide insights into the differences between legal language and ordinary language in referring to the same concept. They can point out all the promises implied, but never actually specified, in a contract. They can determine whether jury instructions are within the grasp of the typical juror. They can even justify the use of a sentence such as, "It depends on what the meaning of the word 'is' is."

All of the concepts and methodology needed to analyze the legal language under discussion will be taught early on in class. There are no prerequisites for this course.

Grades will be based on homework assignments (supplemented by occasional in-class quiz questions), a midterm exam, attendance, and a final project.

Course objectives:
• Demonstrate the ability to critically analyze legal discourse, including threats, warnings, and promises.
• Relate characteristics of legal language to their historical origins and contemporary functions.
• Evaluate the proposed “Plain Language” reforms, and their likelihood of adoption.
• Distinguish various types of ambiguity: lexical, syntactic, referential.
• Demonstrate an understanding of language-based infractions, including false
  advertising and plagiarism, as well as the role of the forensic linguist in legal matters
  such as perjury, trademark infringement, bribery, and threats.

Textbooks:
Legal Language, by Peter M. Tiersma (Chicago 2000), and
Ling 412 Course Reader (published and sold by USC Bookstore)

Copies will be available on loan in Leavey Library.
These texts will be supplemented by articles posted on Blackboard or available electronically at
http://www.usc.edu/libraries.

Grade components:
1. Attendance and class participation (10% of final grade). In a class of this sort, timely
   attendance and active participation are important. Attendance patterns will be monitored with
   brief questions on the reading topics at the very beginning of certain classes. And lively
   participation and thoughtful questions throughout the semester will have a strongly positive
   effect. Advance notification is required for any planned absences.
2. Homework assignments (30% of grade) A week will be allowed for most assignments.
   Points will be deducted for late submission without a valid and documented reason, such as
   illness. But the lowest homework score will be omitted from the semester average.
3. Midterm quiz (25% of grade) This will probe some specific legal and linguistic topics that
   will underlie subsequent inquiries in this course.
4. Final project, minimum 10 pages, and an oral preview presented during the last week of class
   (35% of grade)

Academic integrity:
Students are expected to uphold the USC Student Conduct Code (http://web-
app.usc.edu/scampus/university-student-conduct-code/). Violations of the code (see http://web-
app.usc.edu/scampus/1100-behavior-violating-university-standards-and-appropriate-sanctions/)
harms every student in the class. Any student who is found cheating on an exam or homework, or who
facilitates cheating by another student, will receive no credit for that work. Further action will also
be taken if necessary.

Students with disabilities:
Students needing special accommodations (e.g., longer exam time) due to a physical or learning
disability should contact the instructor as early in the semester as possible, and should also contact
Disability Services and Programs (DSP). See their webpage at
http://sait.usc.edu/academicsupport/centerprograms/dsp/home_index.html

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Tentative Course Schedule:

August 22: Course introduction.
August 24, 29: Invocation of Miranda rights.
Read article in Course Reader by Janet Ainsworth: "You have the right to remain silent …’ but only if you ask for it just so". *International Journal of Speech, Language and the Law* 15.1, 2008, pp. 1-21.
Also an excerpt from Richard Rogers, et al. (2010), "Everyone knows their Miranda Rights" *Psychology, Public Policy, and Law* 16.3, pp. 303–305 only.

August 31: Alternatives to Miranda

September 5: The linguistics of silence.
Read article in Course Reader by Janet Ainsworth: "The meaning of silence in the right to remain silent". From *Oxford Handbook of Language and Law*, pp. 287-298.

September 7: Consenting to a search.
Read excerpt posted on Blackboard from an article by Peter Tiersma and Lawrence Solan, "Cops and robbers". *Law & Society Review* 38(4), 2004. Pages 229-239

September 12: The interpretation and meaning of legal terms.
Read Tiersma, chapters 6 and 7, and excerpts (on Blackboard) from Rogers et al., 2007.

September 14: Courtroom practices. Guest speaker: William Weiss, Esq., Chief Public Defender (ret.), Los Angeles County Courthouse, Van Nuys

September 19: Questions on the witness stand.
Read Tiersma, chapter 10.

September 21: Conversational implicatures.
Excerpts from Grice (1975), Austin (1962), and Davis & Leo (2012) posted on Blackboard.

September 26: First encounters with witnesses and suspects
Read article in Course Reader by Malcolm Coulthard: "Invented and concealed dialogue in written records produced by the police". From *Language in the Legal Process*, pp. 19-34.

September 28: Courtroom discourse
Read pages from Shipman trial transcript, posted on Blackboard.
Also http://www.dailymotion.com/video/xjl0_vicky-pollard-courtroom_fun

October 3 and 5: The Rape Trial
Read article in Course Reader by Conley & O’Barr, “The Revictimization of Rape Victims”. From *Just Words* pp. 15-38.
Also read article by Martha Burt, "Cultural myths and supports for rape" *Journal of Personality and Social Psychology*, 38.2, 1980, pp. 217-230

October 10 and 12: The Nature of Legal Language
Read Tiersma, chapters 2 and 4 (“Talking like a lawyer”)

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<td>Midterm exam</td>
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October 19 and 24: The intelligibility of jury instructions.  
Guest speaker: Professor Ellen Leggett, USC Dept. of Psychology  
Read Lieberman and Sales, "What social science teaches us about the jury instruction process"  
_Psychology, Public Policy, and Law_, 3(4), Dec 1997, 589-644;  
also, "Making Jury Instructions Understandable" [in Course Reader]  
http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=oM6nwGPKX2Q

October 26: The Plain Language Movement  

October 31: Impenetrability of legal language  
Read Tiersma, chapters 12 and 13, and excerpts from Cliff Goddard (1996), “Can linguists help judges know what they mean?”.  
In _Forensic Linguistics_ 3:2.

November 2, 7: Ambiguity  
Guest speaker: Saurov Syed, Ph.D., USC Department of Linguistics  
Read excerpts posted on Blackboard from Lawrence Solan, “Vagueness and Ambiguity in Legal Interpretation”, and also excerpts from Ralf Poscher, “Ambiguity and Vagueness in Legal Interpretation” in the _Oxford Handbook of Language and Law_.

November 9: The value of precision  
Guest speaker: Gerold W. Libby, Esq., Zuber, Lawler & DelDuca, LLP, Los Angeles

November 14: The Canons of Construction

November 16: Introduction to forensic linguistics: speaker identification and authorship.  
Discussion of possible topics for the written final project, due in December.  

November 21: Defamation  
Guest speaker: Prof. Edward Finegan, Director, USC Center for Excellence in Teaching.

November 23: [Thanksgiving Day, no class]

November 28 and 30: Previews of final projects to be presented in class, and course summary.

On or before December 12, 11 am – 1 pm: Written final projects to be submitted in hardcopy.