USC Viterbi School of Engineering

# **Course Announcement**

# EE 566: Optical Information Processing Spring Semester 2013

This course covers the analysis, synthesis, and application of systems that use coherent or incoherent light.

# **Topics include:**

- Scalar diffraction theory
- Diffraction from planar objects; light propagation (exact and approximate)
- Coherent and incoherent light (mathematical and physical descriptions)
- Imaging systems (including diffraction effects; incoherent and coherent systems)
- Optical Fourier transforming systems
- Introduction to information processing and computing systems using optics
- Introduction to holography

# Sample applications will be selected from these and other topics, and will depend on student interest:

- Computing, including optical memory and interconnections
- Biomedical, including optical coherence tomography for 3-D imaging of human tissue
- Optical metamaterials, negative index of refraction, and superlenses
- 2-D and 3-D displays
- Optical imaging and sensing using compressive sampling
- Noninvasive testing and measurement
- Diffractive optical concentrators for solar cells

Prerequisite:	EE 401 or equivalent knowledge of Fourier transforms and linear systems
Time & Location:	Monday and Wednesday 12:30 - 1:50 PM, OHE 100B; and DEN locations.
Text:	Joseph W. Goodman, Introduction to Fourier Optics, Third Ed. (Roberts and Co., Englewood, Colorado, 2005)
Instructor:	Prof. B. Keith Jenkins, EEB 404A, jenkins@sipi.usc.edu, (213) 740-4149



Class days and time:MW 12:30 - 1:50 PM PTClass location:OHE 100B

#### **Course prerequisites**

**Required:** Knowledge of signals, linear systems, and Fourier transforms at the level of EE 301 or EE 401. Graduate standing in engineering or physics.

**Relevant but not required:** Familiarity with basic electromagnetics.

#### Course text (required)

Joseph W. Goodman, *Introduction to Fourier Optics*, Third Edition (Roberts & Company, Englewood, Colorado, 2005)

#### **Course Materials (daily lecture notes, handouts, and homeworks)**

These materials will be available for downloading from the web. (For daily lecture notes, allow 24 hours after each class for posting.) The web site for EE 401 materials is reachable from the main DEN page:

http://mapp.usc.edu/distanceeducation/

You will need a DEN account, which is automatically set up for you if you are registered for this class. You will need Adobe Acrobat Reader to view the files.

#### **Course Contact Information**

TBA

Instructor:	Prof. B. K. Jenkins
Office:	EEB 404A
Phone:	213-740-4149
Fax:	213-740-6618
Email:	jenkins@sipi.usc.edu [Please include "EE 566" in the subject line]
Office hours:	Tuesday and Thursday 3:00 – 4:30 PM

**Grader.:** Office: Phone: Fax: Email:

# Grading\*

Homework	[approximately 1 per week, mostly to be solved with pen and	
	paper; some optional problems may use applets (to be provided) or	
	a small amount of coding)]	20%
Midterm	(TBA; most likely Mon. 3/4/2013 or Wed. 3/11/2013 ,	
	12:30 – 1:50 PM PDT)	40%
Final exam	(Friday, May 10, 2013, 11:00 AM – 1:00 PM PDT)	40%

\*Grading weights may be changed slightly; to be decided near the beginning of the semester.

### **Policy on Academic Integrity**

All students are expected to abide by the USC student conduct code, as well as apply common sense as to what behavior is reasonable and fair to other students. Violations will be dealt with in accordance with university guidelines.

In this class, collaboration on techniques for solving homework assignment problems is allowed, and can be helpful; however, each student is expected to work out, code, and write up his or her own solution. Use of solutions from anyone else or any other source, before the assigned homework is turned in, is not permitted. Of course, collaboration on exams is not permitted.

More information on academic integrity can be found in the Scampus, including these links:

http://web-app.usc.edu/scampus/university-student-conduct-code/ http://web-app.usc.edu/scampus/1100-behavior-violating-university-standards-andappropriate-sanctions/

- EE 566
- 1. Course introduction
  - Course logistics and requirements
  - Overview of course material and applications
- 2. Background material and review
  - Delta functions
  - Linear systems
  - Fourier transforms (2-D)
  - Space-bandwidth product and local spatial frequency
- 3. Scalar diffraction theory and wavefront propagation
  - Preliminaries (representation, scalar diffraction theory assumptions)
  - Wave and Helmholtz equations
  - Formulation of optical waves
  - Diffraction formulas (Monochromatic and nonmonochromatic cases; time and frequency domains)
  - Angular spectrum of plane waves interpretation (Spatial-frequency domain)
  - \*Evanescent waves and negative index materials (metamaterials)
- 4. Approximations to diffraction formulas
  - Rayleigh-Sommerfeld formula; initial approximations
  - Fresnel
  - Fraunhofer (far-field, paraxial)
  - \*Far-field, large angle
  - Regions of validity
  - Limited spatial frequency
  - Examples 1: absorption and phase gratings; diffraction efficiency
  - \*Examples 2: diffractive optical elements computer designed to synthesize arbitrary diffraction patterns
- 5. Optical Fourier transforming and imaging using thin-lens systems
  - => Assume monochromatic illumination
  - Thin lenses
  - Fourier transforming
  - Imaging
  - \*Research example: superlenses to exceed the diffraction limit
  - General optical system analysis

- 6. Coherence
  - Spatial and temporal coherence
  - Coherent and incoherent illumination
  - \*Biomedical application example: Optical coherence tomography for 3-D imaging
- 7. Analysis of optical imaging systems
  - Frequency-domain analysis of generalized imaging systems
  - Coherent illumination
  - Incoherent illumination
  - \*Application example: diffraction effects in the eye
- 8. Information processing: optical/photonic devices and systems
  - \*Wavefront modulation (fixed materials, real-time devices, diffractive optical elements)
  - \*Early information processing work
  - \*Incoherent processing systems
  - \*Incoherent processing application: compressive sensing of images
  - Coherent processing systems (including frequency domain processing)
  - \*Application examples: Optics in computing systems memory and interconnections
- 9. Introduction to holography
  - Wavefront recording and reconstruction
  - Planar holography
  - \*Application example: noninvasive evaluation of surface topography
  - \*Computer-generated holography
  - \*Volume holography
  - \*Application example: diffractive optical concentrators for solar cells
- 10. \*Other topics and applications of interest

Notes:

\*Degree of inclusion and emphasis of indicated topics will depend on class interest and available time.

- 1. Optics and diffraction effects in the eye
  - What is actually incident on the retina
  - Effects of coherence, pupil size and shape
- 2. Signal processing and computing
  - Special-purpose parallel signal processing
  - Optical interconnections
    - Board-to-board interconnect in computers
    - Chip-to-chip interconnections in high-performance multichip modules
  - Large-scale artificial neural network processing
  - Quantum computing and communication
- 3. Optical memory
  - Optical disk: CD, DVD
  - 3-D holographic memory
- 4. Optical metamaterials
  - Index of refraction n < 1 and n < 0
  - Superlenses
  - Cloaking devices
- 5. Biomedical applications
  - Optical coherence tomography
    3-D imaging of human tissue
  - Infrared optical techniques for brain imaging
  - Optical tweezers for control of tiny particles in fluids
  - Probing of micro-array-experiment data
- 6. Displays
  - 3-D displays based on integral imaging
  - True 3-D displays based on holography
  - True 3-D displays based on filled volume techniques
  - Head-mounted displays for virtual reality and augmented reality

- 7. Diffractive optical components and systems
  - Diffractive optical elements (DOE's) for generation of arbitrary output intensity or phase patterns
  - Holographic optical elements for generation of arbitrary point-spread functions
  - Examples
    - CD or DVD pickup heads
    - Diffractive optical concentrators for solar cells
    - Free-space or substrate-mode optical interconnections
- 8. Smart cameras using photonic multichip modules
  - Vision in robots
  - Autonomous smart cameras
    - For autonomous visual recognition in adverse environments
  - Head-mounted smart cameras
    - For location and recognition of objects for augmenting or annotating a real scene
- 9. Non-invasive inspection, test, and measurement
  - Holographic-interferometric measurement of distances and surface shape variations
  - Inspection of integrated circuits after fabrication
  - Measurement of surface warping due to stress and strain
    - Mechanical systems in automobiles and aircraft
    - Optimize strength, durability, weight
  - Test of VLSI circuit function using optical access (input and output of test signals)
- 10. Optical imaging and sensing using compressive sampling
  - High quality image acquisition using a lot fewer sampling pixels
  - Remove human from loop (acquired images fed directly to subsequent processing stages)